
THE LITTLE FELLOWS
STOCKS
STOCKS
STOCKS
STOCKS
STOCKS
STOCKS
STOCKS
IT'S ALWAYS GOOD PICKING AFTER A BEAR RAID
THE BIG FELLOWS

TO BE FILED BY COLLECTOR

List No.....

.....District of.....

Date received.....

FORM 1040

INCOME TAX

THE PENALTY
FOR FAILURE TO HAVE THIS RETURN IN THE HANDS OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 IS $20 TO $1,000
(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON PAGE 4.)

TO BE FILLED IN BY MUNICIPAL COUNTY CLERK

File No.....

Assessment List.....

Page..... Line.....

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

RETURN OF ANNUAL NET INCOME OF INDIVIDUALS.

(As provided by Act of Congress, approved October 3, 1913.)

RETURN OF NET INCOME RECEIVED OR ACCRUED DURING THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 191....
(FOR THE YEAR 1913, FROM MARCH 1 TO DECEMBER 31.)

Filed by (or for) ..... (Full name of individual) of ..... (Street and No.)

in the City, Town, or Post Office of ..... State of .....
(Fill in page 2 and 3 before making entries below.)

1. Gross Income (see page 2, line 11) ..... $

2. General Deductions (see page 2, line 7) ..... $

3. Net Income ..... $

Deductions and exemptions allowed in computing income subject to the normal tax of 1 percent.

4. Dividends and net earnings received or accrued, of corporations, etc. subject to like tax. (See page 2, line 11) ..... $

5. Amount of income on which the normal tax has been deducted and withheld at the source. (See page 2, line 9, column A) ..

6. Specific exemptions of $3,000 or $4,000, as the case may be. (See Instructions 3 and 19) .....

Total deductions and exemptions. (Items 4,5 and 6)..... $

7. TAXABLE INCOME on which the normal tax of 1 per cent is to be calculated (See Instruction 3). $

8. When the net income shown above on line 3 exceeds $20,000, the additional tax thereon must be calculated as per schedule below:

	INCOME	TAX
1 per cent on amount over $20,000 and not exceeding $50,000	$	$
2 " " $50,000 " " $75,000		
3 " " $75,000 " " $100,000		
4 " " $100,000 " " $250,000		
5 " " $250,000 " " $500,000		
6 " " $500,000		
Total additional or super tax		$
Total normal tax (1 per cent of amount entered on line 7)		
Total tax liability		

A copy of the first income tax return in 1913- a gift to the American people - from the international bankers, through their sponsored puppet President Wilson.

The Greatest $tory Never Told

Winston Churchill and the Crash of 1929

By Pat Riott

Dedicated to ...

Millions of men and women who have valiantly fought and died for our country. No number thanks can ever repay them for their ultimate sacrifice…

Our founding fathers whose incredible vision and foresight gave us our Constitution - America's last vestige of hope against the planned global tyranny of the international elite…

The starving innocent American children who were so hungry they chewed on their own hands, while godless men, who lived a life of luxury, ordered tons of precious food destroyed -- incinerated millions of oranges and other citrus with gasoline in California and elsewhere…

My fellow patriots - millions of you - the trumpet has been sounded. Do not give up your effort for truth and justice. Just as the darkness of night is melted away by the brilliant rays of morning, so will the truth soon rise on the horizon for all to see. With light, there is never darkness – without it – darkness only offers the empty abyss from which it emanates…

My children and yours…

Pat Riott

GOD will light our way, on our march to Truth and victory. United we will prevail!

“Blessed are they who hunger and thirst for righteousness, for they will be satisfied. “

Matthew 5:6

Contents

	A Message from Phillop Dru III	1
I.	Cecil Rhodes – A Blueprint and Its Architect Exposed	3
II.	Blackmailed – America Loses Her Financial Freedom	15
III.	Getting to Know You – A Quick Review	27
IV.	Crash of 1929 – Liesm Lies, More Lies, and Damn Lies	33
V.	Return of the Vampire	107
	The 59 Men Who Rule the U.S	120.
	Where do We Go From Here?	123
	Market Statistics	124
	Bibliography	127
	Banking Facts	

"The farther backward you can look, the farther forward you can see."

Winston Churchill

Citizens of the United States of America,

Over 80 years ago, a creature was created, not by GOD, but instead a product of the despotic imaginations and beliefs of foreign agents who had successfully infiltrated the top echelons of government in the United States. They named him Philip Dru; I am his grandson. These agents sought to pillage America, her people, and vast resources for their own insatiable appetite.

In horror, I watched as entire nations have been laid waste by their evil trinity: love of money, greed, and power. I watched as grandfather and his associates attempted to indoctrinate my father into their sorcery. He rebelled and, like others, paid the price.

I have witnessed the heirs to this cabal snicker behind your backs. Today you are drowning in the ocean of lies they have created around you. They own and control the vast array of broadcast and print media that perpetuate their falsehoods.

This book describes one of their most hideous actions and best-kept secrets. For too long it has been chained in the Ezra Pound dungeon where all Truth is now imprisoned. I have visited that place; a tremendous backlog exists there to process the long line of new inmates that will be held captive in that subterranean hellhole where light was forever extinguished the hour its final capstone was set in place.

With the mighty power of a pen, one truth has been released for all to see. One prisoner has been freed. With great efforts that all of you must diligently pursue, many others will follow. The trumpet has been sounded. Fate's bow and quiver are stretched and focused on his target. Your country has been stolen from you. If you do not take it back soon, there will be no country left to recover.

The Achilles' heel of their conspiracy is the central banking system, known in the U.S. as the Federal Reserve. Forget any other mindless cause; I know what I'm talking about. These forces maintain their power

through one of their gods - money. They use it as a tool to control and consolidate their power base. America's most serious crises of war and depression followed the creation of THEIR Federal Reserve.

I have forsaken my family name and taken up your noble cause. I offer assistance and insight, for if the truth is not revealed, soon all of the freedoms casually taken for granted, those for which your forefathers spilled their blood, will soon perish - overnight!

Elected servants - you swore a solemn oath - you placed your hand on the Word of GOD to uphold the Constitution. Stop trampling upon the honest men and women who blindly put their faith in you. Remove your hand from the Word of GOD if you do not intend to abide by the covenant you make with them! Who among you has honor? Stand atop the rooftops and shout the Truth - be cowards no more - millions of Americans will join together and stand shoulder-to-shoulder with you on that day.

With GOD, victory is imminent - you can once again reclaim what is rightfully yours and return to the prosperity this country was endowed with.

Phillip Dru III

Chapter I

Cecil Rhodes

I contend that we are the first race in the world, and that the more of the world we inhabit, the better it is for the human race...Added to which the absorption of the greater portion of the world under our rule simply means the end of all wars.

Cecil Rhodes

A Blueprint and Its Architect Exposed

For a long time now we've all been hearing whispers in the media about citizens being or who have been indoctrinated into the beliefs of the new world order with educational assistance via the Rhode's Scholarships. These individuals are commonly referred to as "Rhodes Scholars".

Perhaps now is the time to shed some light about the shadow figure who from his grave, has helped finance and transform our world in more ways than the vast majority of Americans realize.

With the election of Rhodes Scholar, Bill Clinton, to the White House in 1992, it is important Americans learn more about this man who seems to have captivated the minds and imaginations of politicians and industrialists worldwide and left them spellbound.

The truth about Cecil Rhodes is startling. This book is not intended to be a biography of Cecil Rhodes. Several very good biographies exist and can be found in your library and bookstores.

FACTS: Interesting threads that weave their way into current world politics.

i. Winston Churchill and Cecil Rhodes were dear friends with shared beliefs••

2. Churchill's son Randolph was educated at Oxford, home of the Rhodes Scholanhip.

3. Churchill's son married Pamela Darby, now known as Ambassador Pamela Churchill Harriman. She is the newly appointed Ambassador to France, given that prestigious position by her old friend and admirer President Clinton. Although the marriage to Randolph was short, her friendship with Winston Churchill ended only after his death.

4. President Clinton is himself a Rhodes Scholar. Ambassador Harriman told Barbara Walten during a November 1993 interview that she admires Bill Clinton, second only to her deceased one-time father-in-law, Winston Churchill.

5. In 1979 Ross Perot received the Winston Churchill award which was presented to him by Prince Charles in Dallas. Perot claims that Winston Churchill has always been his hero. Perot is one of only 4 individuals to receive the award - Averell Harriman, Margaret Thatcher, and Ronald Reagan.

Perot's wife, Margot, whom we seldom hear much about, is a descendent of a long line of Englishmen - the Birmingham's. Her maiden name was Gertrude Margot Birmingham, daughter of a wealthy banker from Pittsburgh named Donald C.W. Birmingham and his wife Gertrude (Price) Birmingham.

During and after his campaign, Perot liked to play on words, stating that you could join his United We Stand organization as a R-O-A-D Scholar for $15. Great joke, Ross!

Perot has been quoted many times as saying, "I'm not a legend, I'm a myth."

Perhaps he's not joking when he says it! His rags-to-riches $1,000 to multi-bllllon-dollar overnight success story makes for great copy, but many holes remain.

Connections of current leaders all point back to Rhodes and Churchill.

Beware of false prophets who come to you in sheep's clothing, but underneath are ravenous wolves.

Matthew 7:15

Though long gone, the beliefs carried forth by Rhodes and Churchill have now been passed on to officials in the American and British governments.

The following paragraphs will shed some light on the person the aforementioned admire a great deal. After reading it you'll probably be as perplexed as I was when I first made the connection.

Cecil Rhodes was born in 1853. He moved from England to Africa in 1872 to assist his brothers development of a cotton plantation. When

his brother lost interest in the cotton plantation Cecil was left behind to manage it. Although he was fascinated by the business of cotton, the business floundered. Cecil left the world of cotton to join his brother in what became one of the worlds most bizarre chain of events.

Cecil's brother's ambition had turned to diamond mining. Soon Cecil was on his way to amassing a fortune that few of this world could ever dream of. By 1872 Cecil was earning 5,000 pounds annually, a very handsome sum for the time. Cecil also had ambitions of higher education. In 1873 Cecil returned to England with the diamond business being managed by, Charles Rudd, his trusted partner. It was at Oxford that the path of Cecil Rhodes, the pupil, and John Ruskin, the English author and philosopher crossed.

Ruskin read Plato every day. Plato envisioned a ruling class with tremendous power wielded by an army, which dominated the world. Previous generations would be swept away to make way for this new order.

It was at an Oxford lecture by John Ruskin that Cecil Rhodes found his goal in life. Ruskin in his lecture stated, *"Have a fixed purpose of some kind for your country and yourselves. Make your country for all the world a source of light, a centre for peace. This is what England must do or perish: she must form colonies abroad as far and as fast as she is able."*

Cecil Rhodes was on a mission. It certainly was not a mission from GOD. After his mother had died in 1873, Rhodes became disenchanted with Christianity. He wrote that, *"The odds of there being a GOD are at best only 50-50. "* Later he also wrote, *"If there is a GOD, he only exist as so many atoms."*

Rhodes dedication to his mission would not be interrupted. He vowed never to marry or have children. These would only get in the way of accomplishing his goal. Rhodes maintained his vow. He departed this world and left his vast fortune to associates who would use it to establish a "secret society".

His goals were put forth in his will. In it he calls for establishing a *"secret organization."* The ultimate objective of this society was to work, *"for the extension of British rule throughout the world,"* and *"the ultimate recovery of the United States of America as an integral part of the British Empire."*

Cecil Rhodes shared very few ideals that we take for granted in the United States today. His companies conducted overt operations and kept secret files on important South Africans, even those with whom he did no business. His companies had their own police and detective forces. To squelch news or stories about him or his companies that were critical or

unfavorable, Rhodes bought major or controlling interests in the press in England and South Africa.

In his will, written in 1877, he suggested, *"crush all disloyalty and every movement for the severance of our Empire."* He went on to say in his will, *"The Society should inspire and even own portions of the press for the press rules the minds of the people. "*

He also stated that the goals of this secret society should be to bring the whole world under British rule, including retrieving the United States, which was already a sovereign nation, and to making the Anglo-Saxon race one Empire.

By far the most disturbing part of his will describes the I rcmendous anger and despair he feels because of the "*disgrace*" that is being perpetuated by, "*the low class Irish and German emigrants*" who had settled in the United States. That a scholarship should be held in such esteem worldwide is reprehensible. If his contempt for Germans and Irish was so great one can only wonder what he thought of the millions of tribesmen that he exploited in his conquest for the tons of gold and thousands of buckets of diamonds he stripped from the land.

Since so many of today's government and business leaders a1·e indoctrinated using the funds of the Rhode's Scholarship, perhaps it is in our best interest -to analyze this man that so many people associate with providing the ideals for a better world.

Obviously Rhodes fanatical beliefs stirred the hearts of many people. This is quite obvious in a book published in 1918 by one of the fathers of German Nazism, Oswald Spengler. *In The Decline of the West* Spengler wrote, "*Rhodes is to be regarded as the first precursor of a western type of Caesar. He stands midway between Napoleon and the force-men of the centuries.*" In another volume published four years later Spengler's affection for Rhodes ideals had continued to grow. Spengler wrote, *"in our Germanic world the spirits of Alaric and Theodoric will come again – there is a first hint of them in Cecil Rhodes. "*

In the only documented public statement available Adolf Hitler himself stated at dinner on April 18, 1942 that he shared Rhodes opinions and that Cecil Rhodes was the only one who understood the conditions for continuing worldwide British supremacy.

Ironically Cecil Rhodes thought of himself as Roman, comparing himself to Hadrian and had numerous statues of himself created. The well-defined instructions he left for his ornate funeral, in 1902, were for the likes

of a head-of-state or great emperor. His body was memorialized in a vast wasteland on the plains of Africa.

According to Georgetown Professor Carroll Quigley's *Tragedy and Hope,* Rhodes was so consumed with the ambitions that John Ruskin had instilled in him, that despite his fantastic wealth, his accounts were regularly overdrawn!

To finance his vision Rhodes bequeathed his vast estate to the administration of Lord Rothschild of England. After Rhodes death, in 1902, Lord Rothschild honored Rhodes final request by establishing the Rhodes Scholarships at Oxford. Rhodes dream of a secret society continuing after his death was realized. Today its' graduates can be found in government, business, and media establishments around the world. From all over the world "candidates" are nominated and selected to further the mad dreams of someone few Americans know about.

It was Rothschild's financial assistance that allowed Rhodes

to gain virtual monopoly over the world's diamond market in the 1890's with the consolidation of several companies into DeBeers Mines. In addition to the diamonds, Rhodes had tremendous interest in gold mines. In the 1890's Cecil Rhodes had amassed a fortune of over 1 million pounds, or over $100 million if compared to its' value today.

Rothschild backed Rhodes' move to corner the world diamond market. Together they succeeded. By 1891 Rhodes exerted complete control over all South African mines and 90% of the world's diamonds. With the Diamond Syndicate in place Rhodes now tightly held both the world supply and price of diamonds! For this feat Rothschild earned Rhodes' complete confidence.

The colony of Rhodesia was named after Cecil Rhodes. In the 1970's the land that had suffered under the thumb of Cecil Rhodes and his fellow exploiters eventually regained its' sovereignty and was renamed Zimbabwe.

It is important that Americans learn more about Cecil Rhodes and understand what he believed in. For that reason a copy of Cecil Rhodes Will is reprinted on the following pages.

II was written in 1877. No efforts were made to correct spelling or grammatical errors.

Rhodes' Will
Confession of Faith

It often strikes a man to inquire what is the chief good in life; to one the thought comes that it is a happy marriage, to another great wealth, and as each seizes on his idea, for that he more or less works for the rest of his existence. To myself thinking over the same question the wish came to render myself useful to my country. I then asked myself how could I and after reviewing the various methods I have felt that at the present day we are actually limiting our children and perhaps bringing into the world half the human beings we might owing to the lack of country for them to inhabit that if we had retained America, there would at this moment be millions more of English living. I contend that we are the finest race in the world and that the more of the world we inhabit the better it is for the human race. Just fancy those parts that are at present inhabited by the most despicable specimens of human beings; what an alteration there would be if they were brought under Anglo-Saxon influence. Look again at the extra employment a new country added to our dominions gives. I contend that every acre added to our territory means in the future birth to some more of English race who otherwise would not be brought into existence. Added to this the absorption of the greater portion of the world under our rule simply mean the end of all wars, at this moment had we not lost America I believe we could have stopped the Russian-Turkish war by merely refusing money and supplies. Having these ideas what scheme could we think of to forward this object. I look into history and I read the story of the Jesuits I see what they were able to do in a bad cause and I might say under bad leaders.

In the present day I become a member in the Masonic order I see the wealth and power they possess the influence they hold and I think over their ceremonies and I wonder that a large body of men can devote themselves to what at time appear the most ridiculous and absurd rites without an object and without an end

The idea gleaming and dancing before ones eyes like a will-of-the-wisp at last frames itself into a plan. Why should we not form a secret society with but one object the furtherance of the British Empire and the bringing of the whole uncivilised world under British rule for the recovery of the United States for the making the Anglo-Saxon race one Empire. What a dream, but yet it is probable, it is possible. I once heard it argued by a fellow in my own college, I am sorry to own it by an Englishman, that it was a good thing for us that we have lost the United States. There are some objects on which there can be no arguments, and to an Englishman this is one of them, but even from an American's point of view just picture what they have lost, look at their government, are not the frauds that yearly come before the public view a disgrace to any country and especially their's which is the finest in the world Would they have occu"ed had they remained under English rule, think of those countless ooo's of Englishmen that during the last 100 years would have crossed the Atlantic and settle and populated the United States. Would they have not made any prejudice a finer country of it than the low class Irish and German emigrants? All this we have lost and that country loses owing to whom? Owing to two or three ignorant pig-headed statesmen of the last century, at their door lies the blame. Do you ever feel mad? do you ever feel murderous. I think I do with those men. I bring facts to prove my assertion. Does an English father when his sons wish to emigrate ever think of suggesting emigration to a country under another flag, never - it would seem a disgrace to suggest such a thing I think that we all think that poverty is better under our own flag than wealth under a foreign one.

Put your mind into another train of thought. Fancy Australia discovered and colonised under the French flag, what would it mean merely several millions of English unborn that at present from having lost to cling to what we possess. We know the size of the world we know the total extent Africa is still lying for us it is our duty to take it. It is our duty to seize every opportunity and we should keep this one idea steadily before our eyes that more territory simply means more of the Anglo-Saxon race more of the best the most human, most honourable race the world possesses.

To forward such a scheme what a splendid help a secret society would be a society not openly acknowledged but who would work in secret for such an object. I contend that there are at present moment numbers of the ablest men in the world who would devote their lives to it. I often think what a loss to the English nation in some respects the abolition of the Rotten Borough System has been. What thought strikes a man entering

the house of commons, the assembly that rules the world? I think it is the mediocrity of the men but what is the cause. It is simply-an assembly of wealth of men whose lives have been spent in the accumulation of money and whose time has been too much engaged to be able to spare any for the study of past history. And yet in the hands of such men rest our destinies. Do men like the great Pitt, and Burke and Sheridan not now exist I contend they do. They are men now livinJ! with I know no other term the μ.rya XO"Xr'f'f of Aristotle but there are not ways for enabling them to serve their Country. They live and die unused unemployed. What has been the main cause of the success of the Romish Church? The fact that every enthusiast, call it if you like every madman finds employment in it Let us form the same kind of society a Church for the extension of the British Empire. A society which should have its members in every part of the British Empire working with one object and one idea we should have its members placed at our universities and our schools and should watch the English youth passing through their hands just one perhaps in every thousand would have the mind and feelings for such an object, he should be tried in every way, he should be tested whether he is endurant, possessed of eloquence, disregardful of the petty details of life, and if found to be such, then elected and bound by oath to serve for the rest of his life in his Country. He should then be supported if without means by the Society and sent to that part of the Empire where it was felt he was needed.

Take another case, let us fancy a man who finds himself his own master with ample means on attaining his majority whether he puts the question directly to himself or not, still like the old story of virtue and vice in the Memorabilia a fight goes on in him as to what he should do. Take if he plunges into dissipation there is nothing too reckless he does not attempt but after a time his life palls on him, he mentally says this is not good enough, he changes his life, he reforms, he travels he thinks now I have the chief good in life, the novelty wears off and he tires, to change again, he goes into the far interior after the wild game he thinks at last I've found that in life of which I cannot tire, again he is disappointed. He returns he thinks is there nothing I can do in life? Here I am with means, with a good house, with everything that is to be envied and yet I am not happy I am tired of life he possesses within him a portion of the μ.rya XO"Xr'fH of Aristotle but he knows it not, to such a man the Society should go, should test, and should finally show him the greatness of the scheme and list him as a member.

Take one more case of the younger son with high thoughts, high aspirations, endowed by nature with all faculties to make a great man, and

with the sole wish in life to serve his Country but he lacks two things the means and the opportunity, ever troubled by a sort of inward deity urging him on to high and noble deeds, he is compelled to pass his time in some occupation which furnishes him with mere existence, he lives unhappily and dies miserably. Such men as these the Society should search out and use for the furtherance of their object

(In every Colonial legislature the Society should attempt to have its members prepared at all times to vote or speak and advocate the closer union of England and the colonies of our Empire. The Society should inspire and even own portions of the press for the press rules the minds of the people. The Society should always be searching for members who might by their position in the world by their energies or character forward the object but the and test for admittance should be severe.

Once make it common and it fails. Take a man of great wealth who is bereft of his children perhaps having his mind soured by some bitter disappointment who shuts himself up separate from his neighbours and makes up his mind to a miserable existence. To such men as these the society should go gradually disclose the greatness of their scheme and entreat him to throw in his life and property with them for this object I think that there are thousands now existing who would eagerly grasp at the opportunity. Such are the heads of my scheme.

For fear that death might cut me off before the time for attempting its development I leave all my worldly goods in trust to S.G. Shippard and the Secretary for the Colonies at the time of my death to try to form such a Society with such an object.

In 1888 Rhodes revised his will adding the following statement:

This is my last will - and all other wills I have made are hereby revoked I leave equally among my brothers and sisters two thousand DeBeers and the balance of my property to Lord Rothschild

C. J. RHODES

Rhodes instructed Rothschild, in a separate letter, to use the money to establish his beloved society of Imperial elect - "take Constitution Jesuits if obtainable and insert 'English Empire' for 'Roman Catholic Religion' " Rothschild accepted Rhodes requests and to this day the Rhodes Scholarship exists - hidden behind a cloak of secrecy.

"No one can serve two masters. He will either hate one and love the other, or be devoted to one and despise the other. You cannot serve God and mammon."

Matthew 7:24

"There is a power somewhere so organized, so subtle, so interlocked, so complete, so pervasive that they better not speak above their breath when they speak in condemnation of it"

Woodrow Wilson President 1913-1921

After dinner we (Wilson and House) went to the presidents study as usual, and began to work on the Federal Reserve Board appointments. I insisted that it was the most important constructive legislative measure that had been passed since the founding of the Republic and thought its success or failure would largely depend upon the personnel of the Board. He replied, "My dear friend, do not frighten me any more than I am now. "

Intimate Papers of Colonel House

CHAPTER II

Blackmailed

America Loses Her Financial Freedom

What type of leadership skills were present at the White House during 1913? How was it that American citizens got hoodwinked, by a system that contained so many checks and balances? Our founding fathers wisely designed our laws and government to avoid manipulation by the few. They never envisioned the cabals that were later formed to steal America's financial sovereignty. Whose interest were actually being represented when the Federal Reserve was created and the national income tax was implemented the very same year? This question really begs to be asked.

The answer lies in what happens when an American president gets blackmailed and the end result is the American people get raped.

You probably already know a little bit of history surrounding Woodrow Wilson, our 29th president. It is also important that you learn more about the men who surrounded him during his presidency, for that group played the major role in shaping the world in which we live; even a larger role than the man who was elected president.

You may wonder how men who were on the world stage in the early 1900's could possibly have an impact on your life today. Our story starts at the turn of this century. By 1900 our great country had been around for nearly 120 years. It did not have a federal income tax or a central bank to control the flow of all money in our country. Compared to our present financial disaster, you might think that someone with the Midas touch was managing our fiscal and monetary policies.

Woodrow Wilson was born in 1856 in Staunton, Virginia.

His father was a Presbyterian minister. At seven years of age he witnessed first-hand, Civil War soldiers War dying inside his father's church.

Wilson eventually became the president of Princeton University. Historically, a Presbyterian school, which has had as alumni such notables as President James Madison, author of the U.S. Constitution and Princ-

eton President Witherspoon a member of the Continental Congress our early government.

Wilson was enchanted by applying the rules of constitutional concepts everywhere. From personal friendships to his own marriage, to even the imaginary, Wilson spelled out, as president, in great detail the rules that surrounded his relationships.

This trait remained evident in his presidency and climaxed with his famous Fourteen Points speech after World War I. Another major player in the intrigues of the time was Colonel Edward Mandel House, the son of a Texas financier. His father represented the Rothschilds and British interests in the United States and abroad.

House was educated in England. According to *Scribner's Concise Dictionary of Biography*: "*No other American of his time was on such close terms with so many men of international fame.*"

House was the conduit between the special interests of his era, the world bankers, the Congress and the President. He served his masters well. With the stroke of Wilson's pen on two historic pieces of legislation, the U.S. lost its financial freedom.

From just a few pages in the book,
INTIMATE PAPERS OF COLONEL HOUSE
we gain further insight into who actually ran the White House.
The I's, refer to Colonel House:

> December 19, 1912: I talked with Paul Warburg over the telephone regarding currency reform. I told of my Washington trip and what I had done there to get it in working order; that the Senators and Congressmen seemed anxious to do what Governor Wilson desired and that I knew the President-elect thought straight concerning the issue.
>
> February 26, 1913: I went to the Harding dinner and talked with the guests invited to meet me. It was an interesting occasion. I talked with Mr. Frick, then with Denman and afterwards with Otto Kahn.
>
> March 13, 1913: Vanderlip and I had an interesting discussion regarding currency reform,
>
> March 27, 1913: Mr. J.P. Morgan, Jr., and Mr. Denny of his firm, came by at five. McAdoo came out about ten minutes afterwards. Morgan had 11 currency plan already formulated and printed. We discussed it at some length. I suggested that he should have it typewritten and sent to-day.

To see the death of chivalry in American politics you need not look any further than the powers at work preceding, during, and after Wilson's election. America had been infiltrated by entities with a devious agenda -- they did not parallel what our founding fathers had in mind one iota.

Who could ever believe that the main architect of the Federal Reserve was not even an American citizen while he was preparing a blueprint to financially imprison the American people?

How did this happen? It happened the same way behind-the-

scene, closed door deals and trade agreements continue to be handled by the modern servants we elect and send to Washington.

> *"The money power preys upon the nation in times of peace and conspires against it in times of adversity. It is more despotic than monarchy, more insolent than autocracy, more selfish than bureaucracy. I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. Corporations have been enthroned, an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until the wealth is aggravated in a few hands and the Republic is destroyed*
>
> – attributed to President Abraham Lincoln

Because of a long chain of secret, back-room deals our country is heading into a cataclysmic era during the mid-1990's that will dwarf the hopelessness and despair millions of Americans suffered during the 1930's.

> *"There is nothing concealed that will not be revealed , nor secret that will not be known. Therefore whatever you have said in darkness will be heard in the light , and what you have whispered behind closed doors will be proclaimed on the housetops"*
>
> Luke 12: 2-3

It was not by chance that Woodrow Wilson became president. Georgetown University Professor Carroll Quigley dissects an interesting series of events that lead to Wilson's presidential victory in his book Tragedy and Hope: A History of the World in Our Time. A group of men lead by the Rockefellers, Jacob Schiff, Bernard Baruch, Thomas Fortune Ryan and Adolf Ochs had financially supported Wilson's successful bid to become governor of New Jersey.

Jacob Schiff, with the Rothschild's money helped finance John D. Rockefeller at Standard Oil, Edward Harriman's railroad empire, and Andrew Carnegie's U.S. Steel - at the time - the worlds largest producer of steel.

What this group of international money baron's agents wanted was total control of the purse strings of the United States. To carry out their plan they needed someone who was naive about the workings of international finance.

Wilson fit the profile they were looking for perfectly. Wilson was about to play cards with the big boys. The only thing that he did not know was that he would be assigned the role of patsy.

> *If by the third hand of the poker game, you don't know who the patsy is you're it !*
>
> Unknown

Another fact that Wilson was completely unaware of, was that Bernard Baruch had paid Wilson's lover, Mrs. Mary Allen Hulbert Peck, $65,000 for the letters he had written his mistress while Wilson was president at Princeton! Baruch, House and his cronies owned the Wilson presidency through blackmail!

In January 1912, Warburg, twenty bankers and economists met to convince Bull-Moose presidential candidate, Teddy Roosevelt, the value a central bank offered the USA.

Roosevelt recognized the inherent dangers of a central bank in the hands of U.S. and world money barons.

Both Jefferson and Lincoln before him had warned of such a scheme. Teddy Roosevelt rightfully scoffed at Warburg's concept sarcastically by saying, "Why not give Mr. Warburg the job? He would be the financial boss and I would be the political boss, and we could run the country together. " Ironically that is exactly what happened - when Woodrow Wilson was elected president in 1912.

The money barons knew that former president Theodore Roosevelt, who had formed the new Bull Moose party, would never accept their scheme of a central bank. Roosevelt had formed his new party because of disagreements within the Republican party.

Two representatives of J.P. Morgan, George Perkins and

Frank Munsey simultaneously poured vast amounts of money into both William Howard Taft, the incumbent, as well as Roosevelt's campaign coffers, successfully splitting the vote, ensuring Wilson's victory.

1912 election results

Candidate	Votes	Percent
Wilson	6,293,152	41.84
Roosevelt	4,119,207	27.39
Taft	3,486,333	23.18

Further evidence of this conspiracy came from the mouth of Warburg by his own admissions that while claiming to be a Republican he made substantial contributions to Wilson's successful presidential effort. To further cement the argument of conspiracy Warburg's brother backed Taft. There was little that stood in the way that would deny them their conquest.

With an election victory in hand, Colonel House, the equivalent of today's White House chief of staff and foreign policy advisor, wasted no time filling Wilson's cabinet posts. Those he selected needed to mirror House's ideals and philosophies not Wilson's.

What were House's ideals? Many can be found in a novel he anonymously penned in 1912, Phillip Dru - Administrator: A Story of Tomorrow.

There is no doubt what kind of plans House's mind had conjured up for America. It is hard to believe that we - as taxpayers and the rightful owners of this country - have allowed people into the White House who possess such diabolical endeavors and ambitions as House and his cronies did during Wilson's presidency.

In his book House- envisioned a one-world government, army, and economy under control of a handful of Anglo-Saxon financial wizards with a world dictator served by a council of twelve loyal followers.

The U.S. Constitution is dramatically altered. The U.S. becomes captain of the effort and is then gradually submerged into a single world government. His plans for Mexico will send shivers down your spine when compared to the recently passed NAFTA.

With all the chatter and sound-bytes buzzing all over the media today about the "New World Order", this is perhaps the best documented evidence that schemes like House's and Rhodes' have been incubating within the top levels of our government for the past 80 years.

These schemes are not innate to our country however. For further proof one only need to read Akio Morita's vision of the New World Order published in Atlantic Monthly magazine in July of 1993.

In it we find essentially the same plot, written in 1993, by the well-known, leading Japanese world industrialist. He sent it to world leaders prior to their annual G7 summit held in Tokyo earlier that year. Its goals are suited toward helping the elite and the businesses consolidate even more power than they already possess. There is no mention, not even a hint, of democracy. If he and his cronies had their way, democracy would most likely be abolished by midnight tonight.

Going back to the early 1900's you'd find another student and disciple of the the New World Order, as Paul Warburg made his grand entrance onto the world stage.

Early in the 1900's Warburg was not even a citizen of the United States, he was a German banker! Not just any banker, but the genius behind M. M. Warburg & Co. the largest private bank in Hamburg, Germany!

This man was allowed, by elected U.S. traitors, (namely Senator Glass and.Senator Aldrich) to become the architect and creator of a U.S. central bank that was, and remains, privately held -- the Federal Reserve! (Alrich was the grandfather of the despicable, treasonous, David Rockefeller) Contrary to the misguided beliefs of many Americans, the Federal Reserve is not a part of our government. It is privately owned. An honest answer to the actual ownership of this body would shock all Americans! Banks with foreign ties and ownership are included on the list of big banks that actually OWN and RUN the Federal Reserve.

So secretive were the meetings Warburg conducted, that in order to formulate their hoax on the American people those involved secretly conspired for ten 10 days, during November 1910, on a remote island resort off the coast of Georgia, Jekyll Island.

Traveling incognito to Jekyll Island, via train, they concocted an idiotic plan and dressed up as duck hunters, complete with guns and decoys in hand.

With his students in tow, Senator Nelson Aldrich, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Piatt Andrew, Henry Davison of J.P. Morgan Co., Frank Vanderlip of National City Bank, Benjamin Strong, and Charles Norton of First National Bank New York, Warburg laid out his blueprint for what later became the Federal Reserve.

Their attempt to conceal their identity failed miserably because of their poor acting skills.

Reporters got wind of this clandestine meeting and arrived shortly thereafter, sniffing out a story:.like so many 'golden retrievers. Their hunt

was successful -- •truth followed, a headline in January 1911 screamed, "Wall Street Banker Not Senator Aldrich Drew Up Currency Plan. "

Warburg didn't become a U.S. citizen until March 21, 1911. A senator from the United States and·bankers conspired with a man who successfully plotted to control the future monetary policy of the United States. Tremendous pressure from Senator Aldrich's powerful banking lobby and House's shadow figures was applied.

The establishment media signed on as well, and on December 23, 1913 Woodrow Wilson signed the Federal Reserve Act. What a miserable Christmas present to give the American people.

From yet another page in the, INTIMATE PAPERS OF COLONEL HOUSE, we find a thank you note from Jacob Schiff, head international banker at Kuhn, Loeb. Certainly he should have sent thanks, Kuhn Loeb and its partners are oneof the handful of private owners of the Federal Reserve and has earned lOO's of billions of dollars from House's successful efforts in 1913.

> New York
> December 23, 1913
>
> My Dear Colonel House:
> I want to say a word of appreciation to you for the silent, but no doubt effective work you have done in the interest of currency legislation and to congratulate you, that the measure has finally been enacted into law. We all know that an entirely perfect bill, satisfactory to everybody, would have been an impossibilty, and I feel quite certain fair men will admit that unless the President had stood firm as he did, we would likely have gotten no legislation at all. This bill is a good one in many respects, anyhow good enough to start with and let experiemce teach us in what direction it needs perfection, which in due time we shall then get. In any event you have personally good reasons to feel gratified with what has been accomplished, and trusting that this feeling may increase your holiday spirit, I am good wishes.
>
> Faithfully yours
> JACOB SCIDFF

The appointment to the Federal Reserve Board of Paul Warburg, (Paul worked for Schiff at Kuhn, Loeb and was Felix Warburg's, father-in-law!) was further testimony to just how bold this assemblage of pirates were, when Warburg took his seat, August 10, 1914. Before being approved,

Warburg boldly set the protocol for his confirmation -- behind closed doors, no stenographer, no notes were to be taken, and the meeting was to remain strictly confidential! Who's really running our country? Americans deserve answers - now! We've waited long enough!

Warburg wrote in 1928, "*Though eighteen years have since gone by, I do not feel free to give a description of this most interesting conference concerning which Senator Aldrich pledged all participants to secrecy. "*

With their primary goal achieved, the next and more important goal needed to be implemented.

Now that control of money was in the hands of just a few men in the U.S. and Europe, they needed a supply of money to begin paying for the interest charges their plan included.

The Internal Revenue Service was charged with the task during Wilson's administration to administer the collection of the new income taxes.

Now this cabal had succeeded in doing what the fathers of the U.S. Constitution feared most - regulate and control the supply and coining of money.

The money vampires had their most important victory in hand. They will not be content, however, until they suck the last drop of financial strength from our great country.

It is obvious that behinds the scenes players like these are to whom Thomas Jefferson was referring when he eloquently stated, "The merchant has no country. " Today those words should ring louder and clearer to every American than ever before!

Nevada Senator George Malone in 1957, spoke out about the secret ownership of the Federal Reserve:

> "I believe that (f the people of this nation fully untlerstootl what Congress has done to them over the past 49 years, they would move on Washington, they would not wait for an election...Jt adds up to a preconceived plan to destroy the economic and social independence of the United States. "

From 1816 through 1836 the Bank of the United States was in the same devious hands. In 1836 President Andrew Jackson abolished it. He stated:

> "The bold effort the present bank has made to control the government, the distress it had wantonly produced are but premonitions of the fate that awaits the American people should they be deluded into a perpetuation of this intitution or the establishment of another like it "

Although the world kings of finance had successfully achieved their coup de' tat against the U.S. Constitution and the American people, Colonel House's scheme remained unfulfilled.

Like the story he had penned in 1912 he attempted to breathe life into his macabre tale. World War I gave Househis opportunity to clear the world slate and begin to build his "New World Order."

House succeeded in convincing Wilson to renege a re-election campaign pledge Wilson had made not to involve the U.S. in the European conflict. During World War I, 20 million people lost their lives.

Soon Wilson's promise like most of the campaign rhetoric Americans hear today, was only a passing memory. The American people fought a battle that was for completely different reasons than those given them. The reasons offered for our involvement into World War I were ludicrous. The actual reasons were money and power. That's all, yes, just that simple. The thirst for control of power and money is unquenchable for the forces Wilson so eloquently described.

He knew first hand who ruled the world and the United States. Unfortunately for Americans it was not Wilson.

This gave the fathers of the New World Order his golden opportunity to wipe the slate clean in most of Europe and start anew. Like all the previous schemes to create a· new world order, humanity paid dearly.

Many have come to the conclusion that House and Wilson were the authors of the new world order.

Washington Post columnist Edwin Yoder, Jr., wrote in spring 1991 that finally the time had come to congratulate ·the real authors of the New World Order, House and Wilson.

The fact of the matter is, that equally fiendish, Utopian concepts have been around for many hundreds of years. Some date back to the ancient Egyptians who worshipped the sun god Osiris. Osiris by the way can be found within the Great Seal, on the back every U.S. $1 bill.

Under the pyramid are the Latin words "Novus Ordo Seclorum" meaning "a new order of the ages". Above Osiris· are the·words "Annuit Coeptis" or "He looks upon your endeavors favorably. "

What is this lost group of soul's fascination with bringing about their New World Order? The leaders of today are not the enlightened visionaries they claim. One world without nation states - one currency - one leader above a council of elite financial tyrants - where the one religion is a privilege, not a right. Confused about the difference between rights and privilege? Consider the privilege of driving your car and the laws and

tests in place which you must pass, follow, and comply with to retain your privilege.

The media assisted in the major hood-wink campaign of NAFTA recently. Every American should ask themselves why religion is classified under "industrial classifications." Why religious associations must be in accordance with Ley de Asociaciones Religiosas y Cultos Privados? Why religious associations in Mexico MUST be Mexican nationals?

Not a single word was ever mentioned about this very significant part of the NAFTA, under Volume II Annex I -M-53.

These plans have depleted trillions of dollars of precious resources worldwide that could have been used to improve the miserable conditions in which in most of the world's population lives everyday. It has destroyed millions of lives and will wreck the lives of billions if allowed to proceed.

We must abolish and replace the current maniacal system of economic strangulation (the Federal Reserve) and the horrid monetary management that accompanies it. If we do not, Americans will never have any hope of paying off our national debt. America existed before 1913 without a central bank, certainly she can do an even better job now!

If not replaced or abolished, your tax money will be siphoned off for the financial tyrants around the world to be used as the seed money to further their grand ambitions of their godless New World Order. The only thing they worship is money... period! With their money they buy power.

Every citizen needs to send their representatives in Washington a written request for a list of the actual owners of the Federal Reserve and·the names of the top 20 institutions that received interest payments for our national debt over the past 10 years.

Follow the money trail and America will be on her way to unshackling the irons of financial lies she's been chained to for the past 80 years! Everything else is "gorilla dust"!

"We shall have World government whether or not we like it. The only question is whether World government will be achieved by conquest or consent. "

James Paul Warburg
speaking before the U.S. Senate

"The world is governed by different personages than what is imagined by those who are not behind the scenes. " ,.

Benjamin Disraeli Prime Minister, England

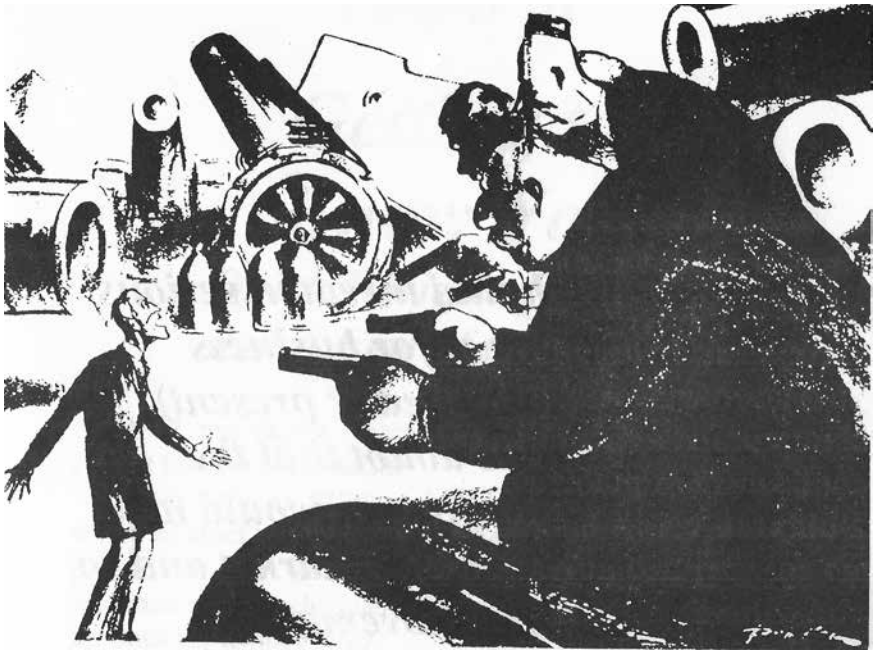
"The real rulers in Washington are invisible and exercise power from behind the scenes. "

Felix Frankfurter
U.S. Supreme Court Justice

"We are grateful to the Washington Post, New York Times, Time Magazine, and other great publications whose directors have attended our meetings and respected their promise of discretion for almost forty years. It would not have been possible for us to develop our plan for the world if we had been subject to the bright lights of publicity during those years. But, the world is now more sophisticated and prepared to march toward a world government. The super-national sovereignty of an intellectual elite and world bankers is surely preferable to the national auto-determination practiced in past centuries. "

More mindless rhetoric from the mouth of the wizard of the New World Order, the prodigy of those that betrayed the U.S. in 1913 andf assisted in the Crash of '29 and other financial disasters.

David Rockefeller speaking before his cronies in Baden Baden, June, 1991



President Wilson: *But I don't want them - there isn't an enemy to fight*
Morgan, Schwab & Company: *You buy these guns and we'll get you an enemy.*

From the *Masses,* a cartoon in 1916 depicted the industrial elite towering over Wilson with their guns, cannons, and munitions ready to do their "business" … war.

Chapter III

Getting to Know You

If recession should threaten serious consequences for business (as is not indicated at present) there is little doubt that the Federal Reserve System would take steps to ease the money market and so check the movement.
Harvard Economic Society October 19, 1929

A Quick Review of the Times and a Few of the Players

In 1921 per capita income in the USA was only $522, by 1928 it had grown to $628.

With as little as $100 an individual could purchase $1000 worth of stock on margin! For the relatively small number of people in the general population who understood the mechanics of this chicanery they were rewarded handsomely... up until September 1929.

The catalyst for speculation took many shapes. In order for their scheme to work, easy money had to be in abundance. New York Federal Reserve chief Benjamin Strong, Winston Churchill, Montague Norman of the Bank of England and U.S. Secretary of the Treasury Andrew Mellon operated together to ensure easy money for speculation on Wall Street was readily available.

In 1925 Churchill was eager for England to return to the role of world leadership, he pegged the British pound to $4.86. Afterwards fewer companies and people around the globe were able to afford British goods and commodities!

Over the next two years, hundreds of millions of dollars of gold flowed to the USA from all over Europe. Some of it was used to gamble in the Wall Street casinos known as brokerage firms. Other moneys were put to.ward a wide range of Wall Street mirages, promises, and opportunities. If that situation had continued all of Europe would have been forced off the gold standard before very long.

In 1927, a meeting was convened by Montague Norman of the Bank of England, Charles Rist of the Bank of France, Hjalmer Schacht of the

Reichsbank, and Federal Reserve Benjamin Strong and Secretary of the Treasury Andrew Mellon of the USA.

An agreement was made to lower USA interest rates. In 1927 the Federal Reserve lowered its discount rate from 4 to 3.5 %. With cheap money in abundance the formula had all the ingredients to concoct a bull market witch's brew to poison the masses -- after they had drunk from the cauldron of speculation. In the process most of those sucked into the market experienced a living world nightmare worse than any hallucinogen even today's most experienced chemist could cook up.

Selling the market short was a task the plungers and manipulators thrived on.

In 1929 there were less than 1.6 million active stock market brokerage accounts reported by Wall Street firms. There were 600,000 "margin" accounts while the entire USA population in 1930 was 123.2 million.

FACT

In 1930 12.6 million lived in New York and 9.6 million lived in Pennsylvania -- together these sister states held 18% of the entire population By 1990 the percentage had plunged only 12%

More than a few of the speculators held dozens of accounts simultaneously. They listed themselves, their children, spouses, and even set up joint accounts for friends and associates for reasons of secrecy; making the actual number of speculators probably less than 300,000. Many of those were employed by the stock exchanges and brokerage firms around the USA. Some even worked as agents responsible for their overseas customer's accounts and transactions.

There is no way the crash can be attributed to individual small investors failing to meet their "margin" calls; not enough of them existed. In addition, when the crash occurred it was with enormous "blocks" of stocks traded. 10,000, 20,000, 30,000, 40,000, 50,000 and 100,000 block shares were traded with such rapidity that the tape on the market ran behind for hours!

Although the common man on the street was blamed for the market freefall he had little role to play other than a bit part as a "patsy" for the diabolical forces behind the scenes.

In the June issue of American magazine Bernard Baruch urged the public to continue to participate in their buying binge.

He stated, *"The economic condition of the world seems on the verge of a great forward movement."*

While he talked up the market for his own advantage, Baruch had been very busy positioning his, as well as his collaborators, interests in a way that the public would have never believed -- if discovered. Baruch had planted another one of the many lies that were . sown, up to and during the Crash. In October he and his cabal reaped their evil harvest. For his part Baruch had been purchasing large quantities of gold. He and his co-conspirators continued to bait the giant trap on Wall Street that later slaughtered the innocents, by continuously "talking up" the stock market. He also supervised his conspiracy with the help of friends and business partners in our government and in Europe to guarantee everything went as he and Churchill planned.

Baruch was not alone in his scheme to tell all of America how great the USA stock market was as an investment.

John J. Raskob, another friend of Bernard Baruch, also got into the act. While luring people into the market, Raskob had quietly liquidated his enormous stake in the stock market and was instead busy selling the market short.

Raskob successfully infiltrated another dynamic segment of the American economy after his "Everyone Should Be Rich" article appeared in the August 1929 Ladies Home Journal The story sent housewives, nationwide, scurrying about to participate in the get-rich-quick scheme which Raskob proposed in his interview, conducted by Samuel Crowther.

Raskob described how a person would have $80,000 after only twenty years if they invested just $15 a month ($3600) in the stock market following his "free" advice. With the average per capita annual income of only $628, this hustler's suggested "investment" amounted to a substantial portion of a person's disposable income.

His sales pitch was irresistible to many of the readers - women and men alike. Raskob described how a person who had invested $10,000 in General Motors stock ten years earlier was now worth over $1 million!

He also said that a man with a million dollars used to be considered rich, but there were so many new millionaires (in 1929) that a million just was not worthy of comment. Was this guy the salesman of the century or what?

Again, the average per capita income in 1928 was $628, or just .000628% of the fortune Raskob claimed so many people had discovered.

Clearly the future Democratic National Committee Chairman was out of touch with mainstream America, just as much as the current Democratic leadership remains today!

Of the thousands of women (and men) he duped into believing his scheme, none of them stood a chance against it. Raskob knew exactly what he was doing. As an inside player of the game he and his cronies needed new "patsies" to fuel the raging bonfire of overheated speculation he played a major role in creating. John J. Raskob later received the title of chairman of the Democratic National Party.

It is further evidence of just how pervasive the complete lack of ethics and morals had become throughout the network of government and corporate America. After 60 years, has anything changed? Can it really be possible the situation has actually worsened?

It reminds this author of the old question who is guiltier, the man who steals the chicken off the land or the man who steals the land from beneath the chicken? After the Crash and Great Depression of the 1930's not only the chickens, but a great deal of land had been swiped from generations of honest hard-working Americans. Untold millions of lives and dreams were devastated.

Unfortunately things have not really changed much. Today there are simultaneous discussions of the Dow Jones Index going to 5,000 in 1994 and another Great Depression around the corner. Do these rumblings sound familiar? 5,000 on the Dow Jones? Based upon what ridiculous notion?

Still lower interest rates?

More factories moving their manufacturing facilities to Mexico?

A national debt of $5 trillion, that grows by $1.7 billion every day?

A world-wide trade imbalance of over $100 billion annually? Increased federal and local income taxes?

Increased costs for healthcare?

A crumbling Japanese economy that will no longer be able to finance our own outrageous debt?

Don't be fooled by stories of glory in the USA stock market. It's a ticking financial time-bomb that the world bankers, plungers, and speculators, working hand-in-hand, will detonate when they choose to usher in their so-called New World Order.

Their own think-tanks propose a series or chain of events and major crises, that will make the public malleable to their concept of a world gov-

ernment. These are published documents folks - many of them are directly related to charters and agreements this country has already signed in the United Nations.

A World Effectively Controlled by the United Nations

Study memorandum No. 7

by Lincoln P. Bloomfield, Council of Foreign Relations member

> *A world effectively controlled by the United Nations is one in which "world government" would come about through the establishment of supranational institutions, characterized by mandatory universal membership and some ability to employ physical force. Effective control would thus entail a preponderance of political power in the hands of a supranational organization...the present UN Charter could theoretically be revised in order to erect such an organization equal to the task envisaged, thereby codifying a radical rearrangement of power in the world.*

also he writes

> *The other condition which puts the possibility within a more foreseeable time span, is a crisis, a war, or a brink-of-war situation so grave or commonly menacing that deeply-rooted attitudes and practices are sufficiently shaken to open the possibility of a revolution in world political arrangements.*

Your hard-earned tax money was used to pay for this garbage. You should be outraged to know that our own elected officials conceive diabolical strategies with their "business" partners to rule the world!

Do not let them continue on their journey. Get involved - stay involved - educate yourself .to the events going on in this world and the men proposing these evil schemes!

As for the stories of the booming housing market, great retail sales this and great Christmas sales that, the same propaganda was used up to and during the Great Depression, 60 years ago. For comparison we have included, just a small sampling, some of the popular propaganda the economists and media dispensed before, during and after the Crash.

Too many of the economists today are either bought and paid for by the investment bankers or work indirectly for interests involved with Wall Street and other world markets. Hence there are few who can offer unbi-

ased opinions. Next time you hear an economist, look closely at the institution he or she is affiliated with, you can bet the ranch that his or her institution has a major interest in the topic discussed.

Few of the economists up to and during the crisis of the 1930's were either accurate or honest. In the end most are nothing more than the equivalent of high paid psychics and astrologers with predictions that are very rarely accurate. Remember the Fed's Alan Greenspan's "soft landing" malarkey BEFORE the economy crash-landed?

Those with genuine "inside" information are certainly going to be considered more reliable prophets than others, but when one already knows the future activities of the marionette master pulling the strings, does that make them a genuine prophet of the future?

Few, if any of these market mavens would do better than the chimpanzee in Europe described by the news media in the summer of 1993.

The chimpanzee was allowed to tag a select group of stock choices randomly affixed to a wall. Needless to say, the chimp did better than his challenger, a high-paid market expert chosen to prepare a similar high-growth portfolio.

Did anyone get that chimps address and phone number, or did he get hired by one of the big firms on Wall Street? Perhaps we'll never know unless he pops up on the cover of Forbes or Fortune magazine in the near future.

> *"The first precept was never to accept a thing as true until I knew it was as such without a single doubt. "*
>
> Rene' Descartes,1596-1650

Chapter IV

Lies, Lies – More Lies & Damn Lies
Treason at the Highest Levels

"You shall know the Truth and the Truth shall set you free."
John 8:32

Friday 7/06/29
DJ 344 RR 168 UT 115
VOLUME 1.586 MILLION[1]

Secretary of the Treasury, Andrew Mellon arrived in New York as part of his vacation. Normally, Mellon took his vacations abroad. In 1929, well aware of the darkening financial clouds that were gathering on the horizon, Mellon stayed very close to home.

While in New York, he stayed at the Biltmore Hotel. Mr. Mellon asked to be excused from answering any newspaper reporter's questions about his meetings there.

He departed New York, September 7 to go to the Pittsburgh headquarters of his family institution, Mellon Bank, one of the nation's largest financial institutions - in the USA - at the time. Andrew Mellon served as Secretary of the Treasury under presidents Harding, Coolidge, and Hoover.

The Mellon family was the wealthiest family in the USA at the turn of the 20th. century.

As Mellon bank statements for 1928 and 1933 confirm, Mellon weathered the choppy seas of the financial typhoon without having to batten down the hatches.

	12 months 1928	12 months 1933
Total Resources	$188.9	242.1
U.S. bonds	$51.4	117.0
Cash & Exch	$28.5	41.6

1 DJ = Dow Jones Industrial Index RR = Railroad stocks UT = Utilities Also shown is the volume of the shares traded on that day.

While thousands of other banks were being liquidated and forced out of business, Secretary Mellon's bank was doing quite handsomely, as did the Secretary of the Treasury himself.

Mellon's vast wealth continued to skyrocket even after his death in 1937. It eventually grew into the behemoth banking enterprise it is today and remians centered in Pittsburgh with over $30 billion dollars in assets. A visit to downtown Pittsburgh quickly reminds even the most casual of observers, the awesome power Mellon's bank still yields.

Mellon's financial interest grew to include and control Gulf Oil Corporation, Alcoa Corporation, and numerous other American corporations. Mellon's agents also gained access to the seats on the boards of numerous Fortune 500 companies.

Today with world finance changing at a feverish pace, Andrew Mellon might be surprised to find Masaaki Morita sitting on the Mellon Bank's board of directors. Masaaki is brother of Japanese technology magnate, Trilateral Commission member, and close friend of David Rockefeller --Akio Morita.

Mellon might also be pleasantly surprised to see how little the ways of world finance had changed since he departed 57 years ago.

For instance, now heading Mellon Bank as Chairman, President, and C.E.O. is Frank Cahouet. Cahouet made his way to Mellon Bank from one of Mellon's friend's, William Crocker's, Crocker Bank of California.

To demonstrate just how small the world of banking remains one only needs to review the following transactions between international bankers.

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In 1979 Crocker Bank had assets valued at $16.1 billion. In July of 1980 Crocker National Corporation owned the 14th. largest bank in the

USA and had reached a preliminary agreement to sell 51% of Crocker to Midland Bank of London.

By October 1979 the transaction had not yet been consummated. That month the Government Accounting Office reiterated its' glaring findings of foreign bank ownership. Those studies indicated that foreign interests controlled 13.7% of USA banking assets equaling $1.4 trillion. By 1993 that percentage had mushroomed to 30%, adding several trillion dollars more to the ledgers of the foreign investors!

In 1985 Midland purchased the 49% balance of Crocker. By the end of 1985 Crocker had assets pegged at $19.2 billion. In the year ending 1992 Midland Group's assets had swelled to $59.6 billion.

On February 7, 1986, Wells Fargo and its Chairman Carl Reichardt announced that it had purchased Crocker back from Midland Bank of London. Crocker Chairman Frank Cahouet was forced out of his position at Crocker.

Cahouet then packed his briefcase and wound up in Pittsburgh at the bank that Andrew Mellon built, Mellon Bank!

In September of 1992 Mellon Bank under the guidance of Cahouet, purchased Boston Company from American Express's Shearson Lehman for $1.45 billion.

Shearson Lehman, at one point in time, was known as Shearson Lehman Hutton after acquiring the same Hutton company that Rockefeller helped staff 60 years ago with individuals who had previously cared for him as chauffeurs and personal caretakers.

In December 1993, it was announced that Mellon would take over Dreyfus, the sixth largest mutual funds investment company in the USA.

In the 1980's and 1990's the names have all changed but one does not need to look very far to see that the underlying foundation of Wall Street remains fundamentally unchanged from the way business was conducted during the 1920's and 1930's.

The fiasco for control of Paramount (parent corp. of Simon & Schuster-Touchstone-Star Pocketbooks and other media giants) and the SEC's investigation of the questionable transactions that occurred before, during, and after the acquisition process are further proof that little has changed. The nature of most men remains as it has since Creation ... unchanged.

The following pages provide a remarkable account of the 54 year-old Winston Churchill's 54 day visit to the USA in 1929. Prior to his arrival in the United States, Churchill spent several weeks in Canada.

While in Canada the markets continued to rise. The peak of the Dow Jones Industrial index coincided with Churchill's arrival in Seattle, Washington. During his entire stay the market sank further and further, crashing on October 29, 1929.

The following day he returned home to London.

Saturday 08/03/29

DJ 355 RR 175 UT 131

*VOLUME 1.821 MILLION**

The four Churchill men departed England for their trip to Canada and the United States aboard the ocean liner Empress of Australia.

Accompanying Winston Churchill was his younger brother, Major "Jack" John; age 49, Winston's son Randolph; age 18, and Jack's son, Johnny; age 20.

Saturday 08/10/29

DJ 344 RR 172 UT 125

VOLUME 1.478 MILLION

After the foursome arrived in Quebec, Canada, they toured the city and began their meetings with key business and finance people.

The Canadian Pacific railroad management placed a stenographer-typist aboard the train at Churchill's disposal for the journey across the continent.

Bernard Baruch was Churchill's "favorite American." After completing this book, you'll no doubt understand why. Baruch had persuaded Charles Schwab, president of Bethlehem Steel to lend their mutual friend, Churchill, his private railway car.

The car was elegant, complete with double beds, private bathrooms, a parlor, a dining room, which Winston converted into an office, a kitchen, servants' quarters, a refrigerator, fans, and a wireless radio system.

The radio, he wrote Clementine, was especially useful:

"The wireless is a great boon, and we hear regularly from Horace Vickers about the stock markets. His news so far has been entirely satisfactory."

Jack Churchill was Horace Vickers' partner in one of the largest stock market firms in London - the firm of Vickers da Costa! The firm had been forced to change its' name in 1917 after a wave of anti-German sentiment forced the resignation of all owners in firms of German birth. Previously the firm was known as Nelke, Phillips and Bendix. In 1888, Paul Nelke, joined the firm of FS Phillips & Co. and the firm was renamed Nelke, Phil-

lips and Bendix. Nelke had left Germany for London to take advantage of the recently installed telegraphic link between New York and London.

Horace Cecil Vickers got his start in "the business" at the tender age of 12 as a clerk on the London Stock Exchange. At age 47, Vickers now played a key role in the economic blizzard the Churchill brothers were planning.

Also involved in Churchill's scheme was Harry Duncan McGowan. In a letter he wrote to his wife, Churchill claimed that Vickers and McGowan were key players in his activities.

In the letters he sent Clementine, Churchill did not lay everything on the table, instead they were couched with meanings she most likely knew how to interpret.

For example, from Canada, in August, he wrote his wife, "This 'mass of manoeuvre' is of the utmost importance & must not be frittered away. " He claimed to be investing in the market, with Baruch by his side, little doubt remains about the type of investments he claimed he was making.

Vickers, for his part went on to help found the London Stock Exchange firm of Vickers, da .Costa. Churchill's network, to conduct his financial war against the USA, was intricate and far-reaching. Vickers' strategic role was perhaps second only to Baruch.

Baruch's business and Wall Street connections, plus the assistance he received in the form of his three brothers having their own brokerage firms on Wall Street helped Churchill's strategy immensely.

Vicker's son, Ralph Cecil Vickers, took over the helm in 1972. In 1984 Citicorp took control of Vickers da Costa. According to Vickers da Costa Group's "background and organisation - structure and history": purchase of Vickers da Costa is just part of Citicorp's program to expand its activities of the Group, and lesser percentages in the London Stock Exchange and United States operations.

Horace Vicker's daughter, Joan Vickers, was titled Baroness in 1974, she had served as a Conservative MP from 1955 through 1974.

As for the 67-year-old Charles Michael Schwab, Churchill owed him a great deal. Schwab had been President of Carnegie Steel from 1897 through 1903. From 1903 until his death in 1939 he headed, the company he founded, Bethlehem Steel.

In 1915 Schwab committed himself to assisting England in the war effort by building submarines at Churchill's request. Schwab assembled the submarines in Montreal to avoid any conflict with the official "neutral" position the USA had taken during the early stages of war in Europe. For

his continued support of England, Schwab was given the title of vice-president of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain in 1926. Schwab retained the title until his death in 1939.

> In 1985 Citicorp merged Scrimgeour, another one of London's oldest financial institutions into the fold. Together they form a powerful entity ht world markets.
>
> London
>
> Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Finance Limited Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken International Limited Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Limited
> Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Securities Limited
>
> Hong Kong
>
> Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Asia Pacillc Limited Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Hong Kone Limited Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Hong Kong Futures Limited
> Citicorp Scrimgeour Vicken Hong Kong Securities Limited
>
> Melbourne Victoria Australia
>
> Citicorp Scrlmgeour Vickers Australia P/L

Sunday 08/11/29

MARKETS CLOSED

Churchill drove into the rural area surrounding Quebec and visited with twenty members of a country club.

Later that night Winston complained to Randolph about the sight of the Rothermore paper mill and the uncivilized nature of turning trees into newspapers.

Viewing the mill from his window, Churchill barked, "Fancy cutting down those beautiful trees we saw this afternoon to make pulp for those bloody newspapers, and calling it civilization. "

It was through the use of the very same "bloody papers" network Churchill carried forward his scheme undetected. They also helped him build the popular propaganda for America's support in the next European conflict that he was already planning... support he knew he desperately needed.

Monday 08/12/29
DJ 351 RR 174 UT 127
VOLUME 3.610 MILLION

The group traveled 180 miles via their private railroad car, the Mount Royal, to Montreal.

In the evening Churchill spoke before the Mount Royal Club.

Saturday 08/17/29
DJ 360 RR 178 UT 131
VOLUME 2.227 MILLION

The Churchill gang next visited Niagara Falls. Winston's previous visit to USA was in January 1901. He also visited Niagara at that time and old friends of the Jerome's, his mother's side of the family.

Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill's mother Jennie Jerome was from New York, his grandfather, Leonard Jerome had a seat on the New York Stock Exchange and counted among his closest friends -- the Rockefeller family.

Saturday 08/24/29
DJ 375 RR 179 UT 135
VOLUME 2.127 MILLION

After traveling westbound through Canada, aboard his train, Winston visited Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Winnipeg, and ended his tour in Vancouver.

Churchill delivered two speeches in Montreal, one in Ottawa, one in Toronto, and two more in Vancouver. All visits included meetings with people of tremendous financial resources. While in Canada, Churchill also visited individuals at financial institutions and the Canadian stock exchanges.

Not by coincidence, Prime Minister Ramsey Mac Donald of Great Britain, after his departure from New York on October 14, 1929, visited the very same cities Churchill visited before arriving in the United States and met with mostly the same individuals.

Wednesday 08/28/29
DJ 372 RR 184 UT 134
VOLUME 3.956 MILLION

Churchill and his three family members left Banff via automobile and headed west, through the Canadian Rockies, toward Vancouver.

Friday 8/30/29
DJ 380 RR 188 UT 140
VOLUME 4.573 MILLION

Saturday 8/31/29
MARKETS CLOSED

Churchill and his three family members arrived in Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

Tuesday 9/03/29
DJ 381 RR 189 UT 142
VOLUME 4.439 MILLION

The market continued to rise the entire length of time Churchill was in Canada. It peaked on September 3, 1929. Churchill entered the USA just a few days later.

After the Dow Jones Index rose to 381, it never reached that peak again until 1954, 25 years later!

DAY 1- USA

Saturday 09/07/29
DJ 377 RR 186 UT 143
VOLUME 2.592 MILLION

The foursome arrived in the United States at Puget Sound, near Seattle, Washington. A letter of introduction and diplomatic visa had been provided for Churchill by Charles

G. Dawes, former vice-president of the USA under President Coolidge from 1925 through 1929. At the time Dawes was the USA ambassador to Great Britain.

USA Customs Service agents vigorously inspected the Churchill's baggage claiming they were looking for guns and ammunition. Prohibition was in full force, yet Winston Churchill and his cadre had carefully concealed and brought with them numerous flasks containing whisky and brandy.

About the inspection process Winston exhorted,

"Monstrous! Absolutely monstrous!"

After putting on his show of bravado Churchill and Co. were then escorted to their hotel by the USA Chief of Customs.

After their arrival at the hotel they were offered a wide selection of alcoholic beverages, which they gleefully accepted. Later, Churchill met with

John McGill, to reminisce how, in 1897, McGill had served as sergeant, under Churchill, during the Malakand Field campaign in southern Africa.

Churchill also met the daughter of Joseph McKenna, Mrs. Ted Lee. It was Lee's father who had helped Churchill escape from South Africa after being captured in 1899. At the time of his capture, Churchill claimed to be in South Africa working as a war correspondent. Churchill was riding aboard an armored train carrying soldiers and supplies when th.e train was derailed by Boer warriors - an ambush followed.

At age 25, Churchill was captured and taken prisoner. As he claimed, many times later in his life, he was only an innocent bystander. Most readers will likely form a different opinion after reading the pages that follow.

Joseph McKenna, Lee's father, had worked for diamond-mine magnate Cecil Rhodes. Winston referred to McKenna as "Mac" in Churchill's book My Early Years. Cecil Rhodes was a cherished friend of Winston Churchill.

As insight for the reader, it was through Cecil Rhodes, not just luck, that Churchill made his escape from South Africa. Churchill shared in Rhodes beliefs. After joining each other for breakfast at the Burlington Hotel in London on June 2, 1899, Rhodes and Churchill agreed that war in southern Africa was imminent.

By October 11, 1899, just four months later, war had indeed begun. Cecil Rhodes died in 1902; but before doing so, Rhodes had found his "man of action" in Churchill. Churchill followed through on Rhode's dream and lifetime ambition of bringing America back under the wing of Great Britain.

Since it could never be done by waging a military war, Churchill and others began devising an elaborate scheme to regain America through a financial war that was hidden from the American public; and one that if ever revealed; would expose officials at the highest levels of government and business committing a grotesque act of tyranny against the American people.

After meeting with and thanking these two individuals for the contributions they and their families had made in saving his life 30 years earlier, Churchill and Co. departed Seattle aboard their train on the way to Northern California. They traversed through Washington and Oregon, ending their rail journey at Grants Pass, Oregon.

Waiting for them at Grant's Pass was the British Consul

General from San Francisco, Gerald Campbell. From there they continued on their journey using automobiles traveling along the Redwood Highway.

Sunday night they over-nighted in simple roadside cabins.

DAY3

Monday 09/09/29

DJ 374 RR 185 UT 142

VOLUME 4.860 MILLION

After departing their cabins at 10:00AM the group made their way to Napa Valley, and arrived at 1:00PM. After their arrival they were given a tour of George de Latour's vineyard. Latour was a French immigrant, and friend of Bernard Baruch, who operated a winery with an inventory of several million gallons. His wines were supposedly sold for legitimate religious ceremonies around the nation.

After stockpiling for Winston's personal "religion," the group went to an eatery just outside Oakland for a quick lunch to eat and drink "near beer" which Churchill described favorably in great detail in his letters.

Their lunch completed they arrived in Hillsborough, CA, also known as, Heavenly Hillsborough, the well-known suburb of San Francisco.

Bernard Baruch had arranged for the group to meet and stay with the Crocker family at the Crocker estate. The Crocker family, headed by William Crocker, owned one of the largest banks in the state of California. Crocker was another name on the long list of powerful friends Baruch had accumulated over the years.

The group spent the night at the Crocker estate.

DAY4

Tuesday 09/10/29

DJ 367 RR 182 UT 139

VOLUME 4.521 MILLION

Winston and Co. had lunch in the garden at the Crocker estate with the Crocker's married daughter, Mrs. Henry Russell. Mrs. Russell exhausted their entire time during the luncheon discussing and explaining her extensive knowledge of stock tran.sactions. Randolph, Winston's son later wrote he had been bored to death and offended that a woman would be talking about things that should be reserved for men.

After this "successful" lunch meeting Churchill excused himself and tended his "very important correspondence." Tuesday evening Winston was the guest of honor at The Pacific Union Club. The gala event had been arranged by his special host and banker William Crocker.

The Churchills spent the night at the Crocker estate.

DAY 5

Wednesday 09/11/29

DJ 370 RR 183 UT 141

VOLUME 4.793 MILLION

Winston was the guest at a luncheon sponsored by the Bohemian Club. This luncheon had been arranged by the British Consul General.

Wednesday evening Churchill was the guest Dr. W. W. Campbell of the University of California's Lick Observatory. The Churchills spent another night at the luxurious Crocker estate.

DAY6

Thursday 09/12/29

DJ 366 RR 181 UT 139

VOLUME 5.017 MILLION

Early in the morning Winston and Co. departed the San Francisco Bay Area and headed for the Crocker estate at Pebble Beach and spent the night there.

Churchill was busy working on his correspondence and remained in regular contact with Bernard Baruch through Baruch's mysterious, lifetime secretary Mary Boyle. Baruch had left for Europe in July. He met with Churchill in London before Churchill departed for the USA in August.

When questioned about Mary Boyle, Baruch feigned any personal insight or knowledge about the woman who handled every detail of his business transactions for nearly 60 years. He claimed he did not even know where she lived.

When Baruch died in June 1965 (just a few months after his friend Churchill) Mary was still around and was the key person who provided the lawyers in probate court with pertinent information they were not able to ascertain elsewhere.

"In the end truth will conquer." John Wycliffe 1320-1384

DAY7

Friday 09/13/29

DJ 366 RR 181 UT 139

VOLUME 5.017 MILLION

Winston and Co. arrived in San Simeon and met with publishing magnate Randolph Hearst for the very first time.

Hearst's empire was a powerful one that included a daily circulation dynasty of over fifteen-million readers. The Hearst empire grew to include a long list of print and broadcast media.

Newspapers

Albany Knickerbocker News Union-Star
Albany Times
Baltimore News American
Boston Herald American
Edwardsville Intelligencer (IL)
Huron Daily Tribune (MI)
Los Angeles Herald-Examiner Midland Daily News (MI) Midland
Reporter-Telegram (TX)
Plainview Daily Herald (TX)
Seattle Post-Intelligencer
San Francisco Examiner (50% interest)
Sunday Examiner & Chronicle (50% interest)

Broadcasting

WBAL-TV Baltimore
WISN-TV Milwaukee
WTAE-TV Pittsburgh
WBAL-AM
WIYY-FM Baltimore
WISN-AM
WLPX-FM Milwaukee
WTAE-AM
WXKX-FM Pittsburgh
WAPA-AM San Juan

Magazines & Book Publishing

Arbor House
Avon Books
Hearst Books
American Druggist
Colonial Homes

CosmopoliJan
Country Living
Good Housekeeping
Harper's Bazaar
House Beautiful
Motor
Motor Boating & Sailing
Populor Mechanics
Science Digest
Sports Afield
Town & Country

Churchill and Co. were guests at Hearst's $30 million castle for the next several days. Churchill had written Hearst in the summer of 1929 that, "We must meet to discuss the future of the world, even if we cannot decide it."

Hearst agreed via return mail and invited Churchill to visit. For the next week Hearst was Churchill's confidant and constant companion. The original idea of the two men meeting had been proposed by their mutual friend, Bernard Baruch.

Baruch and Churchill remained very close to Hearst. When Hearst died in 1951 Baruch rushed to carry his old friend's casket to its final place of internment.

The short list of honorary pallbearers revealed the power the media magnate held:

Herbert Hoover - retired President
Douglas Mac Arthur - military leader
Arthur Hays Sulzberger - New York Times
Roy Howard - publishing magnate
Col. Robert R. McCormick - publishing magnate of Chicago
Earl Warren - Supreme Court Justice

DAY 8

Saturday 9/14/29

According to a New York Times article:

18 year-old Patrick Moynihan arrived Friday, September 13, with his father, Lord Moynihan from London. The purpose of his visit was to place young Patrick with a brokerage firm.

Patrick's auspicious arrival preceded the crash of the market by only a few short weeks.

Lord Moynihan returned to London September 15 aboard the liner Olympic.

Bernard Baruch was also aboard the Berengaria. Baruch had just returned from his visit to Europe. Part of the purpose Baruch claimed for his trip was to inspect the medicinal springs in Germany with eleven other "inspectors."

Baruch told reporters about his trip to Germany:

> "There were eleven men in the first cabin in the Berengaria who went to Germany to take the cure. They could have saved time and money by taking the waters of Saratoga and have received every bit as much benefit as they did abroad "

DAY 8

Saturday 09/14/29

DJ 367 RR 182 UT 140

VOLUME 2.141 MILLION

Hearst took Churchill & Co. on an incredible p1cmc, complete with vast quantities of food, champagne and other goodies. Hearst even provided a "hillbilly" band!

The picnic also included Hearst's mistress former MGM starlet, Marion Davies, who secretly lived at the castle, with the unhappily married Hearst. This fact did not seem to trouble Churchill. He said that the two women provided Hearst with a spectrum of different views and philosophies about the world.

Winston met with Hearst and held other discussions with key "money" people from the area.

DAY9

Sunday 09/15/29 CLOSED

Winston Churchill remained with Hearst and stayed in regular contact with Vickers in London and Baruch in New York.

Together they were putting the finishing touches on the economic blizzard they and their co-conspirators had planned to unleash from their headquarters in New York City.

Churchill called them often to be kept "informed on how matters were progressing."

DAY10

Monday 09/16/29

DJ 372 RR 182 UT 142

VOLUME 4.184 MILLION

The final day at San Simeon, preparations were made for the Churchill's 200-mile drive to Los Angeles with Hearst, Davies and others.

DAY11

Tuesday 09/17/29

DJ 368 RR 182 UT 142

VOLUME 4.488 MILLION

Winston & Co. drove 200 miles from San Simeon to Los Angeles - Hollywood - escorted by Randolph Hearst and Winston in the lead car, Jack in the second, John and Randolph in the third car. The three car entourage departed San Simeon with Hearst leading the way.

Hearst and Baruch arranged for Churchill to meet the extremely powerful and incredibly wealthy media tycoon Louis B. Mayer. Together since 1925, Hearst and Mayer, were the powerful and fabulously wealthy rulers of MGM --the movie and media empire of its' time.

DAY12

Wednesday 09/18/29

DJ 370 RR 182 UT 144

VOLUME 4.044 MILLION

A gala luncheon was given in honor of Churchill at MGM. Hundreds of movie stars were told to "turn out" for this event.

In the evening Mrs. Randolph Hearst (Millicent-mother of Hearst's children) gave a dinner in honor of Churchill at their 137 Riverside residence.

In the Tapestry Room a custom-made film was presented for all to review in which the background and biography of those present at the dinner was depicted. The evening included an extravagant feast and dancing in the gallery. It also served as an opportunity for a large body of the conspirators to meet inconspicuously.

The following is only a partial list of those in attendance:

Sir Joseph Duveen - later known as Baron of Millbank

Art dealer and friend to the rich and famous, including Andrew Mellon, Jules Bache and Ramsey Mac Donald. In 1931, while most other art dealers were gasping for air to stay alive, Duveen was swimming in an ocean of money.

He and his wife were host and hostess of the party for British Prime Minister, Ramsey Mac Donald, in New York on October 12, 1929, at their extravagant, art-filled home. •

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor

Real-estate magnate and grand-father-in-law to Felix Warburg's grand-daughter Daphne.

Mr. and Mrs. William K Vanderbilt

As one of the wealthiest families in America, the Vanderbilt's experience with the Churchill clan is a story unto itself! The Vanderbilt's controlled large stakes in the USA railroad industry.

This tale is one of the most telling of the Duke of Marlborough's (Winston's cousin) family schemes to acquire riches no matter the means. The Marlborough name is the longest standing name in England's list of dukedoms. Winston's cousin was in desperate need of cash to fix up Blenheim Palace. To get the money he needed, he married the Vanderbilt's daughter Consuela. Winston's cousin divorced Consuela 13 years later and the Vanderbilt's paid the Duke $9 million.

In addition as part of his contract the Duke also received $100,000 annually toward upkeep of his castle.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould

Grandson of Wall Street speculator and plunger -- in 1869 the elder Gould tried to corner the gold market; he was also well-known for his numerous acts of bribing legislators for favors to acquire advantages in his vast railroad holdings.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Bayard Swope

Editor of NY World - Baruch's crony and speech-writer; brother of Gerard, president of General Electric.

Mr. and Mrs. Conde Nast

Fashion publisher of Vogue and Vanity Fair magazines also very good friends with Bernard Baruch. Nast was also the employer and mutual friend of Clare Booth Luce, who was perhaps Baruch's most cherished lover, although the list was a long one.

Mrs. William H. Crocker

Wife of one of the wealthiest bankers in the USA at the time. In addition Crocker was director or officer of numerous railroad, mining, and lumber organizations.

Also:
Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard
Mr. and Mrs. James W. de R. Whitehouse
Mr. and Mrs. John C. Waterbury
Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brisbane
Mr. and Mrs. Gurnee Munn
Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guiness
Mr. and Mrs. Beverly Bogert
Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury
Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon Moore
Mr. and Mrs. John C. King
Mr. and Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas
Mr. and Mrs. Allen Gouveneur Wellman
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Blyth
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hays Smith
Mrs. Charles Rumsey
Mrs. Robert Hays Smith
Mrs. Duer Blake
Miss Marian Gray
Miss Eleanor Barry
Mr. Charles Hayden
Mr. James McVickar
Mr. Preston Pope Satterwhite
Mr. Lytle Hull
Mr. Will H. Hays
Mr. George Jean Nathan
Major John "Jack" Churchill -- Winston's brother Sir Charles and Lady Mendl
Lord Feversham
Prince Serge Obolensky
Princess Aymon de Faucigny Lucinge

DAY 15

Thursday 09/19/29

DJ 369 RR 183 UT 144
VOLUME 4.134 MILLION

Churchill worked diligently to continue his elaborate scheme to blast the USA stock market. The clock was ticking and Churchill, with the help of a cast of hundreds, was sowing the seeds of a mass financial destruction -- the likes of which had never been seen before.

In just another 5 weeks he would unleash this incredible scheme against the citizens of the USA Its reverberations would be felt around the world for decades to come.

Churchill met with the E. F. Hutton's brokerage

· representative, William Van Antwerp. Protected from the inquisitive minds and prying eyes of New Yorkers, Baruch recommended Churchill use the Wall Street firm of E. F. Hutton's Santa Barbara office.

To further disguise his discussions of stocks he concocted bizarre stories, in which he claimed the purpose of his visits was to purchase stocks for himself as an investment.

If Winston Churchill had chosen anyone for "advice" in purchasing stocks, why would he have chosen Mr. Van Antwerp in Santa Barbara, California? As you already know, Churchill was a friend of all the big players on Wall Street and London. His grandfather, during his time, had a seat on the NYSE and included among his friends the Rockefellers and the Vanderbilts. What about his close financial advisors Bernard Baruch, Horace Vickers, and Harry McGowan?

Winston was a sly old fox, to beat a fox... you've got to think like a fox!

It was not stock advice and stock purchases that Churchill

was discussing with Bill Van Antwerp, it was outright stock manipulation!

He claimed Van Antwerp recommended Simmons, a USA furniture company. Simmons was one of the stocks that was "worked" and hardest hit by the plungers in the crash.

Working closely with veteran stock manipulator Tom Bragg of W. E. Hutton in their New York office and Van Antwerp in

E. F. Hutton's Santa Barbara office, Churchill continued to consolidate his financial terrorist's network.

> ***"Anybody who has Simmons stock and holds it will make lots of money."***
>
> Arthur Cutten quoted in the *Economist* October 1929

Stock Exchange Practices, hearings held from February through March 1933 proved Cutten was only one of a larger group that included Percy Rockefeller, Bernard Smith and others who were involved in a large-scale scheme to rig the market in 1929!

Where were the Churchill's staying the final week of the Crash? With Percy Rockefeller!

Tom Bragg's partner, Bernard "Sell'em Ben" Smith had his seat on the New York Stock Exchange purchased for him by Percy Rockefeller. It was a major investment for someone of such modest beginnings. In 1905 NYSE membership ranged in price from $72,000 to $85,000; by 1925 the price had risen to the $99,000 to $150,000 range. At the end of 1992 the price for membership had skyrocketed to between $410,000 and $600,000!

Ben Smith had started out life at the very bottom, growing up in an impoverished area known as Hell's Kitchen. Before he took his seat on the NYSE he had been Percy Rockefeller's personal chauffeur.

Rockefeller had taught his young stooge well; now Smith lived like a king and was employed to further enhance the wealth of one of the richest men in the world. All at the cost of millions of hard working Americans.

Never content with enormous wealth, the Rockefellers never ceased their attempts of acquiring more wealth, no matter the means.

In 1923 John D. Rockefeller Jr., paid $7,435,169 in taxes. He easily lead the pack as the person to pay the highest taxes in the USA that year. Following him in position two and three were Henry Ford, $2,467,000 and Secretary of the Treasury, Andrew Mellon who paid $1,173,987 in taxes.

Since Mellon was later investigated for and charged with tax evasion it probably should have been substantially more.

INTERESTING FACTS:

In 1935, Mellon's attorney told the media that since the inception of the income tax in 1913 and subsequent years including 1933, Mellon had paid $21,223,473 in income taxes. His personal income during that period of time exceeded $100 million dollars.

To put that in some perspective of real dollars, Henry Ford was paying his assembly line workers $5 a day. An assembly line worker for Henry Ford would have had to work 20 million hours to achieve the same status as Andrew Mellon. Considering the fact that had an average Ford employee worked 2,000 hours a week and had a productive life of 40 years, equaling 80,000 hours at $5 an hour his total lifetime salary would have been only $400,000. The average man of the 1920's would have to live and work the equivalent of 250 lifetimes to earn what Andrew Mellon stole from honest-hard working Americans in only twenty years!

To put it in perspective another way, Ford employees earned

$5 a day. Today they earn about $120 a day. That's 24 times greater than what they earned in the 1920's. If you multiplied Mellon's wealth by 24 fold that would make his twenty-year fortune worth over $2.4 billion!

DAY14

Friday 09/20/29

DJ 362 RR 182 UT 144

VOLUME 4.882 MILLION

Winston and Co. were given a Hollywood tour of studios and had their lunch at the Montmartre Club.

In the afternoon Churchill and Co. went swimming in Marion Davies heated marble pool at her beach house in Santa Monica. In the evening, Hearst's mistress threw a gala bash for the Churchills.

The party included sixty guests and famous MGM movie stars, among them was Charlie Chaplin, Winston Spencer Churchill, and Charles Spencer Chaplin who talked until 3 in the morning.

Charlie Chaplin himself was from England, born Charles Spencer Chaplin in London, 1889. By 1918, at the still modest age of 29, Chaplin had built the Chaplin Studios in Hollywood.

Churchill and his party moved on to Los Angeles and stayed for five nights, at the Biltmore Hotel. Their bills, Winston wrote to Clementine "were all paid for by a hearty banker James R. Page." Included in those bills were Churchill's mention of "every kind of liquor." He was very happy.

James Rathwell Page was 45 years old in 1929. At the age of 30 he entered investment banking. In 1927 he was vice-president of the Los Angeles First National Bank. By 1930 he was president of California Bank. In 1936 he headed up Page, Hubbard, & Asche. From 1943 through 1952 he was President of the Greenwich Corporation.

DAY15

Saturday 09/21/29

DJ 361 RR 181 UT 144

VOLUME 2.063 MILLION

Churchill met again with Hearst, Mayer and others.

DAY16

Sunday 09/22/29

MARKETS CLOSED

Churchill enjoyed deep-sea fishing aboard the Hearst yacht off Catalina Island.

In reality this was a meeting of tremendous importance and secrecy. Offshore in the Pacific, Churchill was assured no one could "overhear" their financial strategies.

DAY17

Monday 09/23/29

DJ 350 RR 181 UT 143

VOLUME 4.391 MILLION

Churchill and his brother Jack dined with former Secretary of Treasury, William Gibbs McAdoo, another Baruch crony whose presidential ambitions Baruch had unsuccessfully attempted to further earlier in the 1920's. This meeting provided further insight which Churchill needed to completely understand the inner sanctum of the United States Treasury and its' operations.

DAY18

Tuesday 09/24/29

DJ 352 RR 179 UT 141

VOLUME 4.409 MILLION

Churchill went back the MGM studios and met with Hearst and Mayer to go over, for the final time, in person, their strategies before leaving for his next major meeting on October 2, in Chicago with Bernard Baruch and a group of Chicago bankers and financial tycoons.

DAY19

Wednesday 09/25/29

DJ 352 RR 177 UT 140

VOLUME 4.957 MILLION

Churchill & Co. bid their co-conspirators, Hearst, Mayer, Davies, and others, farewell and drove east to Yosemite National Park.

DAY20

Thursday 09/26/93

DJ 355 RR 178 UT 143

VOLUME 4.004 MILLION

The foursome traveled via automobile through the High Sierras and Mojave desert east to the South Rim of the Grand Canyon where Charles Schwab's train was waiting.

DAY21

Friday 09/27/29

DJ 344 RR 175 UT 141

VOLUME 4.391 MILLION

Traveled through southern California.

DAY22

Saturday 09/28/29

DJ 347 RR 175 UT 141

VOLUME 2.205 MILLION

Traveled though southern Nevada and northern Arizona.

DAY23

Sunday 09/29/29

MARKETS CLOSED

Arrived at the Grand Canyon and spent time resting and sightseeing.

DAY24

Monday 09/30/29

DJ 343 RR 173 UT 139

VOLUME 3.212 MILLION

Winston & Company departed from the Grand Canyon South Rim aboard President of Bethlehem Steel's, Charles Schwab's, private railroad car on their way to Chicago pulled along by a Santa Fe engine.

The British Consul-General in San Francisco, Gerald Campbell wrote to Churchill that his trip to San Simeon (with Hearst) had produced "wonderful and immediate results amongst those who, up to recent times, have been antagonistic towards us and our interests'.

DAY25

Tuesday 10/01/29

DJ 342 RR 172 UT 136

VOLUME 4.523 MILLION

The Churchill group traveled via train from Arizona through New Mexico, Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, and onto Illinois.

DAY26

Wednesday 10/02/29

DJ 344 RR 173 UT 137

VOLUME 3.368 MILLION

The Churchill, quartet, as well as Lord Feversham, arrived in Chicago aboard their private railroad car. They were met by Bernard Baruch on the train platform and a couple of prominent Chicago businessmen.

Churchill was given a tour of the Armour meat processing plant in the afternoon and in the evening had dinner with a group of Chicago bankers and speculators.

Baruch's connections in the Chicago area were well-known. In the mid 1920's Baruch bought a seat for his brother, Sailing Baruch, on the Chicago Board of Trade. This way he could better maneuver his holdings in the New York Cotton Exchange.

DAY27

Thursday 10/03/29

DJ 329 RR 170 UT 128

VOLUME 4.747 MILLION

Churchill and Baruch met privately with the Chicago money and power brokers.

From Chicago they began to test how their plan would go in just three weeks.

In the final hour of trading 1,500,000 shares swamped the market. US Steel dropped by 10 dollars. This was only a test of things to come.

DAY28

Friday 10/04/29

DJ 325 RR 168 UT 127

VOLUME 5.624 MILLION

Churchill and Baruch continued their meetings with the money and power people of Chicago.

Churchill spoke before members of the Commercial Club gathered at the Blackstone Hotel and told them the importance of having a USA-British naval pact, so that if it were ever used, it would be together for the preservation of peace.

> Ramsey Mac Donald officially arrived in the USA with his 26 year-old daughter Ishbel. That was the first time a Prime Minister of Great Britain had ever visited the USA while in office.

They were greeted with great enthusiasm, by a ticker-tape parade through Manhattan.

Although disguised as a mission of military naval agreements and discussions with politicians, including President Hoover, there was a more significant agenda attached to the meetings during his two-week visit to the USA and Canada.

DAY29

Saturday 10/05/29

DJ 341 RR 171 UT 123

VOLUME 2.452 MILLION

Winston, Jack, their sons, and Lord Feversham left Chicago in the evening bound for New York along with Bernard Baruch in his private railroad cars.

DAY30

Sunday 10/06/29

MARKET CLOSED

Churchill and Co. arrived in New York and checked into the Savoy Plaza Hotel at Fifth Avenue and fifty-ninth Streets.

DAY31

Monday 10/07/19

DJ 345 RR 175 UT 135

VOLUME 4.262 MILLION

Churchill met with Baruch and other financial titans from around the USA, Wali Street, Canada, and Europe.

DAY32

Tuesday 10/08/29

DJ 345 RR 175 UT 136

VOLUME 3.758 MILLION

Winston Churchill shared the dais at the Bond Club with F.E. Smith, Churchill's colleague in the British government while Churchill was Chancellor of the Exchequer a few years earlier.

Chancellor of the Exchequer Churchill and Norman Montague of The Bank of England, urged Benjamin Strong of the New York Federal

Reserve to ease credit in the United States so that dollars would flow to England's higher interest rates..

It was with those same dollars that Churchill and many in his group invested in the USA stock market and subsequently pulled out to crash the USA economy and collapse it into an 11-year financial depression.

On April 28, 1925, Churchill returned Great Britain to the gold standard.

Ironically, at the very same time, the New York branch of the Federal Reserve gave the Bank of England a $200 million credit and J.P. Morgan gave the British Treasury a $100 million credit!

Churchill's actions plunged England's economy into ruins. He had pegged the pounds so high that it was impossible for the merchants of England to sell their goods around the world.

Next he constructed trade barriers and raised tariffs to high levels to protect what remained of the fragile British economy under his incredibly inept financial blunders.

By 1931 Churchill took Great Britain off the gold standard. In 1933 another one of Bernard Baruch's closest friends and admirers, Franklin Roosevelt, did the exact same thing in the United States!

While the USA suffered during the 1930's, Great Britain did fantastically well all things considered.

As the Great Depression gained momentum in the USA, British economist John Maynard Keynes bragged during the 1930's, "England is really richer than she has ever been before, succeeding in bearing a burden of taxation, debts, and standard of living which is twice as great as that of any other country."

The 1930's was the only decade of the 20th. century which Great Britain prospered more than the USA

How could it be that Great Britain was just a few years earlier on the edge of financial collapse and suddenly switched places with the world's most powerful and richest economy? Where did England's overnight riches appear from?

The answers to these questions are found in the strange manipulations of foreign currencies, interest rates, and tracking the world-wide movements of gold during the period beginning in 1925. It could also be found, to a lesser degree, on the tax returns of the key individuals and corporations that played a major role in the disaster on Wall Street.

> "Time's glory is to calm contending kings, to unmask falsehood and bring truth to light." Shakespeare

DAY 33

Wednesday 10/09/29

DJ 345 RR 175 UT 136

VOLUME 3.157 MILLION

Churchilll met with Baruch and other key players.

DAY 34

Thursday 10/10/29

DJ 352 RR 177 UT 139

VOLUME 4.000 MILLION

Two weeks before Black Thursday, more meetings with Baruch; all plans were on schedule. Churchill was scheduled to depart October 30, 1929 -- their time for action was closing in.

Ramsey Mac Donald was Tom Lamont's dinner guest. Lamont was senior partner at J.P. Morgan, one of the oldest and most powerful banking institutions in the world at the time.

> *The remedy is for people to stop watching the ticker, listening to the radio, drinking bootleg gin, and dancing to jazz; forget the new economics and prosperity founded upon spending and gambling, and return to the old economics and prosperity based upon saving and working.*
>
> Tom Lamont, 1930

DAY35

Friday 10/11/29

DJ 352 RR 178 UT 138

VOLUME 3.964 MILLION

Later that evening Prime Minister Ramsey Mac Donald, attended a party that was given in his honor at the home of Sir Joseph and Lady Duveen in their home at 15 East 91st. St. There were 46 guests in attendance. Among them:

Mac Donald's daughter Ishbel
Sir Joseph and Lady Duveen
Mr. Winston Churchill
Mr. Jack Churchill Lord Feversham
Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Baruch Mrs. Elbert H. Gary
Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien

Mr. and Mrs. George Blumenthal

Blumenthal was a senior partner in his father-in-laws' international banking company Lazard Freres. Mrs. Blumenthal was the sister of Eugene Meyer, Bernard Baruch's dear friend and business partner and Federal Reserve Governor. Florence (Meyer) Blumental died in 1930 in France where the Blumethals made their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Hermann Kahn

Chief of Kuhn Loeb, international investment bank and intimate friends with the Baruch clan. Kahn's money never dried up during the Great Depression. Kahn's company, partners, and affiliates raked in hundreds of millions of dollars during a period when others were either pulling in or losing their horns. During the summer of 1930, like his friend Jules Bache, Kahn spent several weeks in Europe. Kahn and his wife spent eight weeks in France and England. They returned to the USA on the anniversary of the Crash of '29 on October 29 1930. In 1929 Kahn's, estate was the second highest taxed property in Huntington, Long Island, NY. His $2.5 (1929 dollars!) Jericho Turnpike Norman castle was second only to Marshall Field's $3 million, 1500 acre estate! His castle had 170 rooms, 11 reflecting pools, an 18-hole golf course, private zoo, a dining room for 200. The estate required a staff of 120 servants. As luxurious as it sounds, the Morgan bankers made Kahn's lifestyle look like a pauper in comparison of their ostentatious displays of wealth!

Mr. Jules S. Bache

Founder of J.S. Bache & Co. another Baruch crony. One of his wealthy customers, A.P. Cristy, lost millions on Bache's advice to keep buying into the bear market of 1929. Penniless, Cristy went to Bache's office and committed suicide by pointing a pistol to his own head and pulling the trigger!

Mr. Louis Levy

Arrested for and served prison time for being a non-licensed broker!

Miss Rosa Ponselle

Mr. Edsel Ford

Son of Henry, for his 21st. birthday, Henry gave Edsel $1 million in gold!

Elsewhere the same day

Hoover cabled Japanese Emperor Hirohito the following:

His Imperial Majesty, Hirohito, the Emperor of Japan, Tokyo, Japan:

I cannot too deeply express my appreciation for your Majesty's kind message and do assure you it was a pleasure to me .and my fellow officials to meet the officers of the Japanese training squadron. Permit me to express my congratulations on the splendid showing made by the Japanese midshipmen when reviewed by me.

HERBERT HOOVER

DAY36

Saturday 10/12/29

MARKETS CLOSED

Early in the morning Winston and Jack sent their sons back to England aboard the liner Berengaria.

Winston's son, Randolph needed to return to his studies at Oxford. Randolph, like Baruch, later had a steamy love affair with Clare Booth Luce.

Churchill met with British Prime Minister Ramsey Mac Donald at Hotel Weylin 40 East 34th. St. for a birthday party given in Mac Donald's honor. A large cake with 63 candles was presented to Mac Donald.

From his daughter lshbel, Ramsey Mac Donald received an auspicious and revealing birthday gift - a child's writing slate. On the slate was written, "Let us reckon up our debits and credits."

Adolf Ochs, publisher of The New York Times, and media and financial co-conspirator, also attended the party. Adolf Ochs was the publisher of the paper that claimed as its' motto, "ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT"

As you'll realize after reading this book, Ochs and his staff must have felt at the time, that there was an awful lot of news NOT FIT TO PRINT!

DAY36

Saturday - Noon

Ramsey Mac Donald's entourage left his hotel via chauffeured automobiles and went to 860 Park Avenue to have lunch with friends.

After lunch Mac Donald, daughter lshbel, a long-time family friend Miss Lillian Wald, and others began a most bizarre and secretive journey. Via automobile they received a police escort as far as the Holland Tunnel, from there, they continued on their journey.

Miss Lillian Wald was the director of the Henry Street Settlement in lower Manhattan. Betty Loeb, second wife of Solomon Loeb, urged her husband and Jacob Schiff to sponsor Wald's efforts for social relief programs. Schiff agreed to assist the Solomon and Betty Loeb in their efforts to finance Wald. Waid had grown up in Rochester, NY; her wealthy family had known the Loeb clan for many years.

In 1873, Jacob Schiff, with his enormous pocketbook joined the banking house of Kuhn Loeb in New York City. From its humble beginnings as a clothing firm in Cincinnati, at the turn of the century, today Kuhn Loeb has grown to immense proportions and strength. The history and details behind their business partnership is a story unto itself.

Now this tightly knit group were on their way to rest at the estate of Wald's sponsors in Saugatuck, CT.

DAY37

Sunday 10/13/29

MARKET CLOSED

Although newspaper reporters and film crews had followed the entourage to Saugatuck, they were stopped miles away from the estate by state police.

Mac Donald claimed he did not want to be bothered by the news media. Since he later told reporters he had been apple picking, among other things, his activities while at the estate were unusually secretive.

He probably also would have preferred that his private meeting at the home of international banker Felix Warburg had not been mentioned by the press either.

The meeting took place at Felix Warburg's Westchester County estate, where Mac Donald claimed they "just had a little tea."

Felix's brother, Paul, was the architect of the Federal Reserve nearly 20 years earlier. Warburg and his banking family were all intimate friends and business partners of the Schiff and Loeb families as well. In addition to business relations, the bonds went much further; in 1895 Felix married Frieda Schiff and his brother married Nina Loeb.

When Aby Warburg, one of Felix's four brothers, married Mary Hertz, daughter of Yellow Cab and rental car magnate John Hertz, in 1897, the consolidation of finance and commerce continued on its merry path! Along that path Felix Warburg's grand-daughter, Felicia, married into the Sarnoff family by exchanging vows with Robert Sarnoff, the son of the chairman of RCA and NBC. After Sarnoff, Felicia married Franklin Roosevelt, Jr.

After finishing the business that took him on his journey to visit Warburg, Mac Donald returned to Manhattan. In White Plains, six motorcycle policemen escorted them to the ferry, via the ferry over the Hudson to Dyckman Street. From there he was once again escorted by the motorcycle policemen and proceeded down Riverside Drive to 110th Street, east to Central Park through the park to Fifth Avenue and fifty-ninth Street, near the Savoy Plaza Hotel.

Lillian Waid left Saugatuck earlier in the day to return to Manhattan. Later that evening she prepared dinner for Mac Donald, Ishbel, and a group of other dignitaries at Henry Street Settlement.

DAY37

Sunday 10/13/29

Winston and Jack drove south and viewed the Civil War battlefields of Gettysburg while on their way to visit Charles Schwab in Bethlehem, PA.

DAY38

Monday 10/14/29

DJ 350 RR 177 UT 136
VOLUME 2.736 MILLION

At 8:40AM, Ramsey Mac Donald, Ishbel and a small official delegation left New York City aboard a special train on the New York Central Railroad. By 5:15PM, Mac Donald had arrived in Buffalo, NY. At 6:25PM, Mac Donald arrived at Niagara Falls as a guest of the New York State Reservation Commission. The itinerary for Mac Donald was to visit Toronto on Tuesday go onto Ottawa, Montreal, and finally leave from Quebec on October 25 via the Duchess of York of the Canadian Pacific fleet. This was virtually the same route that Churchill followed as he began his journey in August.

Ramsey MacDonald's interesting itinerary

Over 1,000 members of the Investment Bankers Association of America, with over 500 from New York, began their annual convention at the Chateau Frontenac in Quebec, Canada.

On Black Thursday, MacDonald, arrived in Quebec. On the following day, Friday, MacDonald was the guest of honor at Chateau Frontenac. MacDonald departed for England the same day, with Ishbel's chalkboard message partially fulfilled, the following Tuesday, Churchill completed the balance of his mission.

DAY38

Monday 10/14/29

Churchill's activities

Winston, Jack, and Bernard Baruch were given a personalized tour of Charles Schwab's Bethlehem Steel plant. This single mill produced as much steel as all of Great Britain combined. As great as its' output Bethlehem Steel produced only one-third of all USA steel.

Churchill had benefited greatly from his past experiences with Schwab. In 1914, Schwab secretly built and delivered 20 submarines to Great Britain, in just 6 months, during The Great War, the war to end all wars, or what became known as World War I, because of an even greater tragedy of war that followed almost twenty years later.

Submarines were built by Schwab and delivered to Great Britain, although at that point in time the United States had declared it's neutrality in the European conflict.

This provides further evidence of the group of characters who maintained close and constant companionship all of their lives and the type of activities in which they played major roles in.

Since, in the mid and late 1920's Great Britain teetered on the edge of bankruptcy, Churchill needed an enormous capital infusion to wage the war Great Britain's agents and Churchill were already planning against Germany.

DAY39

Tuesday 10/15/29

DJ 347 RR 177 UT 134
VOLUME 3.107 MILLION

Winston, Jack, and Bernard Baruch arrived in Washington and started talks with key USA Government leaders; among them Vice-president Charles Curtis and Senate Democratic Party leader Joe T. Robinson.

Baruch knew Democratic Senate leader Joe T. Robinson very, very well. It was in 1926 that Baruch invested $60,000 in Southwest Joint Stock Land of Little Rock, Arkansas. Robinson up until that time had been the major investor in this bank.

Joe Robinson was a frequent visitor to Baruch's Hobcaw getaway in South Carolina. There he would go and secretly meet with Baruch to discuss pending legislation before the House of Representatives and seek Baruch's advice and preferences.

Robinson would also bring along other members of Congress to be entertained and persuaded to pass legislation paralleling Baruch's beliefs.

In 1928, it was Joe T. Robinson who received the vice-presidential nod on the ticket with New York Governor Alfred E. Smith.

Baruch's candidate lost to Herbert Hoover the Republican. Baruch knew Hoover, like all men of Washington and around the world, very well.

Baruch served with Hoover under President Wilson on the War Industries Board set up for World War I. In June 1919 Baruch traveled to Brussels, Belgium with Herbert Hoover, who headed the American delegation to the Paris Peace Conference after the conclusion of World War I.

It was Baruch's first financially backed presidential candidate, Woodrow Wilson, who allowed Baruch to fulfill his insatiable appetite for power, greed, and tyranny behind the scenes, using his ill-gotten fortune to build his invisible political dynasty.

The diabolical tool that Baruch used to control and manipulate Wilson was blackmail. Baruch had paid Mrs. Mary Allen Hulbert Peck, $65,000 for the love letters that Wilson had written her during their love affair while the married Wilson served as president of Princeton University.

To ensure that Wilson was malleable to Baruch's wishes, the ominous threat of the destructive nature of his scandalous letters hung over the entire Wilson presidency like an invisible guillotine.

Another one of Baruch's many interesting government business partners was Undersecretary of the Treasury Ogden Mills. In 1932, Mills was given a partnership in Baruch's lucrative Alaska gold mining business!

DAY40

Wednesday 10/16/29

DJ 336 RR 175 UT 126

VOLUME 4.088 MILLION

The secret talks in Washington continued. Baruch and Churchill described to a select Democratic audience their plans. By manipulating a financial catastrophe, they began to lay the groundwork for the next presidential election.

MORE INTERESTING FACTS

Just A Few of Today's Big Players on Wall Street

Stephen Friedman - Goldman Sachs - $26.5 million salary in 1992 Head of Wall Street firm with $1.02 billion of pretax profits in 1992.

Robert Rubin - Goldman Sachs - $26.5 million salary in 1992 Assisted Clinton during his campaign, now part of his adminstration.

Michael David -Weill - Lazard Freres - $21+ salary million in 1992 Worth more than $1 billion, Weill oversees the Lazard offices in New York, Paris, London, Tokyo, and Moscow.

Felix Rohatyn - Lazard Freres - $7+ million salary in 1992

Friend of Bill Clinton who participated in the Little Rock Economic Conference. Rohatyn was on the short-list of candidates for Secretary of Treasury.

Richard Fuld - Lehman Brothers - $lo+ million salary in 1992

After Shearson Lehmans merger with Smith Barney, Fuld was named president.

Richard Fisher - Robert Greenhill - John Mack

Heads of Morgan Stanley, amassed a record $510 million profit in 1992.

Peter Peterson - Chairman, Blackstone Group

Former partner of Lehman Brothers, author of Facing Up, another Simon & Schuster title. His friends, David Rockefeller and Ross Perot love his book, which basically says the middle class need to pay higher taxes and receive less benefits. Peterson also is chairman on the Council on Foreign Relations. Peterson founded the Concord Coalition. Blackstone vice-president Roger Altman joined the

Clinton administration after serving as a key campaign adviser. Peterson's son Michael was a key assistant to Clinton's New York presidential campaign.

George Soros - Soros Fund Management - $650 million + salary in 1992 One man market-maker who single-handedly pushed the value of the German currency down after an article he wrote in late 1993 appeared in the London Times stating the German mark was "too high"

DAY41

Thursday 10/17/29

DJ 341 RR 176 UT 117
VOLUME 3.864 MILLION

Strategies and the future were discussed with key Democratic leaders in Washington. Included in these discussions were Senators Harrison of Mississippi and Pittman of Nevada. After FDR was elected, Pittman became the ranking Democrat on the Foreign Relations Committee and Harrison became the ranking Democrat on the Finance Committee.

It was Baruch who was always called before their committees to provide his "expert" insight and advice.

One of those meetings, in 1933, was an incredibly important; it was decided that the USA would follow England, by removing itself from the gold standard, and in addition prohibit the ownership of gold in this country.

Baruch, of course, maintained his enormous mountain of gold outside the prying eyes of those around him. It was well known that his own stash of gold was vast; Baruch himself literally owned a gold mine in Alaska!

DAY42

Friday 10/18/29

DJ 333 RR 174 UT 122
VOLUME 3.508 MILLION

Churchill visited with President Hoover at the White House. He was accompanied by Lord Feversham and British Embassy counselor Ronald Ian Campbell.

In 1915, Hoover, was working for President Wilson's administration as the administrator of the American Relief Committee. Hoover became well-known for his efforts to send food relief to Belgium, while managing his effort from London.

Foreign Investments in United States About
$7,000,000,000
Economist October 18, 1929 -
page 52

Hoover learned the identities of the plungers and had compiled a list of their names. The names at the top of the list were Bernard Baruch and John J. Raskob. He knew they and other plungers met on Sunday afternoons in New York to plot the following week's strategies.

Senator Frederick Walcott of Connecticut, kept Hoover up-to-date on some of the activities the plotters were organizing.

Later, in January 1932, Hoover demanded that New York Stock Exchange President Richard Whitney come to the White House.

At the meeting Hoover said he knew what the plungers were up to and he was going to convene a congressional investigation into the activities of the people on his list.

While Hoover was readying his forces to tackle the matter another financial crisis developed. The USA bond market was sinking, threatening the entire banking system.

The most powerful man on Wall Street, Tom Lamont, senior partner at J.P. Morgan spoke for a pool of 35 bankers. He went to Washington and told Hoover, Wall Street would pool over $100 million to purchase high-quality bonds and stabilize the bond market. In return Hoover had to call off his dogs on the congressional hearing to investigate the short selling in the market.

Lamont told Hoover if he did not cooperate with Wall Street the pool would not continue to consider its efforts to help him. In addition Lamont told Hoover that if there was any truth to the stories circulating about the short-selling on Wall Street the public did not need to know. Lamont told Hoover that if the public's trust in Wall Street was further eroded, the economy would continue to weaken, eliminating any hope for Hoover's reelection. When he had taken office the economy was booming, by the time of the inauguration of FDR, the economy was sliding into the abyss.

Since Hoover did not call off the dogs, the bond market sank 20% from 81.22 in January 1932, to 65.78, in June of the same year. The Wall Street wolves were merciless in their unrelenting savage attacks.

In the third quarter of 1932 another severe banking crisis developed. In October, Nevada's banks were SHUT DOWN by the governor. In Feb-

ruary, banks in Michigan were SHUT DOWN for eight days. By the time FDR was inaugurated 38 states had SHUT DOWN their banks.

The congressional hearings eventually did take place. The Pecora hearings, as they were known, unearthed a treasure chest of facts and information. It revealed that the so-called heroes on Wall Street were nothing more than dastardly devils.

One of those was Albert H. Wiggin of Chase Bank. In 1929 Wiggin received compensation of $275,000 as head of Chase bank. At the very same time Wiggin was on the boards of 59 various companies!

Armour & Company paid him $40,000, he also received thousands more from other firms.

Wiggin set up numerous dummy corporations here and in Canada. Two of the companies had been named after Wiggin's daughters Murlyn and Shermar.

Between September 23, 1929, and November 4, 1929, Shermer Corporation sold 42,506 shares of Chase stock short! Netting his partners Harry F. Sinclair and Arthur Cutten $891,600!

Using $8 million of money borrowed interest-free from Chase, he shorted Chase stock for six weeks during 1929. Wiggin earned close to $5 million from his inside dealings on shorting the corporation he headed!

Wiggin was replaced by another Rockefeller stooge, Winthrop Aldrich - son of Senator Nelson Aldrich! Winthrop came from the Equitable Trust Company, yet another Rockefeller controlled interest, and took over the reins of Chase. To this day the Rockefellers still control their puppets at Chase. Modern-day power-broker David Rockefeller's mother was Abby Aldrich - daughter of Senator Nelson Aldrich and Winthrop's sister!

Percy Rockefeller was a director at National City Bank, now known as Citibank. Charles Mitchell was the head of National and involved in his own scandal involving millions of dollars of bank resources.

While thousands of banks had closed nationwide, the American public listened to tale after tale told to the Pecora committee how insiders had manipulated stocks during the crash -- all for their own gain.

Other more hideous crimes against the American public were also exposed. These lead all the way up to the White House. Anyone who thinks that this kind of nonsense and back-room deals are not going on in Washington today is naive to say the least.

The House of Morgan, the institution of banking that everyone admired had been caught in the snare as well.

The Morgan legacy of banking on Wall Street is a story unto itself. So enormous was the power of Morgan's wealth no one dared stand in their way. At Christmas in 1928 all of the partners received $1 million! Jack Morgan's luxury yacht, the Corsair, captured world-wide attention. At 343 feet in length it was the largest yacht ever built, it required a crew of fifty to operate. There were fireplaces, elevators, Indian teak paneling, Italian marble floors, gold faucets in the private baths. Although millions lost everything they owned, Jack Morgan and his family's financial momentum never lost any steam.

The list of insiders revealed by Pecora's committee was as incredible as it was long. The numerous pages listed names of prominent individuals who had received "preferred" or special care for their assistance of Morgan's interest!

On the list was President Calvin Coolidge! Coolidge had received 3,000 shares of Standard Brands stock at a special price.

As an example of this, Morgan would offer stocks to people on their preferred list. The stock was available at a very low price. In the case of Standard Brands, the stock was offered at $32 and sold shortly thereafter on an a surging stock market for $41. In Coolidge's case he would have profited $27,000 from Morgan's goodwill.

Also appearing on Morgan's special list was chairman of the Republican National Committee, Charles 0. Hilles.

Hoover's Secretary of the Navy, Charles Francis Adams was also on the Morgan dole.

The list of Democrats was even more spectacular. It included the former Secretary of the Treasury, William McAdoo - confidant to Baruch and Churchill! Incredible as it may sound, McAdoo was one of the people on the Pecora investigation committee because McAdoo was then the USA senator from California!

The list continued to penetrate the Democratic Party. It went right to the heart and soul of it, reaching into FDR's own Treasury secretary William H. Woodin. Woodin was replaced in 1934 by Henry Morgenthau Jr.

The list was a long one. These were just a few of the industry titan's that were on it:

Bernard Baruch
Owen Young of General Electric
Myron Taylor of USA Steel
Walter Teagle of Standard Oil New Jersey

Walter Gifford of AT&T
Sosthenes Behn of ITT
Albert Wiggin of Chase Bank
George F. Baker of First National
Richard Whitney, President of the NYSE
his older brother George Whitney was senior at Morgan
Norman Davis, FDR administration European representative and financial advisor to Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass in the Wilson administration.
General John G. Pershing
The Guggenheim family
The Drexel family
The Biddle family
The Berwind family

A taste of the way the transactions went can be found in this short note sent to Woodin by a Morgan partner in 1929 prior to the crash:

> *I believe that the stock is selling in the market for $35 to $37 a share, which means very little, except that people wish to speculate. We are reserving for you 1,000 shares at $20 a share, if you would like to have it There are no strings tied to this stock, and you can sell it whenever you wish....We just want you to know that we were thinking of you in this connection and thought you might like to have a little of the stock at the same price we are paying for it*

FACT:

Between January 1989 and December 1992 Speaker of the House, Tom Foley earned $100,000 on special initial pubic offering (IPO) deals.
One example:
BOUGHT Walker Interactive for $15,000
SOLD Walker Interactive for $22,750 two days later
As discussed by TIME magazine on August 2, 1993 and the Wall Street Journal July 20, 1993

Foley's Follies extend far back in his career. In Barrons issue August 6, 1979, virtually the same story was told exposing numerous other senators, along with Foley, doing the exact same thing!

DAY43

Saturday 10/19/29

DJ 323 RR 171 UT 117

VOLUME 3.942 MILLION

The trio met with elected officials in Washington and configured their final strategies.

VOLUME: 3,488,100 shares ESTIMATED VALUE LOSS $1 billion

Sample losses on stocks for that day.

	High	Low	Close	Loss
Auburn	390	365	375	15
Westing-house	220	202	202	18
Case	250	210	210	40
Simmons	165	155	155	10

DAY44

Sunday 10/20/29

MARKETS CLOSED

Winston, Jack, and Baruch headed back to New York City for the "big week" on Wall Street.

DAY45

Monday 10/21/29

DJ 320 RR 170 UT 114

VOLUME 6.092 MILLION

Winston and Jack met with Baruch. Baruch was frantic because he did know if he had all of his pieces in place.

During the week of the 20th. Winston and Churchill monitored most of their work from the workspace that Percy Rockefeller had set up for them in his Manhattan office apartment.

Percy Rockefeller was 53 years old. His father was a longtime family friend of Churchill's grandfather Leonard Jerome, another Wall Street manipulator and speculator. Percy was the son of William Rockefeller, chief of the Standard Oil Company, New Jersey.

Standard Oil was another one of the stocks "worked" hardest during the period of the crash.

DAY46

Tuesday 10/22/29

DJ 326 RR 172 UT 119

VOLUME 4.130 MILLION

Winston, Jack, Baruch, spent the entire day and evening on the phones. Although it had been "snowing dollar losses" on Wall Street the real "blizzard" was scheduled to begin, in just two more days, on Thursday.

In October 1929 the New York Times reported the five major reasons for the market weakness as the following:

1. The readjustment of prices to a lower level more commensurate with earnings and immediate prospects.

2. Unanswered margin calls by thousands of small traders whose stocks were sold at the market. The catching of a multitude of stop-loss orders also added to the confusion.

3. Foreign liquidation on a large scale, especially in the railroad stocks, as foreigners had to protect their assets at home.

4. Impressive hammering at the market by bearish traders, with especially skillful short selling by many wealthy individuals.

5. The development of a wave of apprehension among stockholders, many of whom still had profits.

DAY47

Wednesday 10/23/29

DJ 305 RR 167 UT 110

VOLUME 6.369 MILLION

Another frantic day consumed, lining up all the players before the big day -- Black Thursday.

"The banking authorities in the United States apparently want a business panic in the to curb speculation."

The London Statist, May 25, 1929

DAY48

Thursday 10/24/29

DJ 299 RR 165 UT 105
VOLUME 12.895 MILLION

Black Thursday finally arrived. Churchill was at Percy Rockefeller's office apartment and met very early with Baruch who was in close contact with his three brother's Hentz & Company brokerage firm. Baruch's "secret" account there was known only and managed under account number 19. Another long-time group of mutual friends were the Rockefellers of Standard Oil. The Rockefellers had been friends of the Churchill family for a long time. Churchill's own grandfather, an American, had held a seat on the New York Stock Exchange with Rockefeller. The Rockefellers themselves owed a great deal of their success from the Rothschilds and the seed capital for their ventures.

At the opening of the market, gigantic transactions began to take place. Trades in giant "blocks" of 20,000 shares for Kennecott Copper, Sinclair Oil 15,000 shares, Standard Brands 15,000 shares, 13,000 shares Packard Motors, 20,000 shares General Motors quickly overwhelmed the market.

The forces had mobilized and were ready for an all-out assault on the market that would culminate the following Tuesday.

Unable to restrain himself from viewing the carnage first-hand and up close, Churchill visited the New York Stock Exchange at 11:45. There he hovered, like a vulture, above the financial massacre of millions of Americans dreams of the future. Some became so distraught and overwhelmed they committed the only act of dignity they thought they had left - suicide.

Just another in an endless string of lies that would go toward covering up his involvement, Churchill later wrote that, ''just by chance", he happened to be walking down Wall Street "at the worst moment of the panic" past the Exchange when a perfect stranger invited him into the gallery to view the devastation that was going on inside.

The only problem with Churchill's innocuous story is that you'd have to be a complete idiot to believe it.

Furthermore, an aide of Richard Whitney, acting president of the New York Stock Exchange and brother to George Whitney of The House of Morgan, had just delivered to William Crawford, the superintendent of the mechanical department and man who yields the gavel, a message at 9:50AM stating that Churchill was on his way and would be arriving

shortly. It would be Crawford's assignment to make sure, their special guest, Churchill, was well looked after while in the building.

After arriving Churchill did not stay at the Exchange long. Instead he returned to meet with Baruch and monitor the progress of the their big day and begin planning for their next assault -- Black Tuesday, October 29.

Also conducting meetings of their own at the offices of J.P. Morgan were:

Charles Mitchell, National City Bank Chairman
Albert Wiggin, Chase National Bank Chairman
William Potter, Guaranty Trust Co. President
Seward Prosser, Bankers Trust Chairman
Thomas Lamont, Morgan Senior Partner

After the meeting Lamont told reporters that the bankers had met to exchange information and that they had no plans to stabilize the market.

Since it was later discovered, during the Pecora investigations,·that most of them were actively involved in sabotaging the market, Lamont was stating what he seldom spoke -- the truth. It would have been much more interesting for him to describe, in detail, the whole truth to the reporters, how he and his co-conspirators were actually raiding the market and offering a false sense of security and hope to the general public about their secret meeting!

VOLUME: 12,894,650 shares
ESTIMATED 1-DAY NYSE LOSS: OVER $5 BILLION

October 25, 1929 Dow Jones Services:

E. H. H. Simmons, President of the New York Stock Exchange refused to comment about his stock exchange's severe losses after a Dow Jones reporter caught up with him in Honolulu. He claimed he had "been out of touch with the market/or several weeks."

DAY49

Friday 10/25/29
DJ 301 RR 166 UT 106
VOLUME 5.923 MILLION

Winston Churchill spoke as a guest of the Iron and Steel Institute dinner at the Commodore Hotel.

Charles Schwab was there as toastmaster and of course, as always, Churchill's constant companion, Wall Street speculator and plunger Bernard Baruch.

Churchill said in his speech, "We don't want all the good people in the world to disarm while the bad ones remain heavily equipped for war. You are the friends we would like to see most strongly armed. We welcome every growth and development of each arm of the American Navy. "

The New York Times reported 10/25/29 in their Topics in Wall Street column:

> *One of the stories around Wall Street yesterday which encouraged more or less buying at the market's opening was that the Mellon interests had sent representatives to New York from Pittsburgh to buy a long list of first-class industrial and railroad shares.*

Also on the same day the New York Times reported:

> *Almost every market record, many of which had stood for years, was broken yesterday in the wild trading. Sales on the Exchange were 12,894,650 shares, exceeding the previous record by 4,000,000 shares.*

President Hoover issued the following statement:

"The fundamental business of the country, that is production and distribution of commodities, is on a sound and prosperous basis. The best evidence is that although production and consumption are at high levels, the average price of commodities as a whole have not increased and there have been no appreciable increases in stocks of manufactured goods. Moreover, there has been a tendency of wages to increase and the output per worker in many industries again shows an increase, all of which indicate a healthy condition.

"The construction and building material industries have been to some extent affected by the high interest rates induced by stock speculation and there has been some seasonal decrease in one or two other industries, but these movements are of secondary character when considered in the whole situation.

"A temporary drop in grain prices sympathetically with Stock Exchange prices usually happens, but as the Department of Agriculture points out, the overriding fact in grain is that this year's world wheat harvest is estimated to be 500,000,000 bushels less than that of last year, which will result ina very low carryover at the end of the harvest year. "

For the 120 million Americans sacrificed at the altar of Mammon by the vampires and heartless men on Wall Street and the financial demagogues in Europe pulling their long strings across the Atlantic, the pain was excruciating. Even worse, the suffering was only beginning.

The following (advice?) appeared in newsletters rushed to investors and clients at the end of the business day October 24.

Merrill, Lynch & Co. - Two of the city's largest banks advised us that at no time in recent history has so many odd-lot orders for good stock been received by them as this morning. We interpret this as convincing evidence that prices have been driven down too far. Likewise we see in it a hint that the public appetite for stocks is still alive.

J.S. Bache & Co. - A semi-investment-buying demand yesterday approximately offset the adverse effects of forced liquidation and the disposal of a portion of the support stock purchased during the previous session.

E.F. Hutton - The/act that a great volume of stocks was sold while prices remained comparatively steady was an indication of the sort of support the market will receive and the confidence of important interests generally in business conditions and in the value of American securities.

> Hornblower & Weeks - We continue to note the investment possibilities of the leading issues and feel that long pull commitments made at current prices will yield handsome returns.
>
> E. A. Pearce & Co. - Buying of sound seasoned issues now will not be regretted.

These were just a few of the hundreds of "experts" predicting everything was going to be just fine. They were only off by 25 years! As we enter this cycle again in the mid-1990's, please be extra cautious so you do not to fall into the same baited trap!

DAY50

Saturday 10/26/29

DJ 298 RR 166 UT 104

VOLUME 2.088 MILLION

Meetings were held, cables were sent and numerous phone calls were made -- their strategies were all in place. The network was vast and sophisticated -- it was worldwide!

DAY51

Sunday 10/27/27

MARKETS CLOSED

Strategies continued to be refined and moved into place like all the ships before a great battle.

DAY52

Monday 10/28/29

DJ 260 RR 155 UT 86

VOLUME 9.213 MILLION

A busy day spent with Baruch at the helm. A bad day for all Americans and on Wall Street, Tuesday the conspirators and plungers would make it even worse.

	Dollar loss per share	Daily losses in millions
General Electric	$47.5	$342.5
AT&T	$34	$448.9

General Motors	$6.75	$293.6
Eastman Kodak	$41.88	$93.3
Std. Oil New Jersey	$8	$198.7
NY Central RR	$22.5	$104.9

VOLUME: 9,212,800 shares
ESTIMATED NYSE 1-DAY LOSS: Over $14 billion

Plunging-Class 101

To help the unacquainted understand how a "plunger" profited from a sinking market, the following paragraphs briefly describe the tactics used.

If the plunger wanted to buy large quantities of a stock they wished to acquire, one trick was to first buy up a large quantity of a particular stock. Next, after they acquired a sufficient number of shares, the stocks were unleashed onto the trading floors in giant blocks from one professional trader to another. The group of traders generally sold the large blocks amongst themselves in the hope of scaring the public into dumping their "plunging" shares before "John Q. Public lost it all." Instead of paying $150 for a share of a stock, the wolves now purchased stocks for as little as $2 to $3!

To profit from their actions, the wolves only needed to hold on to their ocean of shares until the environment improved. When their $2 stock rebounded to $60 it provided them with a 30 fold return! Such is one of the tactics the plungers use to acquire wealth that is beyond comprehension for even affluent Americans.

The enormous wealth the "family of plungers" conspire to consolidate and control is limited to their inner circle. Sorry folks, admission to the plungers club is by birth or marriage - rarely anything else.

After learning more about this group of individuals it becomes clear that money does not buy happiness. In most cases it almost appears that these families become cursed in some way. Baruch's wonderful wife Annie died in 1938; she was greatly saddened by her lack of grandchildren before she died. After she died at age 65, Eleanor Roosevelt commented

on her very good friend's spouse passing, "I don't know why he wants me to go to the funeral, he never paid any attention to her when she was alive. "

Eleanor Roosevelt received more attention from Baruch than he bestowed upon his own wife. In 1917, during the first world war, Eleanor and FDR listened in while Baruch made love to May Ladenburg. She was the daughter of the senior partner at the banking house of Ladenburg, Thalman and Company, after "bugging" the room with the assistance of military agents, Between the kisses, Eleanor and FDR listened in as May asked Baruch how many locomotives were being sent to Romania among other things.

If anyone knew about Baruch's lack of devotion to his wife, Eleanor knew early on. Their mutual adoration for one another lasted throughout their lives.

Another perfect example of "millionaire unhappiness" was Bernard Baruch's friend on Wall Street and fellow-womanizer, Joseph Kennedy. There was no possible way that Joe Kennedy could have ever imagined the unending tragic chain of horrors and afflictions that his entire family have endured -- for now over half a century!

> "Ill gotten gain brings no lasting happiness; right living does. The Lord will not let a good man starve to death, nor will he let the wicked man's riches continue forever."
>
> Proverbs 10:2-3

DAY53

Tuesday 10/29/29

DJ 230 RR 147 UT 74

VOL 16.410 MILLION

Churchill and Jack remained at Percy Rockefeller's Manhattan office apartment most of the day. Baruch was in contact with numerous players in the USA and Europe as the disaster reached a fever pitch.

Churchill claimed he had lunch with Bernard Baruch. While the worst financial crisis unfolded in American history, one only wonders how Churchill, poor liar that he was, could think that such a story would even be considered believable.

To make matters worse, while the numbers were still being calculated, well past midnight, there was a carefree atmosphere for those present at

Bernard Baruch's Fifth Avenue Mansion where Churchill was the guest of honor.

Over 40 guests were on hand, among them bankers and financiers. For a group of people who later claimed they had just lost everything, the mood was jubilant and ecstatic -- one of celebration!

Churchill himself wrote, "He (Baruch) had gathered around

his table forty or more of the leading bankers and financiers of New York."

Some of those at the party were:

Charles Mitchell, National City Bank
Albert Wiggin, chairman of Chase National Bank
Charles Schwab, Bethlehem Steel
Percy Rockefeller, Standard Oil
John D. Ryan, President of Anaconda Copper
Eugene Meyer, Federal Reserve Governor
Tom Lamont, Senior partner J.P. Morgan
Herbert Bayard Swope, Editor New York World
Adolph Ochs, Publisher New York Times
Gerard Swope, Chairman General Electric
George Blumenthal, Senior partner Lazard Freres
Jules S. Bache, Chairman, J.S. Bache & Co.
Otto Kahn, Chairman, Kuhn Loeb
and over 30 other financial titans.

This list is enough to break any American's heart. That evening was truly one of America's darkest moments. Do not rest easy thinking that a similar party will not occur during the decade of the 1990's to usher in the next Great Depression already being written and spoken about!

Conspicuously absent from the list of the party-goers was the name of George Baker, chairman of First National Bank. Because Baker was not cut in on the deal, he did not have a clue to the real intentions of those attending Baruch's party.

As a result of the market's plunge, Baker's one-day loss was a staggering $14.7 million for just three of the major companies he owned! His market loss on his own 22,000 shares of First National Bank amounted to $44 million dollars from the previous month's peak. Baker, at the time, was also the largest individual owner in AT&T with 63,443 shares and a whopping 76,000 shares of US Steel!

Baker's own losses over the previous six weeks exceeded $100 million. It's no wonder why Baker was not in the mood for celebration.

What other Americans had worked for all their lives, the group of men in Bernard Baruch's mansion were now feasting upon like lions after a great kill.

Little did they know, that the genie, once out of the bottle would be so difficult to put back in.

Cartoon time



The cartoon on the front page of the October 7, 1929, Chicago Tribune accurately portrayed the mind-set of the plungers. In it, an angry bear chases a small group of investors throwing their stock down to the ground in an attempt to flee the bear. Behind the bear, smiling well-dressed men, the cartoonist labeled "the big fellows" happily say to one another, "It's always good picking after a bear raid."

The Tribune cartoonist, McCutcheon, understood very well the actions and reactions of investors to the plungers of Wall Street. He did not realize how accurately his cartoon would actually depict the slaughter on Wall Street just three weeks later.

While millions of Americans were in their homes gnashing their teeth, frightened over what their future held -- the group in Baruch's mansion knew exactly what their future held -- for this evil group of men now had America's future tightly in their grip. The pain of losing everything was too much to bear for quite a few.

On October 29, Anthony Schneider, 60 years old jumped out of his 11-story window in the Beverly Hotel.

Schneider was president of one of the largest cigar manufacturers in the USA During the crash, his company's stock plummeted from $113 to a measly $4 a share.

Schneider was in the morgue while the music played and the champagne flowed at Bernard Baruch's mansion; the celebration continued into the night and the early morning hours of the next day.

The Mac Donald's were most likely whooping it up too. lshbel's slate board prophecy about "credits and debits" were addressed in a most unusual way - to the detriment of the very same Americans who had showered her and her father with a ticker-tape parade upon their arrival in New York just a few weeks earlier!

The volume, that day, had been so high that most of the employees in the accounting departments never left the brokerage firms to go home to sleep! While the brokerage firm employees on Wall Street and other financial capitols around the world tried to straighten out the results of a financial Armageddon, the titans of finance delighted in the most complex financial coup ever perpetrated against any people in all of recorded history!

Samuel Insull, president of Chicago Edison Company, Commonwealth Edison Company, builder of the Chicago Opera House lost everything. In 1938, he committed suicide when he jumped in front of a speeding subway train in France after he learned authorities were looking for him. He died penniless after losing everything to the wolves led by Morgan. Insull appeared on the November 1929 cover of TIME magazine.
The previous week Ivar Krueger, the man who built an empire on match sticks, his "little wooden soldiers" as he liked to call them, also appeared on the very same magazine cover. Like Insull, Krueger lost his entire empire to the wolves and ended his own life after he walked into a Paris gun shop, bought the most expensive gun available and pumped lead into his head.

VOLUME: 16,410,030 shares
ESTIMATED NYSE 1-DAY LOSS: Over $16 billion
1929 ANNUAL BUDGET FOR USA: 3.9 billion

A Penniless Baruch ? NEVER !

Baruch was once asked how many millions he actually had. His reply was, "Right up to the day they put the coffin lid over me, I'll always have a dollar more than I need. " With his diversified international range of resources to hide his actual wealth, in the USA and Europe, it would be nearly impossible to even guesstimate that number.

In 1934 TIME magazine estimated Baruch's wealth around $25 million. That estimate was probably very low. Baruch also gave away many millions of dollars to build support for his invisible political coalition.

Baruch's Wall Street contribution ESTIMATED NYSE OCTOBER LOSS: OVER $40 BILLION!

Day 1 - CHURCHILL'S VISIT
DJ 377 RR 186 UT 143

AFTER HIS 54 DAY VISIT
DJ 230 RR 147 UT 74

PERCENTAGE OF MARKET LOSSES IN 54 DAYSI
DJ 39% RR 21% UT 49%

DAY54

Wednesday 10/30/29
DJ 258 RR 152 UT 87
VOLUME 10.727 MILLION

Early in the morning, the finance part of their m1ss1on completed -- Winston and Jack departed aboard the Cunard ocean-liner Berengaria.

Baruch was at the dock, and joined them onboard to bid them farewell. Each congratulated the other for successfully creating the most incredible financial debacle in the history of mankind. While millions suffered, their evil cabal reaped profits and bought stocks for hundreds of thousands of dollars that were actually worth billions of dollars!

Although Charles Dawes was to have sailed with the Churchills, he was forced to reschedule his travel until the following Wednesday aboard the liner Mauretania.

Churchill wrote on his way home:

> *"No one who gazed on such a scene could doubt that this financial disaster, huge as it is, cruel as it is to thousands, is only a passing episode in the march of a valiant and serviceable people who by fierce experiment are hewing new paths for man, and showing to all nations much that they should attempt and much that they should avoid. "*

How dare Churchill write such garbage about Americans being a "serviceable people?" For whom, Winston Churchill? Millions of "service-

able" men and women put their lives on the line to fight the two world wars that Winston Churchill was instrumental in creating! Many Americans made the ultimate sacrifice - many more were severely injured.

	WW I	WW II	TOTAL
Americans Killed	115,000	294,000	409,000
Americans Wounded	206,000	671,000	877,00

Tens of million more lost everything they, and the generations before them, had worked all their lives for.

Thousands wound up selling apples on the corners of major cities, trying to eke out an existence.

It was in 1930 that the head of the International Apple Shippers Association came up with the brainstorm of offering crates of apples to the jobless, in major metropolitan cities, for $1.75 each.

The "apple dealer" was able to make a profit of close to $2 if he or she sold the entire crate. In New York over 6,000 apple salesmen tried to exist side-by-side.

After winter arrived the number of apple stands diminished to just a handful. The next year the economic storm worsened and the apple sellers were back on the street corners nationwide once again. In spring 1931, another sack full of compassion, New York Police Commissioner Mulrooney attempted to enforce a ban against the apple sellers!

Herbert Hoover declared, "Many people left their jobs for the more profitable one of selling apples. "

Herbert Hoover believed that the masses did not belong on the government dole and that it was not the responsibility of Washington to offer handouts and assistance. When Americans were starving he sent them seeds and told them to plant gardens! When the penniless Bonus marchers went to Washington, to collect, he called out the cavalry and tanks. At the direction of MacArthur, Eisenhower, and Patton, USA troops were ordered to burn down the simple temporary shacks the World War I servicemen had erected and forced them to leave Washington, forcing them wait until 1945 for their so-called bonus joke.

Hoover felt private efforts, families, and charities should help the needy. Hoover's assessment was accurate for the most part. The "funny money" that the government had injecled into the economy for public works projects provided only short-term benefits.

Unlike private enterprise, the government's actions provided very little stimulus to prime the once-enormous American economic engine.

What the country needed was capital, a great deal of which had been removed from the country by the plungers.

USA exports of gold rose sharply after the crash. The Federal Reserve's unrelenting policy of draining hundreds of millions of dollars did not help either. The entire federal budget in 1929 was only just over $3 billion.

The USA dollar was gold based at the time. With decreased amounts of gold, there were also decreased numbers of dollars available to be distributed or for loans and investment. That was the real "sucking sound" in America's history.

The reasons given by the economists and politicians for the past 60 years reveal very little about the true reasons America suffered the Great Depression in the 1930's!

Further analysis, looking at this period of time from a different perspective, offers insight into the real reasons why millions of Americans, young and old, suffered, and thousands felt the only dignity that remained was for them was to take their own lives!

Hoover's two-volume set of memoirs shed little light on his relations with the international players that lead to the destruction of our country during his presidency. Hoover never took any compensation for his "service" to our country . as president. He was one of the wealthiest men ever to be elected. The source of his wealth and the individuals who helped provide it is a whole story unto itself.

Some insight into this matter can be learned from the fact that since Herbert Hoover spent virtually all of his career abroad, he never had a home or business address in the United States. As a result he used an address at 42 Broadway, in New York, for his presidential election campaign. The suite number he listed was 2000; that was an office shared by Edgar Rickard and Julius H. Barnes of J. Henry Schroder Banking Corporation. Schroder was Hitler's international banking connection up to and during World War II.

In Otto Lehmann-Russbeldt's Agression, we learn that on January 4, 1933 Hitler was invited to a meeting at Schroder Bank in Berlin. Also present at the meeting were the famous Dulles brothers, who were later assigned the powerful positions of secretary of state (John F.) and CIA director (Allen). In return for a promise to break the backs of the trade unions, the bankers promised to continue to bankroll Hitler's private army.

Much more will surface about what really happened during Hoover's years in office. The truth about this entire era will eventually rise from the ashes of the lies that have been spread. The sooner - the better.

Another interesting two-volume autobiography is Bernard Baruch's. Unlike Hoover, Baruch paid someone to write his so-called 1,000 page auto-biography, published in the 1950's. The fact that neither of Churchill's visits in 1929 or 1931-32 are described, provide further evidence of the dirty secret he took with him at his cremation in 1965.

In December 1931, Churchill returned to the USA to promote friendship between the USA and Great Britain for a war that he had been planning for many years.

His constant companion, as always, Bernard Baruch, assisted him in his diabolical endeavors.

In September and October 1929 alone, over $100 billion dollars was removed from Wall Street and other USA markets by the concerted acts of a few hundred men drawn together by the twin evils of greed and power. That amount was 3 times the dollars the USA had spent to wage World War I, That war was until the Crash, was the most significant of the many enterprises and his experienced list of cronies had master-minded. All made possible with THEIR Federal Reserve and for the sole benefit of the owners of the Federal Reserve PRIVATE SHAREHOLDERS!

There were individuals who knew what were going on and were fighting the "system" tooth and nail.

One was Huey "Kingfish" Long from Louisiana. He gave numerous passionate speeches in front of his colleagues in Congress about the infamous and devious actions of Bernard Baruch. The following is a bitter exchange between Joe T. Robinson and Huey Long in Congress after Long had launched a lengthy attack on Baruch:

> Robinson: "The Senator is in poor business! I say the Senator is in poor business attacking a private citizen on the floor of this Senate and refusing to permit any answer to be made. The Senator will never see the day when he can stand in a class with gentlemen like B. M. Baruch"
>
> Long: "I am glad if the Senator from Arkansas wishes to make this a personal charge. I went to the State of Arkansas, where the Senator lives and I was the one who attended him there. I settled the matter in Arkansas, and I settled the matter in Louisiana with him. The Senator has no right to attack me.
>
> "I am not going to have it if am the only Democrat who can stand here now with the great welching powers of the party chiefs con-

demning me for the reason I condemn that damn·able influence.

"He is not going to make me a party to this blood-stained hand betrayal of the country by putting Barney Baruch in a place where he can revoke a license of a tiehacker or the woman at the wash pots who give me what standing I have here.

"There may be some who are afraid to do it, but no one will ever find me afraid to do it."

With Baruch's installed power base of influence strongly in control, Long was swimming against the tide. A tide that eventually overwhelmed him on September 8, 1935, when he was assassinated in the capitol building in Baton Rouge by Dr. Carl Weiss.

Thursday 10/31/29

Halloween Day

TRICK OR TRICK?

VOLUME 7.149 MILLION

Markets were closed Friday 11/01/29 & Saturday 11/02/29

The stock markets were closed for a three day period, so brokerage house accounting departments could get caught up on their tremendous workload.

Unlike today, the markets at that time were open on Saturdays.



Another fantastic Chicago Tribune cartoon titled "Using Our Hat and Hiding His Own" appeared October 10, 1929. Apparently more news could be derived from cartoonists than the columnists.

Monday 11/04/29

DJ 257 RR 156 UT 89
VOLUME 6.203 MILLION

The markets reopened. The plungers were not happy yet. The Dow Jones Industrials Index that had peaked at 381.17 on September 3, 1929, continued to be slaughtered and was cut by nearly 50% on November 13, 1929, to 198.69. They kept the slaughter-house process going until after the inauguration of FDR.

According to the official figures of the New York Stock Exchange the total value of listed securities October 1, 1929, was $87,073,630,423.

By the time of FDR's inauguration 90% of the value of the stock exchange had been erased -- or close to $80 billion on just the NYSE alone!

> The USA money supply was decreased by $8 billion from 1929 to 1933. Of 26,401 banks in the United States, 11,630 were bankrupted and left their depositors penniless.
>
> A Primer On Money, Congressman Wright Patman

Friday 11/08/29

DJ 236 RR 147 UT 80
VOLUME 3.215 MILLION

James Riordan, president of the New York County Trust Company and friends with most of the raiders and plungers, including Churchill, Baruch, and New York Governor Al Smith, could stand it no more. At 5:50 PM he pointed a loaded pistol and fired a bullet into his head.

The plungers gave the market and the country a brief reprieve. As Riordan was laid to rest the market bottomed out. Perhaps out of concern that another one of their co-conspirators would do the same and draw too much publicity to their actions of the past few months.

Following Riordan's death Raskob took over the operations of the bank Riordan had once controlled.

Another prominent financier, Samuel Insull, the public utilities magnate, fled to Paris. In 1938 after he learned there was a warrant for his arrest, it is claimed, Insull threw himself in front of a subway train at Le Chatelet station. This was under mysterious circumstances however.

Insull, had built the Chicago Opera House. The few cents of pocket change found the police in his trousers, at the morgue, was the only mon-

ey the wheeler-dealer had left to his name. Morgan and its' cronies played a large role in creating Samuel Insull's downfall.

Sunday 11/10/29

Having read the preceding pages describing Winston Churchill's activities during his visit to the USA, the following was a hard slap in the face and a vicious kick in the groin to Americans everywhere:

The New York Times Sunday editorial November 10, 1929:

A Distinguished but Quiet Guest

When the Berengaria arrived at Southampton Mr. WINSTON CHURCHILL disembarked. Careless American newspaper readers may thus have had their first notice that he had been in this country so unobserved. While Mr. MAC DONALD and President HOOVER at Washington were in the spotlight of the world, Mr. CHURCHILL, who loomed in vast affairs years before either of them did, was inconspicuous in New York. He spent almost a month here and wandered unregarded throughout the town.

The few who saw Mr. CHURCHILL report that he had a fine time "doing" New York as a tourist. He rode in the subway and the elevated; he tried the surface lines; he watched the play of Fifth Avenue traffic in the late afternoon and the stream of humanity in Broadway at night. He gaped at the electric signs, found out what a speakeasy looks like, gave innocuous interviews to the few reporters who troubled him here-and went quietly home. If Mr. Asquith were still alive it would be difficult to convince him that "WINSTON" ever behaved anywhere in that way.

Friday 11/15/29

Baruch cabled Churchill in London the following message:

"FINANCIAL STORM DEFINITELY PASSED."

Market statistics before Baruch's cable to Churchill:

11/12/29 DJ 209 RR 134 UT 67 VOLUME 6.453 MILLION
11/13/29 DJ 198 RR 128 UT 64 VOLUME 7.761 MILLION
11/14/29 DJ 217 RR 135 UT 73 VOLUME 5.569 MILLION

Day of Baruch's cable to Churchill Nov. 15:

DJ 228 RR 141 UT 76

VOLUME 4.340 MILLION

After Baruch's cable to Churchill:

11/18/29 DJ 227 RR 140 UT 74 VOLUME 2.747 MILLION
11/19/29 DJ 234 RR 142 UT 78 VOLUME 2.718 MILLION
11/20/29 DJ 241 RR 145 UT 81 VOLUME 2.829 MILLION
11/21/29 DJ 248 RR 147 UT 85 VOLUME 3.139 MILLION

Baruch's message was precisely on target. The market embarked on a recovery up until April of 1930, when the Dow Jones Index climbed back up to nearly 300.

Don't you just wish that your broker had the remarkable inside knowledge that Bernard Baruch had? Sorry, that insight is reserved for the makers and the shakers of the markets... the plungers.

THERE GOES THE GOLD!

The cabal working together with great precIS1on and diligence did not wait long to make their moves. Since they had infiltrated every level of government and business, their job was amazingly easy.

The reader must remember that during this period of time paper was convertible into gold and silver. The "real" money was in the form of precious metals.

One only needs to track the shipments of gold out of the USA to understand what actually caused the Great Depression.

Until 1933, dollars had to be "backed" by gold. As the gold was pulled out of the USA, the Federal Reserve was forced to rein in the number of dollars within the money supply.

As important reminders -- please remember that Eugene Meyer was Bernard Baruch's lifetime friend and business partner. Meyer was also the Federal Reserve Chairman in Washington, D.C., Meyer's father was a senior partner at Lazard, Freres, the international banking institution headquartered in France. Undersecretary of the Treasury, Ogden Mills was a business partner of Baruch and Meyer.

One of Baruch's favorite "vacation" spots was France, specifically Vichy. Baruch went there he claimed to, "boil the wickedness out of me. " Those trips and other trips to Germany in September 1929 were nothing more than a cover to conceal the real reasons for his constant business trips to England, Germany, and France. Most of the trips always ended with a visit to London to see Churchill.

As proof of the movement of gold and those businesses that actually moved the gold overseas the following facts are offered:

On December 6, 1929, the Ile de France left the USA for France. Onboard, the vessel contained $10 million of gold! The gold was being shipped by the following concerns: Lazard Freres, $4 million; Guaranty Trust Company, $4 million; Irving Trust, $1 million; Heidelbach Ickelheimer $1 million.

This was just one of the numerous gold shipments reported that went to France. The Federal Reserve was required by law to track the international movements of gold. In just 5 weeks after the Crash, $30 million (currently equal to $600 million) of gold was shipped to France alone by the bankers!

To accurately understand the volume of gold shipments abroad, the reader is reminded that, at the time, the dollar:gold ratio was approximately $20 for every ounce of gold. 500,000 ounces, 31,250 pounds, or over 16 tons of gold were shipped December 6, 1929, on the Ile de France! With gold trading in the $400 range, current value of the shipment equals $200 million dollars.

Exports of gold exceeded $111 million dollars in 1929, virtually all of the exports were made after the Crash. France and England took delivery of most of the gold. In December alone, France and England were shipped over $68 million of gold!

In 1930 the gold from the Federal Reserve continued to be sent to Canada, France, and England via two primary international banking concerns. One of those, Guaranty Trust, eventually later gobbled up Morgan. These are just a few of the shipments to France conducted by Lazard Freres and Guaranty Trust in the summer of 1930:

To France 7/16/30 Lazard Freres $4,000,000 Guaranty Trust $4,000,000
To France 7/23/30 Lazard Freres $8,000,000 Guaranty Trust $4,000,000
To France 8/02/30 Lazard Freres $10,000,000 Guaranty Trust $3,000,000
To France 8/05/30 Lazard Freres $10,000,000
To France 8/13/30 Lazard Freres $3,000,000 Guaranty Trust $5,809,000

Since the gold was no longer in the USA, the Federal Reserve was forced to contract the money supply. This was another one of the real reasons for the squeeze of dollars in the USA money supply that brought about the Great Depression.

Until 1933, every dollar had to be backed by precious metals. When the metal was shipped to Europe, dollars had to be removed from the economy leading America to experience it's ''.financial asphyxiation."

New York Times December 7, 1929:

Banks which are arranging exports of gold are, in a number of instances, extremely reluctant to discuss the transactions. Importations of gold are generally considered good publicity by the banks, but exports are not considered such good advertising, and the banks rarely send out notices of these. Further officials of steamship lines said yesterday that they had been asked not to give out details of gold shipments, even the amounts involved. In the opinion of leading banks and economists, however, the United States has such large gold stocks that it easily could afford to lose some of the metal to Europe. It is indeed the opinion of many that the Federal Reserve authorities would he glad to see a movement of the metal to Europe, particularly to England, at the present time. It is thought that the idea is partly responsible for the easy money policy which the Reserve is pursuing.

After returning from France the following summer Jules Bache said things were getting much better in Europe in an interview he gave upon his arrival back to the USA aboard the Ile de France after spending several weeks there! Along for the return trip to the USA was vice president of the Corporation of America, David Sarnoff who stated, "France is the only prosperous European country".

Yes, David is a member of the same Sarnoff family many readers will associate with RCA and NBC.

> With some 60 countries storing about 10,000 tons (valued at $128 billion) in the worlds largest gold depository, the subterranean vaults of the Federal Reserve of New York.
>
> National Geographic-January 1993 Power of Money

Christmas Day 12/25/29

Bonfire of the Insanities?

Bernard Baruch's Hobcaw estate mysteriously burned down to the ground while he was there with his family, Senator Key Pittman and old friend Dick Lydon.

The 20,000, (yes 20,000!) acre estate was rebuilt with steel and concrete. After 1933, Hobcaw became an often used retreat for President Roosevelt to "relax", exchange views, world events and politics with his host Baruch.

Prior to his death, Baruch turned control of Hobcaw over to his daughter Belle. She in turn donated the property as a wildlife refuge and biological research center.

New York Times

December 31, 1929:

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 29. - Bankers here are pointing out at the yearend that the most favorable aspect of the present situation is the prospect of continuing gold shipments from America, which will effect the needed redistribution of the world's gold stocks. This could not have been achieved at the present time without the strong remedy of a breakdown in Wall Street's speculation.

In our next book, one of the topics we will examine in greater detail is the international movements of gold before and after the Crash -- namely the who few benefited and why.

3/7/1930

DJ 267 RR 153 UT 93
VOLUME 3.391 MILLION

President Hoover stated: "All the evidence indicates that the worst effects of the Crash upon unemployment will have passed during the next sixty days. "

Every time Hoover expressed optimism about the future, the stock market plunged immediately or soon after his public announcement.

6/17/1930

Hoover signed into law the Smoot-Hawley Tariff Act. The day before signing the bill, Wall Street manipulators sent America another warning by sinking the stock market even lower!

Wall Street called out their paid puppets, the economists, over 1,000 of them, to warn Hoover of the dangers of this legislation.

Two weeks before tariff	6/02/30 DJ 274 RR 143 UT 143 VOL 1.711
Day of signing	6/17/30 DJ 228 RR 131 UT 131 VOL 5.019
Day after	6/18/30 DJ 218 RR 128 UT 128 VOL 6.426
Week after	6/24/30 DJ 211 RR 126 UT 126 VOL 2.866

As usual, it was the bankers own special interests, not the interests of the American people, that had them concerned.

The banks were very concerned about the repayment of their foreign loans. Without the ability to sell their goods into the USA, the bankers had less hope of ever getting the dollars back from the loans they had made overseas.

In 1993 very little has changed as the bankers and corporations, the real money powers, force-feed Americans liberal amounts of propaganda and half-truths about the real reasons for the NAFTA and GATT agreements, among other issues.

SEPTEMBER 1930

While making his return from visiting Churchill during the month of August and early September, Baruch sent the the following cable to Churchill:

THE MEMORY OF MY WEEK VISIT WITH YOU IS A DELIGHTFUL SOUVENIR WHICH I WILL ALWAYS TREASURE - STOP

I BETTER UNDERSTAND ENGLAND HER PEOPLE AND HER TRADITIONS AND HOPE THAT NEW PROSPERITY AND HAPPINESS WILL COME TO HER IN ORDER THAT SHE MAY CONTINUE FOR THE WORLD WHAT SHE HAS DONE FOR SO LONG - STOP

I TRUST THAT OUR COUNTRY MAY JOIN WITH YOURS IN THE GREAT RESPONSIBILITY THAT LIES BEFORE US - STOP

I AGREE WITH GENERAL DAWES THAT IN IN THE BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING NATIONS LIES THE ARK OF THE COVENANT OF CMLIZATION AND HUMAN FREEDOM - STOP

MANY MANY THANKS AND AFFECTIONATE REGARDS TO ALL.

If the American people had seen this cable they would have better understood the next witch's brew Baruch and Churchill were preparing for the world!

It was an 11-year recipe, in the making, that was ready to be served at the table of death and destruction on December 7, 1941.

12/11/1930

DJ 170 RR 97 UT 59
VOLUME 2.889 MILLION

New York's fourth largest bank, Bank of United States, collapsed and closed. Its' 450,000 depositors had little recourse, except to gnash their teeth or cry in their beer.

Over 1,000 banks failed in 1930 -- the following years only got worse.

1931

Publicly, Washington Federal Reserve Board Chairman Eugene Meyer begged his colleagues to add dollars to the economy instead of continuing to drain hundreds of millions of dollars from it. His pleas were nothing more than a sham.

Meyer's real intentions and ambitions were far different. Well hidden from the public's view, by the media, was the fact that Eugene Meyer was Bernard Baruch's long-time friend and business partner in their joint Alaska gold mining business.

In 1915 the duo formed a partnership for their mmmg activities in Juneau. Five years younger than Baruch, Eugene was indeed the "junior" partner.

Meyer's father was a partner in the powerful banking and brokerage firm of Lazard Freres. Even today Lazard Freres' maintains a strong influence at the Federal Reserve.

Herbert Hoover had appointed Meyer to his position at the Federal Reserve. Few of the forces in Washington held any moral or noble ambitions. Their only goals were furthering their own blind ambitions and feathering their own nests.

October 1931

Officials at the Federal Reserve did the exact opposite, of what Eugene Meyer publicly requested, by raising the discount rate 2 points in just two weeks! Privately it was exactly what the Washington Federal Reserve Board Chairman and his friend and partner Bernard Baruch wanted With Baruch's partner at the helm of the dollar pipeline, it was only a matter of time before their blueprint to destroy the economy began to take effect.

Within 6 months the USA industrial production plummeted by 26%. The USA money base had shrunk by another $90,000,000.

"A weak reed for a nation to lean on in time of trouble. "
President Hoover,Sentiments on the Federal Reserve during the Depression

1932

The Wall Street plungers continued to consolidate their holdings. They would not rest until the new Democrat president they wanted, FDR, was in office.

By March 8, 1932, the Dow Jones Industrial Index was down to 41.22, nearly 90% of its' value wiped out. The consolidation of wealth had never been greater. Although their cronies would love to have you continue to believe the bizarre way they rationalize what happened, don't be fooled any longer.

Never had so much wealth been so unequally divided among the masses. Those who now had cash in their pockets paid as little as two-cents on the dollar for equipment, farmland, and real estate other Americans loved and had worked for generations to acquire.

More garbage, in the form of books and magazines, is currently being written about how the Japanese stock market must plummet by 90% from the its top to "correct" itself.

The Japanese media last year was probably more accurate than wrong when it began questioning the way their markets were being manipulated.

Hopefully, for them, their market won't go down to 5,000 as the "economists" are now predicting to rid the excesses out of their market. As far as the plungers are concerned the "excesses" are Mr. and Mrs. Hardworking Q. Public.

As for the stock market in the USA, it's only a matter of time before the economists and bankers begin to tell us that our own market needs a massive correction.

The consolidated forces they now control are extremely powerful. Their media empires manipulate the minds of the masses with their hot tips and other so-called news about the market. If Cecil Rhodes could visit this world for just a day, he would be very proud of his disciples. They have followed his strategies and philosophies very well.

Next time the plungers send our market over the cliff, all Americans must have their eyes wide open. Legitimate investigations should be initiated quickly, with real justice doled out immediately.

For if it is not, their plan to usher in their diabolical New World Order will follow, just as quickly, as the descent of the world financial markets that precede the transition to their ultimate goal of financial control and domination.

"We're due for a secular bear market. It's been 20 years since the last one. Then the decline could be as much as 50%"
Barton Biggs, Chairman Morgan Stanley FORBES July 19, 1993, page 103

April 1932

Eugene Meyer, Bernard Baruch, Benjamin Strong, and Andrew Mellon played one final joke on the American people. Beginning in April the New York Federal Reserve bought

$1,100,000,000 of USA Treasuries over an 11 week period, then suddenly the Federal Reserve stopped the process in June of 1932.

If that procedure had continued, the economy certainly would have improved. The process of financial improvement ended.

Thursday 5/12/32

DJ 55 RR 19 UT 23
VOLUME 919,000

The Bank of England lowered its rate from 3 to 2 1/2%. It was the fifth reduction in three months. The pound was pegged at $3.67.

A high tariff successfully reduced British imports from 69,950,233 pounds in April 1931 to 53,487,187 pounds in April of 1932.

June 1932

Meyer once again acted to contract the number of dollars in the economy. This was a severe setback to an economy that was attempting to crawl back to life.

Hope for a continued journey down the road to economic recovery disappeared; 5,000 banks closed as a result.

For Secretary of the Treasury Mellon and the bankers in New York and Europe, the banking crises were great news. Less competition meant a bigger slice of the pie among those that remained and increased profits.

Proof can be found on the balance sheets of a select number of those who profited. Most of the others, not in the circle of dispensed doom, went bust or nearly belly up during the 1930's.

For Baruch, Churchill, Meyer and their friends, the White House was just a few more months away. By blaming all the tremendous financial hemorrhaging on Hoover and the Republicans, the Democrats seized control of the control of the White House for the next 20 years. In 1953

Eisenhower and Nixon, the Republican team, went back to claim the office taken away twenty years earlier.

November i933

Baruch-backed Democrat and presidential nominee, Franklin D. Roosevelt defeated Herbert Hoover.

1932 election results:

Roosevelt 22,825,016

Hoover 15,758,397

The Democrats blamed the Republicans for the Great Depression. As even the Pecora hearing's testimony discovered, it was actually the Democrats that played the major role in creating the Great Depression with Baruch's friends, Churchill's Rockefeller connections, and Raskob's help!

Unfortunately the Pecora hearings never delved into Churchill's participation into the crash. If they had, England probably would have lost a valuable ally and to quote Churchill, a "serviceable people."

Baruch's stooge from Little Rock, Arkansas, Curtis Robinson, was not chosen for the vice-presidential half of the ticket in 1932, as he had been in 1928. In 1932, John Nance Garner, a Texas banker filled the vice-presidential slot instead.

Although there were not any direct business ties between Garner and Baruch, that can be found , Garner certainly knew a lot about Roosevelt's friend, Baruch.

At a cabinet meeting Garner detailed his knowledge of Baruch's incredible gold treasure by stating, "I understand that Baruch has a whole bankful of gold bricks." At the time-"the greatest single holder of gold bricks was Bernard Baruch."

While everyone else forked over their gold to Uncle Sam, Baruch, Roosevelt's friend and confidant, held on to most of his. Using his power with another old-time stooge Joe T. Robinson, Baruch managed to have Robinson present to Congress and pass legislation that favored capital gains' taxes from the mining investments that Baruch and Meyer held after January 1, 1935.

> "Do not store up treasure for yourselves on earth, where moth and decay destroys, and thieves break in and steal. But store up your treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor decay destroy, nor

thieves break in and steal. For where your treasure is, there also will your heart be."

Matthew 6 19:21

1933

On February 27, 1933, the Dow Jones Industrial Index finally began to bottom out. With FDR, Baruch's presidential candidate installed the money powers of New York and Europe had America back on her knees once again. After FDR assumed the presidency unemployment and business failures continued growing.

Following his inauguration Roosevelt closed all banks and the stock exchanges until March 15, 1933.

Also in 1933 Senator Carter Glass from Virginia, yet another old-time Baruch crony, introduced legislation prohibiting banks from being both lenders and offerors of money while simultaneously offering stocks and bonds.

Businesses were split apart; as an example Morgan became two separate entities. J.P. Morgan's grandson and two partners formed Morgan Stanley. Morgan's commercial banking interests were divided to form another entity later named Morgan Guaranty.

These changes were for the most part cosmetic in nature. The public demanded changes and it was Bernard Baruch, operating from behind the scenes, who advised Congress and the President of most of the changes he wanted.

In 1933, 15 million people were unemployed. By 1937, the number remained unacceptably intolerable at 11 million.

2/27/33 DJ 50 RR 23 UT 20 VOLUME 3.070 MILLION
3/15/33 DJ 62 RR 29 UT 24 VOLUME 1.253 MILLION

6/22/33

DJ 92 RR 43 UT 33
VOLUME 4.374 MILLION

New York Times headline:

Baruch Is Called "Unofficial President";
Goes to Washington to Take Up New Task

The body of the statement described how Baruch assisted President Roosevelt's government heads during Roosevelt's trip to Europe.

07/21/33

DJ 88 RR 44 UT 30
VOLUME 9.572 MILLION

Baruch commented about the "purpose" of his trip to Europe in The New York Times:

"to boil some of the wickedness out of me. " Baruch made the remarks prior to boarding an ocean-liner, on his way to visit the mineral springs of Vichy while in France.

If anyone had ever mastered the art of wickedness Baruch was certainly the man. Blackmailer of presidents and congressmen, war-monger, plunger, liar, briber, responsible for untold miseries and hardships upon the American people, adulterer; these were just a few of the traits that belied the comment the reporters thought he was making so whimsically.

Baruch continued on and told the newspaper reporters:

"On my way back I might call at London to see my old friend Winston Churchill "

After Baruch died, in 1965, John Kenneth Galbraith wrote that Baruch was, "Magnificently fraudulent - the most successful humbug since Henry Ward Beecher."

Galbraith thought of Baruch only as a friend of the Old Order (Wilson's time) who was helpful in the transition toward the New Frontier (AKA New World Order) from FDR forward.

1934

Marriner Eccles, a Utah banker joined the FDR team in Washington as Federal Reserve Chairman. He remained at that post for 14 years as a close advisor and political ally of FDR.

7/05/34

DJ 94 RR 43 UT 23
VOLUME 665,000

Editorial New York Times
by Arthur Krock:

Three Men Stand Out As Presidents Closest Counselors.

The President never makes an important decision without consulting Mr. Howe, virtually never makes one without sending for Mr. Moley and makes only a few without sending for Mr. Baruch. Once Under-Sec-

retary Tugwell was a steady consultant. So was Budget Director Douglas. They go to the White House these days on business of their offices only. Others have appeared and disappeared from the inner councils. But not even excepting Frank C. Walker and James A. Farley, the Three Musketeers, who are not brothers-in-arms at all, are the President's steadiest consultants.

From Jordan Schwarz's The Speculator, an excellent biography abo.ut Bernard Baruch we learn:

> How Baruch bought and paid for his numerous, powerful, editorial and social friendships of columnists like Mark Sullivan of the New York Herald-Tribune, Frank R. Kent of the Baltimore Sun, and independently syndicated David Lawrence, New York Times columnist Arthur Krock and even more influential governmant officials our the United States and England.
>
> How Sullivan spent a great deal of at Hobcaw and how Kent went along with Baruch on summer vacations to Europe.
>
> How Baruch gave them "scoops" on the inside of Wall Street and Washington to fill their columns with.
>
> How he coached them on various subjects and "explained" the proper perspectives for their columns.
>
> How Baruch invested $50,000 to help David Lawrence found United States Daily in 1926, which later became United States News and, following World War II, USA News and World Report.
>
> How Baruch helped finance his young prodigy from Columbia University, Maxwell Lincoln Schuster and Dic*k Simon to form Simon and* Schuster.

FACT

Today Simon and Schuster (parent company Paramount as of 12/93) and its subsidiaries, like Touchstone and Star Pocketbooks, form one of the most powerful media giants in the United States.

Recent books by their publishing houses and branches include:

Multi-millionaire Peter Peterson's Faci11g Up. It's endorsed on the dust-jacket by Ross Perot, David Rockefeller, Paul Volcker, among others. Peterson, an extremely wealthy international investment banker, more or less states the middle-class needs to pay more and receive less. Sound familiar? He also is the chairman of another group of people, Americans should know a lot more about - but don't the Council on Foreign Relations.

William Greider's, Secrets of the Temple and his other best-seller Who Will Tell the Peopk?

James Davidson and Lord William Mogg's, The Great Reckoning

Shintaro Ishihara's, The Japan That Can Say No

Pat Choates, Angels of Influence

Talk show hosts Rush Limbaugh and Howard Stern's recent books are among the many other titles discussing the numerous problems the wizards have handed this nation.

The Hegelian Principle Steps to the the New World Order

The agents and architects of the New World Order are comprised of the powerful forces of the United Nations, Council on Foreign Relations, and the Trilateral Commission, and certain elected officials of the USA government.

The American people are slowly being conditioned and prepared for the New World Order by a very clever technique commonly known as the Hegelian Principle:

> Step 1: Thesis
> Creation and or magnification of crisies and problems. Financial panic, war, artificial shortages of basic commodities, gun and violence awareness.
>
> The more problems factored into the equation, the swifter political and socio-economic changes can be accomplished; as in the former Soviet Union.
>
> Step 2: Antithesis
> Use of the media, puppets, and other communication to focus attention to the crises and mobilize the opposition to the problem.
>
> Step 3: Synthesis
> Offers the solution to the artificially created or magnified problems of step one. The sweeping changes succeed only because of the well-orchestrated dispensation of social propaganda during the incubation process and ensuing panic period. The masses consent to otherwise intolerable socio-economic reform with little or no resistance.

More history of the relationship between Baruch and Krock: Arthur Krock went to the Paris Peace Conference with Baruch and Herbert Hoover in 1919. At the time he was working for the Louisville Courier

- Journal. Just a few years later Baruch had convinced Adolf Ochs, publisher of the New York Times, that Krock should work for the New York paper. In 1932 Krock was sent to reorganize the New York Times Washington bureau. Further evidence of the power of Baruch's influence was the investments he made in publications and the friendships he nurtured with his fantastic wealth.

His investments were mind-boggling in scope. He gave unknown amounts of money to Conde Nast to save Vogue and Vanity Fair, to Josephus Daniels to save the Raleigh News and Observer, loans to Our World magazine, and an undisclosed amount of money to his friend M. Lincoln Schuster to start Schuster's publishing house.

Today that entity is known as Simon and Schuster; its' offices are in the Rockefeller Center in New York City. Many of Simon and Shuster's current titles deal with the numerous problems our country faces. Touchstone appears to be the arm of Simon & Schuster that deals with the national "financial crisis" books.

What none of their books, or any other major publisher addresses is the heart of the real problem: the control of the USA monetary policy and the real owners of the Federal Reserve, which ARE NOT wholly owned American institutions! The Federal Reserve is partially owned by foreign interests outside the United States. This is the real reason the Federal Reserve adamantly refuses to be audited!

That body of foreign interests is choking the lifeblood out of our country. This is a subject none of major publishing houses in the United States would touch with a ten-foot pole.

Until Simon & Schuster publishes a title that discusses real issues, such as the actual ownership of the Federal Reserve and lists to whom the $5 trillion in debts are actually owed to, many remain skeptical of the nature of their corporate logo "the sower." What are the seeds he's sowing?

At this point in time it's probably the very same "gorilla dust" that one of America's contemporary politicians is constantly referring to.

> "He who sows good seed is the Son of Man, the field is the world, the good seed the children of the kingdom. The weeds are the children of the evil one, and the enemy who sows them is the devil The harvest is the end of age, and the harvesters are angels. Just as weeds are collected and burned up with the fire, so it will be at the end of age."

Matthew 13: 37-43

9/10/33

The New York Times reported that Baruch and Senator Glass were Churchill's guests at a dinner party attended by twenty-five guests while in London.

The Baruch-Glass friendship had blossomed even before the Federal Reserve legislation Glass helped shove through Congress in 1913.

Old friends, they began to contemplate and plan America's destiny and future involvement with their old friend Winston Churchill.

Those plans began to take shape after Churchill's whirlwind propaganda tour through the USA during December 1931 and the early part of 1932.

A brief description of that trip is covered on the following pages.

> "Give me control over a nation's currency and I care not who makes its laws."
> Baron M.A. Rothschild 1744-1812 Boasted on numerous occasions to be "the actual ruler of the Empire where the sun never sets."

> "He who holds the gold makes the rules."
>
> Unknown

> "Whoever controls the volume of money in any country is master of all its legislation and commerce. "
>
> President James Garfield

Does history repeat itself?

In Ignatius Balla's book The Romance of the Rothschilds we learn the details of how Nathan Mayer Rothschild secretly cornered and took control of the London Stock Exchange.

Rothschild went to the battlefield at Waterloo and saw first-hand that Napoleon was about to lose the battle. At Ostend, Rothschild rushed back to secure a rowboat for passage during the middle of a raging storm. He was unsuccessful, until one incredibly brave, or awfully stupid sailor, offered to take him across the Channel to England for 2,000 francs -- an incredible sum at the time.

The very next morning, an exhausted and weary looking Rothchild was at his post at the London Exchange. When Rothschild began to sell (dump) large blocks of stock, fellow traders suspected that Rothchild knew that they had lost the Battle of Waterloo. A huge wave of selling and panic swept the exchange. All the while everyone on the floor was selling mostly to Rothschild's secret agents, unbeknownst, were buying up the stocks, for next to nothing, at the direction of their master, Rothschild. His profits from just the one day were 1 million sterling!

From the New York Times, April 1, 1915, we learn in 1914, Rothschild's grandson went to court to stop what he claimed were untrue and libelous claims being made in the book about his grandfather. Instead the court ruled that everything in the book was TRUE! The story also went on to estimate their wealth at the time as being over $2 billion - greater than the annual budget for the United States at the time!

"Friends and former millionaires. "

George Mitchell's (of National City Bank) facetious toast made in honor of Churchill the night of the crash. It was followed by a roar of laughter from the 40 plus Wall Street bankers, corporate executives, newspaper publishers, and members of the Federal Reserve, gathered at the celebration held in Bernard Baruch's Fifth Avenue Mansion.

Chapter V

Return of the VAMPIRE!

February 1931

Churchill announced he would return to the U.S. and Canada for a multi-city lecture tour.

Saturday 12/5/31

Winston Churchill sailed aboard the North German Lloyd liner Europa to the U.S.; accompanied by his wife; Clementine, daughter; Diana, and personal bodyguard; Sergeant Thompson.

In an interview Churchill said that since 1846 Great Britain had been a free-trader, but that had to end because it was being shut out of world markets. Churchill claimed Great Britain was now forced to secure a larger share of her own domestic market.

Churchill emphatically stated that there would not be a war in Europe for many years to come, thanks to the League of Nations. Churchill knew better than this. Preparation for war and preparing the Americans to join England in its' war was actually the reason for Churchill's trip to the U.S. in late 1931 and early 1932.

Friday 12/11/31

Churchill arrived in the USA. After the Churchill group checked into the Waldorf Astoria Hotel in New York, Churchill departed to the Worcester Economic Club in Massachusetts via train from Grand Central Station.

> At his address Churchill said:
> "If ever we should help, it is now, when the world is off the track and pathway of peace and prosperity seems lost. The leading men of all countries do not seem to have a clear idea of the situation nor the steps to bring us out of chaos. However, there is one thing that we can be sure of, that wherever the pathway may lead, we shall travel more securely if we do it together like good companions. "

Churchill pleaded for a stronger alliance between the two nations in the interest of the peace of the world.

Saturday 12/12/31

After Churchill returned from his short trip to Massachusetts, he was greeted by Bernard Baruch.

Sunday 12/13/31 9:30 PM

Churchill received an "urgent" call from Bernard Baruch. Baruch told Churchill that he wanted Winston to come to his apartment on Fifth Avenue immediately!

Baruch had two colleagues with him from the World War I War Industries Board that Baruch had headed under the Wilson administration. They needed to discuss business!

Despite complaints from his bodyguard Churchill departed alone. He rode the elevator downstairs and departed via taxi to an area in the proximity of Baruch's apartment.

Churchill did not know the exact address and got lost. After driving around for an hour in the taxi, confused, he stumbled upon an area he thought looked familiar at Fifth Avenue between Seventy-sixth and Seventy-seventh Streets, several blocks from where he actually needed to be.

Churchill told the taxi driver to stop and he would get out and find his destination on his own.

When he got out of the taxi, out of habit, he watched for oncoming traffic from the right. If he had been in England, he would not have been hit by the oncoming car.

At 57 years of age, Churchill was nearly killed. He was laid on the floor of the taxi and rushed to Lenox Hill Hospital three blocks away.

He told police in their report that he was on his way to 952 Fifth Avenue. He never told the police that he had been on his way to visit Baruch. Baruch lived at 1055 Park Avenue.

After arriving at Lenox in great pain, he told the doctors to give him something to knock him out.

Dr. Pickhardt was the consulting surgeon. After Pickhardt completed his examination at 1:00 AM he stated that Churchill's injuries were not serious and that his sprained shoulder was the primary reason for the discomfort he was in. When Churchill awoke the following morning, his

friend Baruch was towering over him - Clementine was also in the room. Baruch had just about lost his most-prized partner.

While Churchill spent a week in the hospital recuperating he received regular phone calls from King George inquiring about recovery of his number one agent. A special direct phone line had been installed exclusively for Churchill. This line averted the need for calls to be made through the hospital switchboard.

Meanwhile, Sergeant Thompson had his hands full trying to

keep reporters at bay. Some attempted to enter the room disguised as doctors, nurses, orderlies, etc., in an effort to get a scoop on just what Churchill was up to during his second visit in just two years.

After a week's time, he returned to the Waldorf Astoria to continue his healing process.

Monday 12/14/31

Churchill developed pleurisy as a result of his accident. Doctors Pickhardt and Kennedy released a statement that Churchill was progressing favorably

Tuesday 12/15/31

Churchill's doctors issued the following statement:

"Mr. Winston Churchill slept well He looks and feels much better. Temperature 96.9. Condition of pleura satisfactory."

Wednesday 12/16/31

Another statement issued:

"Mr. Winston Churchill's condition is progressing favorably. He slept well His temperature this morning was 99. His wounds are healing well. There is less pain. The pleuratic symptoms have improved. The bulletins need to be issued only occasionally. "

the bulletin was signed by doctors Kennedy, Pickhardt, and Brown.

Thursday 12/17/31

The trio of doctors reported their patient was recovering very well. They said Churchill sits up for short periods of time and is also able to read and receive visitors.

Saturday 12/19/31

Churchill's condition while at Lenox Hill Hospital improved. Reports issued by the physicians expected Churchill to be released in less than one weeks time.

Monday 12/21/31

The driver of the automobile that struck Churchill, Mario Contasino, of Yonkers, visited with the man who walked in front of his car in the middle of the night.

Contasino was offered a check from the Churchill group which he graciously refused. After a half-hour visit Contasino left the hospital with an autographed copy of Churchill's book The Unknown War.

Friday 12/25/31

Christmas Day

Churchill spent his first Christmas in the U.S. at the Waldorf Astoria recovering from his accident.

Ten years later, Christmas Day 1941, he stood smiling for photographers outside the White House with Franklin and Eleanor Roosevelt. Churchill had achieved his long-time ambition of dragging the U.S. into World War II. Ironically, it was the Harvard-educated Yamamoto who led the Japanese naval assault against Pearl Harbor. That attack guaranteed U.S. involvement in World War II and the assistance that eventually saved England!

Anyone not familiar with Winston Churchill's real goals need only read his son Randolph's recollections of May 18, 1940, when his father told him he'd win by dragging the United States into the war.

Many doubt that Randolph had been kept in the dark about his father's intentions until May of 1940. Martin Gilbert, the author of The Finest Hour. where this story is documented, felt it to be worthy of some wonderful insight into the propaganda that even Randolph participated in.

In his 1,000 page tome Gilbert devotes little mention of Winston's "favorite American" and constant companion Baruch. Mr. Gilbert even claims that Churchill lost 10,000 pounds during the crash!

Compare his story to the two completely different stories that William Manchester wrote about Churchill's Wall Street experience and you begin to smell a rat somewhere!

"No truth or goodness realized by man ever dies, or can can die."
Thomas Carlyle 1795-1856

On page 827 of the book Last Lion, Manchester wrote that in 1929, while Churchill was visiting Santa Barbara, California, he came under the spell of a stockbroker at E.F. Hutton and was persuaded to speculate heavily.

He quoted Churchill's letter to Clementine, "Mr. Van Antwerp advises me. He is a stockbroker & one of the leading firms. I think he is a vy good man. This powerful firm watch my small interests like a cat a mouse. "

Manchester weaves an interesting tale by going on to say that William Van Antwerp was a member of E.F. Hutton, and continues his book-by writing that even though Churchill had not lost everything Churchill would be forced to struggle for a very long time.

If you find that previous tidbit of written history somewhat suspect, you'll love the next one written by the very same author! It can be found on page 14 of his work The Lion Caged

On that page Manchester wrote of the reasons Churchill loved Bernard Baruch so much: Baruch was Jewish American, (PR: Baruch was really an agnostic) recognized the threat of Germany, and that Baruch had saved him during the Crash of 29. Manchester continues on, in his book, how Churchill dropped into Baruch's New York office during the height of the crash and decided to play the market. The author tramples the bounds of believability even further when

Mnnchester goes on in gaudy detail to further describe Churchill crying at the end of the trading day, whining to Un ruch that he had lost everything and was a ruined man! On Ihe very same page he writes how Baruch had instructed ('hurchill's broker to buy every time Churchill said to sell, and sell every time Churchill said to buy! Baruch told Churchill he had lost nothing!

It is a sad day for the world when leading publishers and well-known authors rewrite the pages of history to suit their own blind agendas.

After reading these two very different accounts (by the very s11me author!) of Churchill's Wall Street activities, don't be shocked to discover how virtually all of the so-called non-fiction books describe incredibly different tales about the 1111ture of his financial outcome and meetings while in the U.S. iu 1929. It's almost as if one is wasting their time reading fictional accounts of world history!

"Truth is on the march and nothing can stop it."
Emile Zola 1840-1902

Day One of Churchill's 1929 visit to the United States

9/07/29 DJ 377 RR 186 UT 143
VOLUME 2.592

Churchill's Christmas in the United States was spent recuperating after nearly being killed on his way to meet with Bernard Baruch and his associates.

12/24/31 DJ

75 RR 33 UT 31
VOLUME 1.106

Day after Pearl Harbor.

12/08/41 DJ 112 RR 25 UT 15
VOLUME 2.028

Day after Churchill had spent Christmas at the White House with Roosevelt, 19 days after attack on Pearl Harbor.

12/26/41 DJ 106 RR 24 UT 13
VOLUME 1.411

12/26/31

Shortly after Christmas, Churchill interviewed and hired British-born Phyllis Moir as his private traveling secretary. He told her that he was going to the Bahamas on the 31st and that when he returned she should be ready to accompany him on his tour.

Wednesday 12/30/31

Churchill granted an interview to journalists from his hotel room at the Waldorf Astoria.

Part of the interview dealt with Britain protectionist policies and high tariffs. Some of his comments regarding that issue were:

> ''From now on you may take it/or granted that England will be a definite, full blooded protectionist country. "

12/31/31

Churchill departed for Nassau, Bahamas with family and Sergeant Thompson aboard the Majestic.

Saturday 1/18/32

Churchill wrote Baruch that his condition was improving.

1/6/32

Churchill arrived in Nassau, Bahamas. A dinner was given in his honor by Governor Charles Dundas, at Royal Victoria Hotel.

Thursday 1/14/32

Churchill's doctors announced that his recovery was slow and that he was unable to raise his hands above the level of his elbows.

Friday 1/22/32

Churchill departed Nassau, Bahamas for his return to New York. He left aboard the liner Statendam.

Monday 1/25/32

Churchill arrived in New York City. He was greeted at the dock by Baruch.

Tuesday 1/26/32

Winston declared in an interview from his hotel room at the Waldorf Astoria that democracy was not functioning properly and it would be up to "eminent individuals" instead of the masses electing public officials to solve the world's woes.

He stated, "The progress of the world is dependent on eminent individuals. It has never been ground out by political machines. it is a great

delusion to think that the people have the kind of government that they want in any country in the world now. They have got the kind of government they vote for and are told they want. "

Thursday 1/28/32

Delivered his "Pathway of the English-Speaking People" lecture to over 2,000 at the Brooklyn Academy of Music. Churchill described the Soviet Union as "this new tyranny". He continued, "England and America are going in the same direction. They have the same outlook and no common discords. Why, then do we not act together more effectively? Why do we stand gaping at each other in this helpless way, ashamed that it be said that America and England are working together, as if that were a crime? We must be the strong central nucleus at the council board of nations. "

When asked about Prohibition in the U.S. Churchill replied, "Like you we attacked those evils by state interference with the liberty of the citizen, but we used the two sharp weapons of taxation and regulation. We treated the problem as a disease rather than a moral issue."

Sunday 1/31/32

Churchill rode the train to Hartford, CT. There he presented a lecture at the Mark Twain Memorial and Library Commission.

At 3 PM Churchill addressed 2,000 people at the Bushnell Auditorium. After the lecture he was driven to Springfield, MA.

Friday 2/5/32

Churchill was escorted by detectives from his Toledo speaking engagement to Detroit after officials received warnings from them that an assassination plot had beenuncovered.

While Churchill was in Detroit he was escorted by a dozen detectives from a special police unit for added security.

Saturday 2/6/32

Churchill wrote to his friend Robert Boothby:

> I have had a most strenuous week, traveling every night, lecturing every day, with much weakness caused by my accident and a bad

> sore throat, but with very fine meetings and very large profits. I am now back in Chicago for a second meeting.
>
> The United States Police have played up wonderfully, and I have been guarded every moment, night and day, by groups of arms plain-clothes men. Detroit and Chicago are both places where Indian trouble was expected, but as they had about two police gunmen along-side every Indian seen no trouble arose.

The next day was quite different for Churchill.

Sunday 2/7/32

At Orchestra Hall in Chicago, Churchill spoke of the dangers of international communism by stating:

> "Remember, I beg of you, that, vast as our resources are, there is another power coming into being which makes its appeal to certain classes in all countries. I mean the force of international communism. I see two imminent forces that will be brought to bear in the shaping of mankind's destiny. The armed Asiatic conception of communism and the English speaking ideal of individualism. Our disunion may make the struggle end the wrong way. "

Following the delivery of his speech in Chicago, an assassination attempt on Winston was thwarted by Churchill's astute bodyguard, Sergeant Thompson.

Following Churchill's address, he went to the lobby to speak with some of the guests in attendance. A well-dressed Indian man caught Thompson's suspicion.

Thompson saw "the look" in the gunman's eye and noticed he kept his hands in his pockets. A few seconds later after the Indian noticed Thompson was onto him, he tried to make a hasty retreat through the plate glass window. Cut up and bloodied, he was taken away by the Chicago police.

The "lion with nine lives" had once again escaped a brush with the grim reaper.

Colonel McCormick, publisher, friend and admirer, suggested Churchill use his armored car for transportation to the train station, thereafter. Churchill departed Saturday evening for Manhattan.

Tuesday 2/09/32

In the morning Churchill was escorted to the 102nd floor of the new Empire State Building by Governor Alfred E. Smith. Also escorted in the Churchill entourage were Mrs. Churchill, daughter Diana, Major and Mrs. John Warner who was the daughter of Governor Smith, Mrs. Henry Moskowitz, and vice-president of the Empire State Building, Robert C. Brown.

Although it was built over 60 years ago, the Empire State Building remains the fourth tallest building in the world!

In the evening Churchill delivered another speech to the New York Economic Club at Hotel Astor. Seated on the dais were his old friends:

Bernard Baruch
Charles Schwab
John D. Rockefeller Jr.
OttoH.Kahn
Henry Morgenthau
Samuel Seabury
M.H. Aylesworth
James Speyer
William Church Osborn
Nathan Miller
Raymond Fosdick
Karl Bickel

Among others also in attendance were: James Harbord, Arthur M. Anderson, P.E. Crowley, Edward E. Loomis, Walker D. Hines, Viscount d'Alte, Colonel Franklin Q. Brown, S. Parker Gilbert, George Gordon Battle, Lewis Pierson, R.A.C. Smith, David Sarnoff, and Francis Sisson.

Churchill thanked the U.S. for pouring billions of dollars into European countries since the end of World War I.

He also stated, *"Great Britain and the United States are the greatest creditor nations. We cannot afford to countenance repudiation, still less encourage a situation in which it will occur, by slapdash phrases. With care and patience many frozen assets may be thawed and many values recreated I am not prepared to accept the idea that Germany can never repay anything for war damage. I am sure she cannot pay anything now, and I do not see why at this moment we are called upon to go further than that.*

There is no room either for false indignation against the United States or for false pity for Germany.

Happily, the remedy is in our hands. There is still time to arrest and reverse this hateful process, to restore a fair standing of values throughout the world, and to bring back again the sunshine which has been darkened by clouds of human folly.

In my opinion, it would be sufficient at this stage if two or three of the principal governments of the world were to proclaim their intentions of revaluating commodities and services upon, let us say, the 1927 or 1928 level; and then if sufficient financial experts were selected and told to devise steps by which this should be done and the form of international currency that would be required to keep a stable standard of value thereafter, I do not think you would be setting them an impossible task. I expect they would find that there were several ways of accomplishing this purpose once it was clearly defined and authoritatively set forth.

Neither do I think there would be great difficulty in procuring the agreement of a sufficient number of powerful nations to a workable plan.

I expect that if once the English-speaking peoples made up-their minds and were agreed between themselves upon a practical plan, there would not be a very great difficulty in getting one or two of the others to come in too. In fact, it seems to me there would be a rush to join the board At any rate, there is where I would begin.

I would like to see the governments of the United States and Great Britain, through their agents, the Federal Reserve and Bank of England, come to the definite conclusion that commodities must be revalued up to the 1927 or 1928 level, and that thereafter sufficient currency must be available to provide a stable measure for prices.

You cannot waste time going around to persuade everybody. If these two were agreed, it would not be long before the Bank of France would wish to be included in their consortium. But, anyhow, our two nations in accord would be quite powerful enough to restore human society benefits of which it is now deprived

These are surely times when the English-speaking peoples should keep closely together. On the whole, they mean the same thing. Why, then, do we not act together more, make more plans in common? Why do we stand gaping at one another? If the world is to escape its miseries, there must be some strong nucleus of agreed and recognized authority at the council board of nations to which, while it acts unselfishly, due deference is shown.

There is, remember, another world force, international communism, centered – the armed and arming strength of Russia. Is it not the duty, nay, the appointed task of the English-speaking peoples to stand between Europe and

Asia and the new tyranny? To raise again the standards of personal liberty, of enlightened, liberalism, of family home, faith in God upon which the glory of mankind has been erected? If so, the tasks is surely not beyond our united strength.

Above all, let us have good courage. Do not add to monetary deflation of panic and despair.

My confidence in the British Empire is only equaled by my confidence in the United States. All the world looks to the English-speaking peoples, for example, guidance, valued leadership. They must not look in vain. Let us be unconquerable."

Wednesday 2/10/32

At Carnegie Hall, Churchill delivered another speech with former Baruch-sponsored presidential hopeful and longtime Baruch friend, the governor of New York, Al Smith.

Thursday 2/11/32

Churchill visited Rochester, NY.

Friday 2/12/32

Churchill arrived in Washington and delivered his "Crisis" speech at Constitution Hall. While in Washington, he stayed at the British Embassy, a guest of British Ambassador to the U.S., Sir Ronald Lindsay.

Saturday 2/13/32

Churchill attended a dinner party given by Daisy Harriman. He was seated next to Teddy Roosevelt's daughter Alice Roosevelt Longworth whose company he wrote he quite enjoyed.

Tuesday 2/16/32

Churchill addressed the Washington Press Club at a luncheon.

Tuesday 2/23/32

Churchill delivered his "Peoples Address" in Atlanta.

Saturday 2/27/32

Churchill spent the remaining time in New York with Baruch going over his "financial matters" and discussing future books with publisher Charles Scribner.

Thursday 3/10/32

Churchill delivered his "Peoples Address" at Symphony Hall in Boston.

Friday 3/11/32

Churchill's tour through America was an attempt to begin to build the support for involvement in a war the U.S. got dragged into 9 years later Winston and his special interest, departed the U.S. for the final time.

To see him off - who else - Bernard Baruch. Although this was Churchill's final visit to the U.S., before the war, Baruch always visited Churchill when he visited Europe.

They were friends to their deaths, bound together in a secret that's laid buried from nations and peoples of all continents of the globe for decades.

> "Am I there/ore become your enemy because I tell you the truth?"
>
> Galatians 4:16

> "To sin by silence when they should protest makes cowards of men."
>
> Abraham Lincoln



1920's or 1990's ?

This October 1929 cartoon from a Pittsburgh newspaper depicts a struggling Uncle Sam. With an enormous trade surplus and a balanced budget, at the time, he should have had little to worry about. The coming crash will be much more severe because of the implosion of debt and our relentless trade imbalance which has actually worsened after every major agreement promoting world trade!

List of the 59 men who "ruled" the United States of America!

In August of 1930, James Gerard, former U.S. Ambassador to Germany, listed the names of the men who actually ran the United States.

When questionned why his list did not include ANY elected officials he explained that for they were only figureheads.

The men in the order Ambassador Gerard listed them:

John D. Rockefeller Jr.

Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

J.P. Morgan

George F. Baker, chairman, First National Bank of New York.

John D. Ryan, president, Anaconda Mining Company.

Walter C. Teagle, president, Standard Oil of New Jersey.

Henry Ford

Frederick E Weyerhauser, Washington. millionaire "lumber king", Tacoma,

Myron C. Taylor, chairman of the finance committee, U.S. Steel Corp.

James A. Farrell, president of U.S. Steel Corp.

Charles M. Schwab, chairman Bethlehem Steel.

Eugene G. Grace, president, Bethlehem Steel Corp.

H. M. Warner, president, Warner Brothers Pictures.

Adolph Zukor, president, Paramount - Publix Corp.

William H. Crocker, president and director, Crocker National Bank of San Francisco, and officer and director of many large railroad, mining and lumber organizations in the West.

The Van Sweringen Brothers - 0. P. and M. J., officers, directors, and heavy investors in the Missouri Pacific Railroad and many other mil roads.

W.W. Atterbury, president of Pennsylvania Railroad.

Arthur Curtiss James, director of several railroads and one of the largest owner sof railroads in the world.

Charles Hayden, of Hayden, Stone, and Co., financiers.

Daniel C. Jackling, president, Utah Copper Co.

Arthur V. Davis, president, Aluminum Co. of America.

P. G. Gossler, president, Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.

R. C. Holmes, president, Texas Corp. oil producers.

John J. Raskob, a director of General Motors and other corporations and chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

The DuPont Family, P . S., Irenee, Lammot, H F., Eugene, Felix, and Eugene E. DuPont - all officers or directors of the E. I. duPont de Nemours & Co. or allied concerns.

Edward Berwind, financier and director of many large corporations.

Daniel Willard, president, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Sosthenes Behn, chairman, International Telephone and Telegraph Corp.

Walter S. Gifford, chairman, American Telephone and Telegraph Corp.

Owen D. Young, chairman, General Electric.

Gerard Swope, president, General Electric Corp.

Thomas W. Lamont, member of J. P. Morgan and director of Guaranty Trust Co. and officer and director of a number of other firms.

Albert H Wiggin, chairman, Chase National Bank Charles E. Mitchell, chairman National City Bank

Samuel Insull, president, Chicago Edison Co., the Commonwealth Edison Company, the Insull Utility Investments, Inc., and an officer in many other concerns. One of the largest owners of public utilities in the country.

The Fisher Brothers of the Fisher Bodies Corporation of Detroit. Fred J., Charles T., Laurence P., William A, Edward F, Albert J., and Howard Fisher, founders and origianl owners of Fisher Bodies and now officers or directors in the General Motors Corp. and other large concerns.

Daniel Guggenheim and William Loeb, both Mr. Guggenheim and Mr. Loeb are financiers and have been or are officers and directors of mining and utility corporations.

G. W. Hill, president, American Tobacco Co.

Adolph S. Ochs, publisher, the New York Times.

William Randolph Hearst, publisher of the Hearst newspapers.

Robert R McCormick, editor and publisher of the Chicago Tribune

Joseph Medill Patterson, editor of the Daily News and Liberty Magazine.

Julius Rosenwald, president, Sears, Roebuck & Co.

Cyrus H. K Curtis, president, H. K Curtis Publishing Co.

Roy W. Howard, chairman of Scripps-Howard newspapers.

Today a similar list would most likely consist of those members of the Council on Foreign Relations and the Trilateral Commission.

Virtually every president and his entire cabinet are picked from the lists of these two entities. When President Clinton needed to replace Les Aspin, he chose Bobby Ray Inman. Of course, Mr. Inman's name appears on the lists, as does virtually every other member of this administration's cabinet and his predecessors. Another interesting observation about

Mr. Inman is the fact that he headed the Dallas Federal Reserve!

Mr. Inman officially withdrew his name from nomination in January 1994 - you can be sure the next candidate for the

position will also be a member of the Council on Foreign Relations.

Call the numbers listed below to receive the lists of current members in these two very powerful and private organizations; you'll then have an up-to-date list, equivalent of Ambassador Gerard's.

Council on Foreign Relations 212-734-0400

Trilateral Commission 212-661-1180

Where Do We Go From Here?

Every action described on the preceding pages has had a major impact on your quality of life and those around you; your children, parents, grandparents, neighbors, and co-workers.

Unfortunately, all of the actions described on the preceding pages have all been disastrous to all but a handful of Americans. Those responsible for these acts of treason cannot even be considered Americans.

Once again our country is suffering from "taxation without representation." Legislators do not act upon the will of the people, but instead dance for the marionette masters.

The citizens of Canada have every right to be infuriated after their newly elected government passed NAFTA. Prior to the election candidates promised not to pass the trade agreement until after major modifications were made.

In the 1990's a new economic trap is being readied for innocent citizens to get caught in. Once again we will hear the paid stooges and economists declare how "these cycles (depressions) occur every 60 years." Just long enough for a new generation of trusting investors to be led to the slaughterhouse. Their time-tested shenanigans are the same ones played over and over again.

Today the butcher-knife has been passed to an even more sophisticated group. With use of computers and high-speed data link-ups their job has been made even easier. All the entities that were the major players in the creation of the Crash of '29 are around today. Even some names, like Rockefeller, never seem to go away.

As the so-called founder of the Trilateral Commission, David Rockefeller, heads a new group of stooges to carry out the dream of a global plantation, better known as the New World Order. As grandson of Senator Nelson Aldrich and nephew of William Rockefeller, you need not search very far to guess whose interests will be served. He and his associates are already using their diabolical blueprint to turn the world as we know it, upside-down and inside-out.

The media never shines any light on these dynamos of commerce and industry. They'd rather have you believe this group, like the Council on Foreign Relations, is just some sort of Lions or Moose Club. When it's time to fill the cabinet positions of our government, the list of the Trilateral and CFR receive top-priority to fill the offices with "qualified" individuals to manipulate our government.

Just as Toto, in L. Frank Baum's Wizard of Oz, ripped away the curtain to reveal a feeble, old, fraud pulling the levers of smoke, noise, and mirrors, we too must schedule a visit with the wizards of our day.

Enough is enough, must be our message. Enough of their created death, despair, and destruction! An end to the agony they've created to further their own insatiable appetite for power and godless, mindless, selfish, ambitions.

Millions of us need to schedule a visit with the real wizards. As Ambassador Gerard stated and the citizens of Canada now realize, the elected officials are "only figureheads." When millions of us begin knocking on their doors, the wizards and marionette masters will come out and listen to everything we have to say!

Pat Riott

> "Hush my dear," he said: "don't speak so loud or you'll be overheard and I should be ruined. I'm supposed to be a Great Wizard."
>
> "And aren't you?" she asked.
>
> "Not a bit of it, my dear; I'm just a common man."
>
> "You're more than that, said the Scarecrow in a grieved tone; "you're a humbug."
>
> "Exactly so!" declared the little man, rubbing his hands together as if it pleased him; "I am a humbug."

1920 - 1933
Dow Jones - Railroads - Utilities - Bonds

	DJ High	Date	DJ Low	Date	RR High	RR Low	Util High	Util Low	Bond High	Bond Low
1920	105.65	04/08	66.75	12/21	85.37	67.83	na	na	80.40	71.96
1921	81.50	12/15	63.90	08/24	77.56	65.52	na	na	84.13	75.11
1922	103.43	10/14	78.59	01/10	99.99	73.43	na	na	91.83	84.34
1923	105.38	03/20	85.76	10/27	90.63	76.85	na	na	86.63	85.77
1924	120.51	12/31	88.33	05/20	99.50	80.23	na	na	91.32	86.73
1925	157.01	12/24	115.00	03/30	112.93	92.98	na	na	93.24	90.60
1926	166.64	08/14	143.43	05/28	123.33	102.41	na	na	96.19	93.07
1927	202.40	12/31	152.73	01/25	143.44	119.29	na	na	99.36	96.14
1928	300.00	12/31	191.33	02/20	152.70	132.60	na	na	99.48	95.61
1929	381.17	09/03	198.69	11/13	189.11	128.07	144.61	64.72	96.32	91.76
1930	294.07	04/17	157.51	12/16	157.94	91.65	108.62	55.14	97.70	92.83
1931	194.36	02/24	73.79	12/17	111.58	31.42	73.40	30.55	96.69	73.36
1932	88.78	03/08	41.22	07/08	41.30	13.23	36.11	16.53	83.26	65.78
1933	108.67	07/08	50.16	02/27	56.53	23.43	37.73	19.33	89.07	73.21

Number of days each month and the volume of shares traded in 1929

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1,000,000+	1	-	1	4	4	5	3	2	-	-	-	4
2,000,000+	3	3	3	3	3	6	3	3	4	3	5	6
3,000,000+	3	8	5	14	14	13	9	11	1	8	5	7
4,000,000+	14	8	7	5	7	1	11	9	15	6	1	6
5,000,000+	5	1	6	-	-	-	-	1	4	2	2*	2
6,000,000+	-	-	1					-	-	2	2*	-
7,000,000+			-							1	2*	
8,000,000+			1							-	-	
9,000,000+										1		
10,000,000+										3		
Days open	26	20	24	26	26	25	26	26	24	25	17	25

*All days preceded Baruch's cable to Churchill
Note: John J. Raskob went to Europe in March

"My dear friends," said Oz, "I pray you not to speak of these little things. Think of me and and the terrible trouble I'm in if I'm found out."

"Doesn't anyone else know you're a humbug?" asked Dorothy.

"No one knows but you four -- and myself," replied Oz. "I have fooled everyone for so long that I thought I should never be found out. It was a great mistake letting you into the Throne Room. Usually I will not see even my subjects, so they believe I am something terrible."

Chapter XV - Discovery of Oz the Terrible L. Frank Baum's classic Wizard of Oz

Chairmen of the Federal Reserve System

Charles S. Hamlin 1914-16
Marriner S. Eccles 1934-48
W. P. G. Harding 1916-22
Thomas B. McCabe 1948-51
Daniel Crissinger 1923-27
William Martin Jr. 1951-70
Roy A. Young 1927-30
Arthur F. Burns 1970-78
Eugene Meyer 1930-33
G. William Miller 1978-79
Eugene R. Black 1933-34
Paul A. Volcker 1979-87

Alan Greenspan 1987 -

Alan Greenspan was designated on March 2, 1992 to a second four-year term, beginning on that date. He also serves as chairman of the Federal Open Market Committee.

Greenspan was born March 6, 1926 in New York City. He attended New York City University and Columbia University.

From 1954 to 1987, except for the two year period in 1975 and 1976 he was Chairman and President of Greenspan-Townsend, a New York City economic consulting firm.

Greenspan has also served as corporate director of Alcoa, ADP, Capital Cities/ABC, General Foods, J. P. Morgan, Morgan Guaranty Trust, Mobil Corporation, and the Pittson Company.

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Thousands of pages of microfilm and microfiche were examined to provide an accurate account of what actually happened before, during, and after Crash of 1929.

Some of this information, like the testimony from the Pecora investigation and hearings are very lengthy and contain tremendous volumes of information.

Little doubt can remain as to the real reason for Winston Churchill's visit to the U.S. in 1929 and to the identities of those players involved in the most scandalous tragedy in our country's history.

Much more information has already been unearthed and will be offered in the our next publication.

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Foreign Affairs
"The Hard Road to World Order"
Richard Gardner*

Foreign Policy
"Guaranteeing Democracy" – Morton Halperin
"Beyond NAFTA: Clinton's Trading Choices"

Fortune 1933-1993
"Baruch" 10/33*

Ladies Home Journal
"Everybody Should Be Rich" 8/29*

National Geographic
"Power of Money" 1/93*

New York Times 1858-1993
"Pecora Investigation of Wall Street"*

Time 1923-1993
"Stock Deals For the Rich and Famous"

Senate Investigation of the Fitness of Eugene Meyer to be a Governor of the Federal Reserve Board 1930*

U.S. News & World Report 1933-1993

Wall Street Journal 1933-1933
"Tom Foley Stock Speculator" 7/20/93

Washington Post 1933-1993

* Recommended reading -- most of these documents and articles can be found at college libraries and federal depository libraries.

This part of history must be repeated !

A great man and patriot, our seventh president, Andrew Jackson, eliminated the same two plagues our country faces today - the central bank and the national debt.

During his two terms (1829-1837) as a "peoples president", Jackson completely paid off the national debt! He also vetoed the central bank of the United States. He nearly paid "the price" in 1835 when he survived an assassination attempt.

If one man, as president of the United States of America, had the determination and courage to correct the two most serious maladies of his time - certainly millions of concerned citizens, the owners of this country, can do even better! Let us join together on our quest to victory!

> "At the heart of our national finances is a simple inescapable fact -- that our government -- like individuals and families -- cannot spend and continue to spend more than they take without inviting disaster."
>
> Clarence Cannon

"Who goeth borrowing - goeth a sorrowing. " BenjaminFranklin

The six largest owners of the Federal Reserve (really a privately held corporation) are:

Citibank-Citicorp
Bank America
Chemical Bank

Chase Manhattan Bank
Morgan Guaranty Trust
Bankers Trust

Banks with the highest real estate delinquencies*

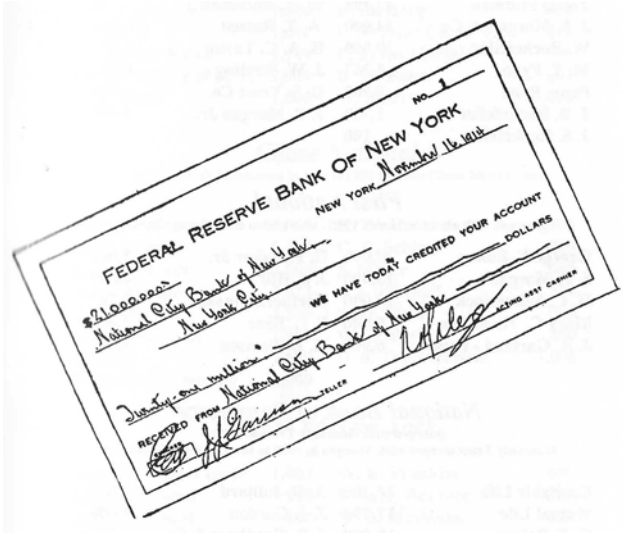
#1 Citicorp
#2 Bank.America
#3 Chemical Bank
#4 Chase Manhattan Bank #5 Bankers Trust

Banks with the highest foreign loan delinquencies *

#1 Citicorp
#2 BankAmerica
#3 Chemical Bank
#4 Chase Manhattan
#5 Bankers Trust

*1993 Bank Financial Quarterly

"Business Runs Federal Reserve-- We're apt to forget majority of the directors aren't bankers at all, but leaders in commerce and industry. "
Business Week magazine 10/26/29 page 32



Copy o'f the first receipt issued by the Federal Reserve Bank New York to National City Bank (now Citibank). Also present at the New York Federal Reserve were officials from England's Chancellor of the Excheqeur. They refused to be interviewed by reporters or make any comment regarding the purpose of their presence at the Federal Reserve for the period of time prior to and during the Federal Reserve's opening day of business.

National City Bank

(merged with First National in March 1955- now known as Citibank-Citicorp) .

James Stillman	47,498
J.P. Morgan & Co.	14,000
W. Rockefeller	10,00
M.T. Pyne	8,267
Percy Pyne	8,267
J.D. Rockefeller	1,750
J.S. Rockefeller	100
W.A. Rockefeller	10
A.T. Russell	8,267
R.A.C. Taylor	7,609
J.W. Sterling	6,087
U.S. Trust Co.	4,500
J.P. Morgan Jr.	1,000

First National

(merged with above in March 1955 - now known as Citibank-Citicorp)

George F. Baker	20.000
J.P. Morgan	13,900
H. C. Fahnestock	10,000
Mary C. Thompson	9,000
J. A. Garland - trustees	6,900
G. F. Baker Jr.	5,000
J. J. Hill	4,000
Northern Finance 1,700	
F. L. Hine	1,400
H. B. Davison	1,010

National Bank of Commerce

(merged with Guaranty Trust in 1929 Guaranty Trust merged with Morgan in 1959 to form Morgan Guaranty)

Equitable Life	24,700
Mutual Life	17,294
G. F. Baker 1	0,000
Northern Finance 9,300	
J. P. Morgan & Co. 7,800	
Mary W. Harriman 5,650	
E. J. Berwind	5,650
T. F. Ryan	5,100
R. W. Winthrop Co.	4,900
S. J. Saltus	4,757
T. A. Reynolds	3,175
P. M. Warburg	8,000
A J. Hemphill	2,000

A. D. Julliard	2,000
J.J. Gordon	1,696
J. P. Goodhart & Co.	1,287
J. N. Jarvine	1,285
F. A. V. Twombly	1,250
Kidder, Peabody	1,125
J. P. Morgan Jr.	1,100
L. P. Morton	1,500
H. B. Davison	1,100
W. W. Astor	1,000
J. H. Schiff	1,000
V. P. Snyder	1,000
E. T. Nichols	1,000

Bank of Manhattan

(merged with Chase in Marchl955 to form Chase Manhattan)

J. K. Tod & Co		1,656
J. Talcott	1,616	
A Herbert/Rozell	1,100	
People of State of N. Y.		1,000
J. H. Schiff		1,000
H. McHarg		1,000
U. S. Trust Co. N. Y.		840
E. B. Auchincloss		700
D. W. Baker		697
W. Sloane		606

Chase National

(merged with Manhattan in Marchl955 to form Chase Manhattan)

George F. Baker		13,408
A. H. Wiggin		6,492
C. A. Edwards		3,500
A B. Hepburn		2,873
J. J. Hill		1,500
L. G. Thompson		1,500
E. Tuck		1,500
Princeton University		1,000
H. W. Cannon		1,400
G. B. Schley		500
S. Miller		500
J. J. Mitchell		500
Faith Moore		500
W. H. Porter		500
U. S. Trust trustee	1,000	

Bank of New York

Atlantic Mutual Insur	1,000
George Whittel	910
Anna Bradford	600
Continental Insurance	500
W. B. Franklin	406
Walter McClure 3	85
W. J. Matheson	300

These lists appeared in the September 23, 1914, issue of the New York Times. They provide keen insight into the REAL OWNERS, at the time, of the majority of the disguised central banking system in the U.S. known as the New York Federal Reserve!

Stories in the Chicago Tribune October 30, 1929:

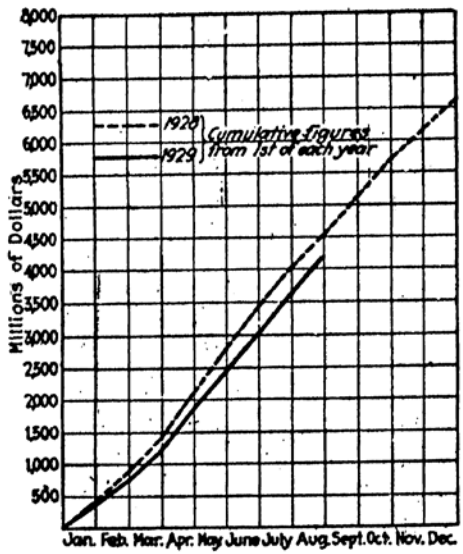
Business Sound Despite Stocks 98 Leaders Say

"Our October sales are the largest on record. I see no grounds for
R. E. Wood, president of Sears, Roebuck & Co.

Raskob Buying Stocks; Calls Them Bargains

"The pendulum has swung too far. The list is filled with bargains and my friends and I are all buying stocks."

Washington Optimistic On Business Outlook
Business Week - October 19, 1929 (Aren't they always?)
R. w. Dodp CorporaUon



Total Assets of the 5 Largest Banks in each Country

Japan	*$2,263,000,000,000*
France	*$1,043,000,000,000*
Germany	*$970,000,000,000*
Great Britain	*$723,000,000,000*
United States	*$550,000,000,000*

Averaged assets of the 5 largest banks in each country - listed by country

Japan	*$452,000,000,000*
France	*$208,000,000,000*
Germany	*$194,000,000,000*
Great Britain	*$144,000,000,000*
United States	*$110,000,000,000*

Source:1993 American Banker

TOTAL BUILDING CONTRACTS AWARDED IN 37 STATES

1920's or 1990's building boom? F.W. Dodge's chart shown in one of the very first issues of Business Week - in Sept. 1929.

"To my mind the only thing worth fighting for is to save England and the British Empire. For that I would shed every drop of blood in my own veins, and let many millions of Americans shed theirs too. "
– Russell Leffingwell Chairman, Morgan Banking, letter to Tom Lamont November 11, 1941

Join together NOW for victory!

If you, like many others, feel that this book has enlightened you with a more accurate account of current and past events, we sincerely hope you will stay involved and join our .efforts, and others, to help unshackle Lady Liberty from the irons that she's been chained to for the past 80 years.

> "Our way of life as individuals and as citizens of the nations; our families and our jobs; our trade and commerce and money; our educational systems and our religions and our cultures; even the badges of our national identity, which most of us have always taken for granted - all will have been powerfully and radically altered forever. No one can be exempted from its effects. No sector of our lives will remain untouched. "
>
> *The Keys of This Blood,* Malachi Martin